

## Final Round of 2021-22 Budget Bills / Trailer Bills As of September 7, 2021

## Bill No. Subject AB 155 / SB 155 Resources AB 162 / SB 162 Labor **General Government** AB 163 / SB 163 <u>AB 165 / SB 165</u> State Employee MOUs AB 166 / SB 166 Cannabis <u>AB 167 / SB 167</u> K-12 Education <u>AB 168 / SB 168</u> Child Care Higher Education <u>AB 169 / SB 169</u> <u>AB 170 / SB 170</u> Budget Bill, Jr. (No. 4) Health <u>AB 171 / SB 171</u> AB 172 / SB 172 Human Services <u>AB 173 / SB 173</u> Public Safety <u>AB 174 / SB 174</u> Vehicles/transportation Housing-related issues AB 175 / SB 175 <u>AB 176 / SB 176</u> Economic Development AB 177 / SB 177 Courts

## Bills will be eligible for floor action on 9/9/2021.



## Final Round of 2021-22 Budget Bill and Trailer Bills As of September 7, 2021

| Bill No.                      | Торіс     | Summary of main provisions   |
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| <u>AB 155</u> / <u>SB 155</u> | Resources | <ul> <li>Enacts several resources related provisions in the 2021-22 state budget.</li> <li>Provides for the members of the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) to receive a five percent salary increase per year for each of the 2021-22, 2022-23, and 2023-24 fiscal years (this is in addition to the cost-of-living increase provided for in current law).</li> <li>Provides for the extension of eligibility for the existing fuel cell net energy metering tariff that electrical corporations have filed with the PUC from December 31, 2021 to December 31, 2023.</li> <li>Renames the Alternative and Renewable Fuels and Vehicle Technology program the Clean Transportation program and allows native tribes to compete for funding.</li> <li>Continuously appropriates \$200 million Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund annually until 2028-29 for healthy forest and fire prevention programs and projects that improve forest health and reduce emissions of greenhouse gases caused by uncontrolled wildfires and for completion for prescribed fires and other fuel reduction projects.</li> <li>Requires an agency, on or before April 1, 2022, and annually thereafter to report on all programs related to wildfires and forest resilience funded pursuant to the Budget Act of 2021 for purposes of informing the Legislature and the public on the agency's implementation of the funded programs.</li> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available \$593 million in 2022-23 and \$1175 million in 2023-24 to the Natural Resources Agency and its departments, conservancies, and boards, to support programs and activities that advance multibenefit and nature-based solutions to protect, enhance, or restore natural or modified ecosystems. Specifies that no less than \$60 million annually shall be available in 2022-23 and 2023-24 to support state conservancies.</li> <li>Until January 1, 2025, exempts from CEQA projects that conserve, restore, protect, or enhance, and assist in the recovery of California native fish and wildlife.</li> <li>Specifies</li></ul> |

