MODEL REGULATIONS-
TELEHEALTH AND THE VIRTUAL PRACTICE OF
VETERINARY MEDICINE AND VETERINARY
TECHNOLOGY

As recommended by the AAVSB Regulatory Policy Task Force in September 2023
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Introduction

These Model Regulations are meant to support the statutory language that can be found in the AAVSB Practice Act Model (PAM). Each model regulation from the AAVSB is presented separately for ease of use for the AAVSB Member Boards to utilize as a model in developing regulations or rules specific to targeted topics. The AAVSB Regulatory Policy Task Force (RPTF) will continue to develop Model Regulations for addressing pressing issues in the regulation of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology. These Model Regulations define the terms associated with Telehealth and provide additional framework for the use of Telemedicine.

Revisions

Created 2023

Structure and Format

The AAVSB Model Regulations have been structured to allow Member Boards to develop new regulations or rules within their Jurisdiction to address the specific language that can be found in the jurisdictions’ existing statue or bylaws. It has been formatted to include the model language with corresponding commentary. To provide the rationale and thought processes behind the Model Regulations, readers are strongly encouraged to read the commentary as well as the Regulation to receive a complete perspective. Commentary follows each section if appropriate.
Telehealth and the Virtual Practice Of Veterinary Medicine And Veterinary Technology

Model Regulation.

Telemedicine is a method or mode of practice; therefore, unless expressed otherwise, the practice of Telemedicine is subject to the same standards of practice and regulations of Veterinary Medicine.

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<td>The AAVSB believes that the utilization of virtual practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology is simply another mode or method of practice and therefore Licensees who practice, either in-person or virtually, are subject to the same standards of practice. These Model Regulations support a consistent standard of practice for Licensees. As part of these standards of practice, the Licensee must employ sound professional judgement to determine whether Telemedicine is suitable and only furnish medical advice or treatment when it is medically appropriate. Some Patient presentations are appropriate for the utilization of Telemedicine as a component of, or in lieu of, hands-on veterinary care, while others are not. This principle is the same with in-person care; the Veterinarian must decide with every Patient whether a history and exam is adequate to recommend care, or if further diagnostic tests are necessary.</td>
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Section 1. Definitions

When used in these regulations, these words and phrases shall be capitalized and are defined as follows:

(a) **General Advice** means any advice provided via any method of communication that is given in general terms and is not specific to an Animal(s) or group of Animals, diagnosis, or treatment.

(b) **Telehealth** is the overarching term that encompasses all uses of technology to virtually deliver medical and health information or education. Telehealth is not a specific service, but a collection of tools that allow for enhanced veterinary care and Client education. Telehealth encompasses Telemedicine, Teletriage, and General Advice.

(c) **Telemedicine** is the virtual practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology over the telecommunications infrastructure.

(d) **Teletriage** means the timely and virtual assessment of an Animal(s) or group of Animals to determine if they need a referral to a Veterinarian for treatment.
Section 2. The Virtual Practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology

### Commentary

**Section 2. The Virtual Practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology.**

The practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology provided through virtual means is subject to the rules adopted pursuant to Section 105 (Practice of Veterinary Medicine) and Section 106 (Practice of Veterinary Technology) of the Act.

Notwithstanding any other practice requirements, the virtual practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology is subject to the following:

(a) **Evaluation and Treatment of the Patient(s):**

   Licensees must employ sound professional judgment to determine whether Telemedicine is suitable for providing care, and only furnish treatment via Telemedicine when deemed appropriate.

(b) **Prescribing medications via Telemedicine requires a VCPR and is subject to federal and the Jurisdiction’s laws.**

(c) **General Advice and Teletriage do not constitute the practice of Veterinary Medicine or Veterinary Technology and thus do not require a VCPR.**

### Commentary

**Section 2(b). The Virtual Practice of Veterinary Medicine and Veterinary Technology.**

It should be noted that United States federal regulations may require an in-person examination or Premises visit in some circumstances. Veterinarians must comply with the Veterinary Feed Directive (VFD) and Extra Label Drug Use (ELDU) under Animal Medicinal Drug Use Clarification Act (AMDUCA) of 1994, USDA regulation 9 CFR 107.1(a)(1), and other applicable federal laws.

It should be noted that in Canada, federal law requires Veterinarians to adhere to Provincial laws related to the VCPR to prescribe, dispense, and administer drugs.