..... (Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To prohibit the award of Federal funds to schools that promote certain race-based theories to students, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Roy introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

- To prohibit the award of Federal funds to schools that promote certain race-based theories to students, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Combating Racist
- 5 Teaching in Schools Act" or the "CRT Act".

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## 1SEC. 2. PROHIBITION ON AWARD OF FEDERAL FUNDS TO2CERTAIN SCHOOLS.

3 (a) PROHIBITION ON AWARD OF FUNDS TO CERTAIN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS.—No Federal 4 5 funds received by a State or local educational agency may be allocated to an elementary or secondary school that pro-6 motes the race-based theories described in subsection (c). 7 8 (b) PROHIBITION ON AWARD OF FUNDS TO CERTAIN 9 INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—No Federal funds may be awarded to an institution of higher edu-10 cation if such institution promotes the race-based theories 11 described in subsection (c). 12

(c) RACE-BASED THEORIES DESCRIBED.—The racebased theories described in this subsection are the following:

16 (1) Any race is inherently superior or inferior17 to any other race.

18 (2) The United States is a fundamentally racist19 country.

20 (3) The Declaration of Independence or Con21 stitution of the United States are fundamentally rac22 ist documents.

23 (4) An individual's moral character or worth is24 determined by the individual's race.

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(5) An individual, by virtue of the individual's
 race, is inherently racist or oppressive, whether con sciously or unconsciously.

4 (6) An individual, because of the individual's
5 race, bears responsibility for the actions committed
6 by other members of the individual's race.

7 (d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—

8 (1) PROTECTED SPEECH NOT RESTRICTED.—
9 Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict
10 the speech of a student, teacher, or any other indi11 vidual.

(2) ACCESS TO MATERIALS FOR THE PURPOSE
OF RESEARCH OR INDEPENDENT STUDY.—Nothing
in this section shall be construed to prevent an individual from accessing materials that advocate theories described in subsection (c) for the purpose of research or independent study.

(3) CONTEXTUAL EDUCATION.—Nothing in this
section shall be construed to prevent a covered
school from stating theories described in subsection
(c) or assigning materials that advocate such theories for educational purposes in contexts that make
it clear the school does not sponsor, approve, or endorse such theories or materials.

25 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

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1	(1) COVERED SCHOOL.—The term "covered
2	school" means an elementary school, a secondary
3	school, or an institution of higher education.
4	(2) ESEA TERMS.—The terms "elementary
5	school", "local educational agency", "secondary
6	school", and "State" have the meanings given those
7	terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Sec-
8	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
9	(3) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
10	term "institution of higher education" has the
11	meaning given that term in section 102 of the High-
12	er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).
13	(4) PROMOTE.—The term "promote", when
14	used with respect to a race-based theory described in
15	subsection (c), means—
16	(A) to include such theories or materials
17	that advocate such theories in curricula, read-
18	ing lists, seminars, workshops, trainings, or
19	other educational or professional settings in a
20	manner that could reasonably give rise to the
21	appearance of official sponsorship, approval, or
22	endorsement;
23	(B) to contract with, hire, or otherwise en-
24	gage speakers, consultants, diversity trainers,

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1	and other persons for the purpose of advocating
2	such theories;
3	(C) to compel students to profess a belief
4	in such theories; or
5	(D) to segregate students or other individ-
6	uals by race in any setting, including in edu-
7	cational or training sessions.