Unemployment Insurance Eligibility

Guidance to Hospitality Minnesota from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development

Employers encouraged to raise an issue when they encounter a situation where they have called their employees back to work and they have refused to return.

Common Reasons for Employers to Raise an Issue:

- The applicant's employment with you ended, or was suspended, for a reason other than a lack of work.
 - o **Examples** The applicant: was fired; quit (including voluntary retirement); is on disciplinary or investigatory suspension; is on strike or locked out; is on leave; refused work; or is unemployed due to a fire, act of nature, or condemnation of property.
- The applicant is currently working for you, full-time or part-time.
- The applicant received or will receive severance or separation pay of some kind, a monthly or lump sum pension, workers' compensation, or other employment-based payment(s). Exception: If an applicant is permanently separated from your employment, payout of vacation pay, sick pay, or PTO (personal time off) does NOT affect their eligibility.
- You have information that the applicant is not available for work, not authorized to work, or not seeking work.
- You are a public or non-profit school and the applicant is on break between school years or terms.
- The applicant was or is employed by you as a seasonal sports coach, referee, or athlete.
- You employ the applicant as a volunteer firefighter or volunteer ambulance service employee.
- You employed the applicant for at least six months as a replacement worker for a military reservist who was called to active duty, then returned to your employment.

Learn more here: https://www.uimn.org/employers/raise-issue/raise-issue/index.jsp

Here are the statutes related to this issue: Minn. Statute 268.085, subd. 13c:

Subd. 13c.Offers of suitable employment.

- (a) An applicant is ineligible for all unemployment benefits for eight calendar weeks if the applicant, without good cause:
- (1) failed to apply for available, suitable employment of which the applicant was advised by the commissioner or an employer:
- (2) failed to accept suitable employment when offered; or
- (3) avoided an offer of suitable employment.
- (b) "Good cause" is a reason that would cause a reasonable individual who wants suitable employment to fail to apply for, accept, or avoid suitable employment. Good cause includes:
 - (1) the applicant is employed in other suitable employment;
 - (2) the applicant is in reemployment assistance training;
- (3) the applicant formerly worked for the employer and the loss of employment occurred prior to the commencement of a labor dispute, was permanent or for an indefinite period, and the applicant failed to apply for or accept the employment because a labor dispute was in progress at the establishment; or
- (4) the applicant formerly worked for the employer and quit that employment because of a good reason caused by the employer.
- (c) This subdivision only applies to offers of suitable employment with a new or a former employer and does not apply to any type of job transfers, position reassignments, or changes in job duties or responsibilities during the course of employment with an employer.
- (d) The period of ineligibility under this subdivision begins the Sunday of the week the applicant failed to apply for, failed to accept, or avoided suitable employment without good cause.
- (e) This subdivision applies to offers of suitable employment that occur before the effective date of the benefit account and that occur during the benefit year.
- (f) This subdivision only applies to offers of suitable employment that are covered employment under section 268.035, subdivision 12.