| <ul> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available \$350 million in 2022-23 and \$150 million in 2023-24 to the State Conservancy for grants or expenditures for the protection and restoration of coastal and ocean resources from the impacts of sea level rise and other impacts of climate change.</li> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available \$150 million annually in</li> </ul> |
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| 2022-23 and 2023-24 to support programs and activities that mitigate extreme heat impacts.   |
| <ul> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available \$25 million in 2022-23</li> </ul>  |
| and \$75 million in 2023-24 to the Office of Planning and Research (OPR), through the Integrated Climate   |
| Adaptation and Resiliency Program for the establishment of a grant program for projects to mitigate the  |
| impacts of extreme heat or the urban heat island effect.   |
| <ul> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available \$25 million in 2022-23</li> </ul>  |
| and \$75 million in 2023- 24 to the Strategic Growth Council, in coordination with OPR, for the  |
| establishment of a community resiliency centers grant program.   |
| <ul> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available \$50 million 2022-23 to</li> </ul>  |
| the Department of Conservation, in coordination with the Air Resources Board and the State Energy  |
| Resources Conservation and Development Commission, for pilot projects in the Sierra Nevadas to create  |
| carbon-negative fuels from materials resulting from forest vegetation management.  |
| <ul> <li>Allows the Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (also known as IBank) to provide financial</li> </ul>   |
| assistance for projects related to wildfire prevention and resilience as well as agricultural improvements   |
| that reduce climate impacts. 15)Recycling Market Development Zone (RMDZ) Program. Authorizes the   |
| Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) to expend moneys in the Recycling  |
| Market Development Revolving Loan Subaccount in the Integrated Waste Management Account within   |
| areas outside of RMDZs where making the loan will benefit jurisdiction or assist a local jurisdiction.   |
| <ul> <li>Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, requires CalRecycle to administer the</li> </ul>  |
| grant program to provide financial assistance to promote in-state development of infrastructure, food  |
| waste prevention, or other projects to reduce organic waste or process organic and other recyclable  |
| materials into new, value added products.  |
| Until January 1, 2023, exempts dealers (e.g. small grocery stores), which have gross annual sales of less  |
| than \$1.5 million and are less than 5,000 square feet, from requirements to either take back empty  |
| beverage containers for redemption or pay \$100 per day to CalRecyle if the dealer is within an unserved   |
| convenience zone.  • Expands the definition of "qualified entity" to include a tribal government or tribal organization, as  |
| Expands the deminion of quanted entry to include a tribal government of tribal organization, as  |
| <ul> <li>specified, and revises the requirements of a grant recipient under the program.</li> <li>Expands the list of eligible funding recipients to include technical assistance providers, as defined, and</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>Expands the list of engible funding recipients to include technical assistance providers, as defined, and<br/>provides that a privately owned public utility may serve as a technical assistance provider.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>Until December 31, 2021, prohibits all community water systems from discontinuing water service to</li> </ul>   |
| customers due to nonpayment.   |
| <ul> <li>Establishes specific reporting requirements for water extractions and diversions.</li> </ul>  |
| - Establishes specific reporting requirements for water extractions and diversions.  |

| <u>AB 162 / SB 162</u>        | Labor               | <ul> <li>Provides that an officer or employee of the State Coastal Conservancy is not deemed to be financially interested in a contract executed in their official capacity when specified conditions are met, including that the contact involves a grant of funds approved by the San Francisco Bay Restoration Authority to the conservancy.</li> <li>Requires the Department of Parks and Recreation to determine the best use of land known as "Alameda-Tesla Expansion Area," which is currently part of the Carnegie State Vehicular Recreation Area and prohibits this land from being designated as a state vehicular recreation area. This bill provides \$29.8 million General Fund to the Off-Highway Vehicle Trust Fund to be used for the acquisition and development of properties to expand off-highway vehicle recreation.</li> <li>Among other things, requires a nominee to the commission have expertise or represent one of a list of specified interests.</li> <li>Provides that the state consents to the application of specified ordinances to the state's share of oil revenue within the Long Beach tidelands for taxes on such production leveled and in effect as of October 1, 2021. This bill prohibits the state's share of oil revenue within the Long Beach tidelands for already levied on or before October 1, 2021, that has the effect of reducing the state's share of oil revenue, net profits, or remaining oil revenue received into the General Fund, without express statutory authorization for that tax, fee, or assessment.</li> <li>Makes necessary changes to implement the Community Economic Resilience Fund (CERF) Program as provided in the Budget Act of 2021.</li> <li>Establishes the Community Economic Resilience Fund (CERF) Program, to be administered by the Workforce Services Branch at the Employment Development Department to provide financial support to establish highroad transition collaboratives to design region and industry specific economic recovery and transition strategies. The program will provide planning grant</li></ul> |
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| <u>AB 163</u> / <u>SB 163</u> | General Government  | Enacts technical clean-up to a variety of statutory provisions related to general government necessary to implement the Budget Act of 2021.   |
| <u>AB 165</u> / <u>SB 165</u> | State Employee MOUs | <ul> <li>Makes necessary statutory changes to ratify and implement memoranda of understanding (MOU) side<br/>letters and addenda between the state and bargaining units (BUs) 7 and 8. The agreements cover state<br/>employees represented by two exclusive employee representatives, as follows:         <ul> <li>California State Law Enforcement Association (CSLEA): BU 7 – Protective Services and Public Safety</li> <li>California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Firefighters, CAL FIRE Local 2881: BU 8 –<br/>California Firefighters</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |

