

# OKLAHOMA'S MULTISECTOR PLAN ON AGING:

## 2024 FOCUS AREA SURVEY RESULTS

### SURVEY INFORMATION



GENDER

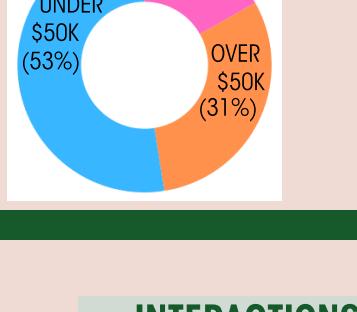
LIVING  
AREA

LIVING  
WITH  
DISABILITY

EMPLOYMENT  
STATUS

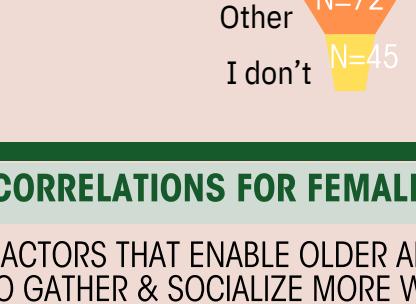
ROLE  
INTERACTING  
WITH 60+

### INCOME BRACKETS



53%  
<\$50,000

### INTERACTIONS WITH 60+



### CORRELATIONS FOR FEMALE RESPONDENTS

FACTORS THAT ENABLE OLDER ADULTS (AGED 60+) TO GATHER & SOCIALIZE MORE WITH OTHER PEOPLE

SOMEONE TO ATTEND ACTIVITIES WITH (+) .098\*\*  
TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE (+) .074\*\*

MOST EFFECTIVE SUPPORTS FOR HELPING UNPAID CAREGIVERS REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE.

ABILITY TO WORK FROM HOME (+) .058\*\*

MOST DIFFICULT APPOINTMENTS FOR OLDER ADULTS (AGED 60+) TO SCHEDULE

MENTAL/BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (+) .082\*

### CORRELATIONS FOR RESPONDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

FACTORS THAT ENABLE OLDER ADULTS (AGED 60+) TO GATHER & SOCIALIZE MORE WITH OTHER PEOPLE

ACCOMMODATIONS & ACCESSIBLE EVENTS (+) .090\*\*  
MORE COMMUNICATION ABOUT EVENTS -.058\*\*  
MORE EVENTS AND OPPORTUNITIES NEEDED -.051\*

BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

HEALTH LIMITATIONS (+) .174\*\*

MOST EFFECTIVE SUPPORTS FOR HELPING OLDER ADULTS REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE

ABILITY TO WORK FROM HOME (+) .082\*\*

MOST EFFECTIVE SUPPORTS FOR HELPING UNPAID CAREGIVERS REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE

CAREGIVER COMPENSATION (+) .046\*



Oklahoma  
Human Services

SURVEY ANALYSIS & REPORT PREPARED  
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### RESPONSES BY COUNTY

This heat map shows the distribution of the survey, with light orange representing fewer respondents for that county and darker oranges representing higher concentrations of respondents.

### SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS

FACTORS THAT ENABLE OLDER ADULTS (AGED 60+) TO GATHER & SOCIALIZE MORE WITH OTHER PEOPLE

- FEMALE RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE THAT **TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE** AND **HAVING SOMEONE TO ATTEND EVENTS WITH THEM** WOULD ENABLE THEM TO GATHER AND SOCIALIZE MORE WITH OTHER PEOPLE WHEN COMPARED TO MALES.
- DISABLED RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE A **NEED FOR ACCOMMODATIONS** AND **MORE ACCESSIBLE EVENTS** THAN RESPONDENTS WHO DID NOT IDENTIFY AS DISABLED.

MOST EFFECTIVE SUPPORTS FOR HELPING OLDER ADULTS REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE

- DISABLED RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE THAT THE **ABILITY TO WORK FROM HOME** WOULD ALLOW OLDER ADULTS TO REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE LONGER THAN RESPONDENTS WHO DID NOT IDENTIFY AS DISABLED.

MOST DIFFICULT APPOINTMENTS FOR OLDER ADULTS (AGED 60+) TO SCHEDULE

- FEMALE RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE THAT **MENTAL AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH APPOINTMENTS** ARE MOST DIFFICULT TO SCHEDULE WHEN COMPARED TO MALES.

BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

- DISABLED RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE THAT **HEALTH LIMITATIONS** WERE A BARRIER TO PARTICIPATION IN SOCIAL ACTIVITIES WHEN COMPARED TO RESPONDENTS WHO DID NOT IDENTIFY AS DISABLED.
- BLACK RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE **COST** WAS A BARRIER TO PARTICIPATION IN SOCIAL ACTIVITIES WHEN COMPARED TO WHITE RESPONDENTS.

MOST EFFECTIVE SUPPORTS FOR HELPING UNPAID CAREGIVERS REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE.

- FEMALE RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE THAT THE **ABILITY TO WORK FROM HOME** WOULD ENABLE UNPAID CAREGIVERS TO REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE COMPARED TO MALES.
- DISABLED RESPONDENTS WERE MORE LIKELY TO INDICATE THAT **CAREGIVER COMPENSATION** WOULD ENABLE UNPAID CAREGIVERS TO REMAIN IN THE WORKFORCE COMPARED TO RESPONDENTS WHO DID NOT IDENTIFY AS DISABLED.

\*p < 0.05; statistical significance at 95% confidence level.

\*\*p < 0.01; statistical significance at 99% confidence level.