|                               |                | <ul> <li>Appropriates funds necessary to implement the finalized salary surveys for BU 5 (California Association<br/>of Highway Patrolmen) and Judges.</li> </ul>   |
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| <u>AB 166</u> / <u>SB 166</u> | Cannabis       | <ul> <li>Enacts various changes related to the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulations and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), including:</li> <li>Requires the Department of Cannabis Control (DCC) to develop and implement a program to provide waivers for application fees, licensing fees, and renewal fees required by January 1, 2022.;</li> <li>Requires DCC to develop and implement a program to provide deferrals for application fees, licensing fees, and renewal fees by January 1, 2023;</li> <li>Deletes the term "local" in "local equity applicants and licensees" in the California Cannabis Equity Act of 2018;</li> <li>Provides specified criteria for classification as an equity applicant and licensees, including a requirement that applicants and licensees individually or in combination with other persons who qualify as equity applicants or licensees own no less than 50% of the business that is in the process of being licensed or is licensed;</li> </ul>  |
| <u>AB 167 / SB 167</u>        | K-12 Education | <ul> <li>Appropriates \$10,000 from the General Fund to the DCC the purposes of implementing this measure.</li> <li>Makes clarifying changes and technical corrections associated with changes to K-12 Education programs adopted as part of the Budget Act of 2021, including:</li> <li>Requires that the California Department of Education enter into contracts with county offices of education or a consortium of county offices for the development of each of the following:         <ul> <li>A model curriculum related to the Vietnamese American refugee experience by September 1, 2024</li> <li>A model curriculum related to the Cambodian Genocide by September 1, 2024</li> <li>A model curriculum related to Native American studies by September 1, 2024</li> <li>A model curriculum related to Native American studies by September 1, 2024</li> <li>A model curricula developed pursuant to each of these contracts will be housed on the platform developed and maintained by the California History Social Science Project.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Makes the following changes related to Independent Study:         <ul> <li>Specifies that local educational agencies may receive apportionment for students participating in independent study because of COVID-19 related quarantine, beginning on the first day of quarantine.</li> <li>Specifies that a classroom-based charter school providing independent study to students who are unable to attend classes in person because of COVID-19 related quarantine is not required to file for a funding determination.</li> <li>Clarifies that a local educational agency may obtain signed independent study master agreements up to 30 days after a student begins an independent study program.</li> <li>Clarifies that synchronous instruction under independent study may be provided by the teacher of record or the certificated teacher of the local education agency providing instruction for course-</li></ul></li></ul> |

|                               |                  | <ul> <li>Makes a variety of other amendments to clarify tiered re-engagement and attendance-related requirements, specifies audit requirements and makes other technical changes.</li> <li>Makes the following changes to the J-13a process for claiming apportionment for schools and charter schools that are unable to operate schools for the full school year due to an emergency:         <ul> <li>Clarifies that local educational agencies must have a plan to offer instructional services to students within ten days, but may provide for short term independent study for 15 schooldays pursuant to independent study requirements. If applicable, a local educational agency must provide the state or local public health or public safety order that required school closure to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.</li> <li>Specifies that a local educational agency may not receive apportionment for material decreases in attendance or closures related to COVID-19, except due to COVID-19 related staffing shortages if local educational agency offers independent study to students and the following conditions are established:</li></ul></li></ul> |
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| <u>AB 168</u> / <u>SB 168</u> | Child Care       | <ul> <li>Ensures Emergency Foster Bridge child care providers and migrant alternative payment programs are eligible for various pandemic relief and child care funding.</li> <li>Provides authority to the Departments of Social Services and Education to determine if a time-based calculation adjustment is necessary for direct contracts shifting from the Standard Reimbursement Rate to the Regional Market Rate, beginning January 1, 2022, with notification to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee, and provides rule-making authority to both administrative agencies.</li> <li>Various technical adjustments to appropriations to reflect actual federal funds available, encumbrance periods, and Education Code and Welfare and Institutions Code citations.</li> </ul>   |
| <u>AB 169</u> / <u>SB 169</u> | Higher Education | <ul> <li>Makes necessary changes to implement the higher education provisions of the Budget Act of 2021, including creating two new programs – the Higher Education Student Housing Grant Program and Capacity Expansion Grant Program – to support affordable student housing at the UC, CSU and Community Colleges, and campus expansion projects at UC and CSU.</li> <li>Appropriates \$500 million one-time General Fund in 2021-22 for student housing projects, includes legislative intent to provide \$750 million in 2022-23 and \$750 million in 2023-24 for this purpose. This appropriation and proposed funding will be divided as follows: 50 percent to CCCs, 30 percent to CSUs, and 20 percent to UCs.</li> <li>Creates a process for campuses to propose housing projects by October 2021 for inclusion in the subsequent budget act.</li> </ul>   |

|                        |                          | <ul> <li>Creates the campus expansion program and includes legislative intent to provide funding for this program in the future.</li> </ul>  |
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| <u>AB 170 / SB 170</u> | Budget Bill, Jr. (No. 4) | <ul> <li>Makes technical and substantive changes to the 2021-22 Budget Act, including:</li> <li>Appropriates \$988 million (\$758 million General Fund and \$230 million Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF)) in 2021-22, as follows:</li> <li>\$541 million to CalFire for the california Forest Improvement Program (for small landowners); \$10 million to CalFire for the california Forest Legacy Program; \$9 million to CalFire for the restoration nursery; \$20 million to CalFire for urban forestry; \$19 million to CalFire for the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) for stewardship of state-owned lands; \$40 million to the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) for stewardship of state-owned lands; \$410 million to the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) for stewardship of state-owned lands; \$120 million to rwildfire fuel breaks, including: \$40 million to CalFire for unit fire prevention and resilience purposes on state conservancy lands.</li> <li>\$282 million to CalFire for fire prevention grants; \$35 million to CalFire for prescribed fire and hand crews; \$27 million to the California Conservation Corps (CCC) for the Forestry Corps and CCC residential centers.</li> <li>\$20 million for science-based management.</li> <li>\$49 million for forestry sector economic stimulus, including: \$11 million to the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (IBank) for the Climate Catalyst Fund and market strategy; \$18 million to CalFire for an interagency for the Climate Catalyst Fund and market strategy; \$18 million to CalFire for an interagency forest data hub.</li> <li>Water Resilience Package. Appropriates \$855 million (\$730 million General Fund and \$125 million special fund) in 2021-22, including:</li> <li>\$120 million to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife Corps and the State Fire Markal S105.</li> <li>\$20 million to CalFire for a prescribed fire liability pilot program.</li> <li>\$210 million to CalFire for a prescribed fire inability for the Climate Catalyst Fund and mar</li></ul> |

| <ul> <li>\$30 million to SWRCB for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAs) support.</li> <li>\$40 million to DWB for the Solver for</li> </ul> |
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| <ul> <li>\$40 million to DWR for the Salton Sea.</li> <li>\$20 million to SMRCB for headers in an</li> </ul>                                      |
| <ul> <li>\$20 million to SWRCB for border rivers.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>\$30 million to various agencies for urban streams and rivers.</li> </ul>  |
| • The Water Resilience Package also includes additional funding of \$880 million in 2022- 23 and \$500  |
| million in 2023-24. Including \$2.414 billion already approved in the Budget Act, the Water Resilience  |
| Package totals \$4.649 billion.   |
| <ul> <li>Climate Resilience Package. Provides \$369.2 million General fund in 2021-22, as follows:</li> </ul>                                     |
| <ul> <li>Extreme Heat: \$50 million to CNRA for urban greening/urban forestry</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>Multi-Benefit and Nature Based Solutions: \$15 million to DFW to address climate change impacts</li> </ul>                               |
| on wildlife; \$31 million to WCB to protect fish and wildlife from changing conditions.   |
| <ul> <li>Building Ocean and Coastal Resilience: \$12 million to Parks for state parks sea level rise</li> </ul>                                   |
| adaptation strategy.  |
| <ul> <li>Building Community and Regional Climate Resilience: \$115 million to the Strategic Growth</li> </ul>                                     |
| Council (SGC) for the Transformative Climate Communities program.   |
| <ul> <li>Strategic Climate Resilience Investments and Projects: \$22 million to CNRA, OPR, and the</li> </ul>                                     |
| California Energy Commission for purposes of the Fifth Climate Assessment.  |
| • The Climate Resilience Package includes an additional \$2.09 billion in 2022-23 and \$1.23 billion in 2023-                                     |
| 24, totaling \$3.69 billion over three fiscal years.  |
| • Agriculture Package. Provides \$438 million (\$200 million General Fund and \$238 million special fund) in                                      |
| 2021-22, as follows:  |
| <ul> <li>\$30 million to the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) for the California Farm</li> </ul>                              |
| to School Incubator Grant Program.  |
| <ul> <li>\$10 million to CDFA for the California Nutrition Incentive Program.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>\$10 million to CDFA for the Healthy Refrigeration Grant Program.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>\$12 million to CDFA for the Urban Agriculture Program.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>\$25 million to CDFA for the Healthy Soils Program.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>\$32 million to CDFA for Livestock Methane Reduction with priority given to the Alternative</li> </ul>                                   |
| Manure Management Program.  |
| <ul> <li>\$15 million to CDFA for the Pollinator Habitat Program.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>\$17 million to CDFA for technical assistance and conservation management plans.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>\$9 million to CDFA for the Sustainable California Grown Cannabis pilot program.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>\$213 million to CDFA for the Funding Agricultural Replacement Measures for Emission</li> </ul>  |
| Reductions (FARMER) program.  |
| <ul> <li>\$4 million to CDFA for impact assessment and alignment of regulatory reporting requirements</li> </ul>                                  |
| for agriculture.  |
| <ul> <li>– \$30 million to CDFA for Fresno-Merced Future of Food (F3) Innovation Initiative.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>– \$5 million to CDFA for New and Beginning Farmer Training and Farm Manager Apprenticeships</li> </ul>                                  |
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|   | <ul> <li>\$5 million to CDFA for research in greenhouse gas emissions reduction in agriculture.</li> </ul>   |
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|   | <ul> <li>\$5 million to CDFA for the Invasive Species Council.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$15 million to CDFA for the Farm to Community Food Hubs Program.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$1 million to CDFA for Canine Blood Bank.</li> </ul>   |
|   | The Agriculture Package includes an additional \$417 million in 2022-23 and included \$246 million in the Budget Act, totaling \$1.1 billion over two fiscal years.  |
|   | <b>Circular Economy</b> . \$75 million (\$65 million General Fund and \$10 million special fund) in 2021-22, as  |
|   | follows:   |
|   | <ul> <li>\$3 million to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) for food waste</li> </ul>  |
|   | prevention and rescue programs.  |
|   | <ul> <li>- \$5 million to CalRecycle for community composting.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$2 million to CalRecycle for Circular Economy development.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>– \$10 million to CalRecycle for co-digestion at wastewater treatment plants.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>– \$20 million to CalRecycle for organics grants.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>- \$25 million to CalRecycle for the Recycling Market Development Zone Loan Program.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>– \$10 million to CalRecycle for the Quality Incentive Payment Program for plastic thermoforms.</li> </ul>  |
|   | The Circular Economy Package provides an additional \$65 million in 2022-23, totaling \$140 million over   |
|   | two fiscal years.  |
|   | Cap and Trade Discretionary Spending Plan. Appropriates \$850 million GGRF, as follows:  |
|   | <ul> <li>– \$155 million to CalFire for Healthy &amp; Resilient Forests.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>- \$260 million to ARB for AB 617 community air protection.</li> </ul>  |
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|   | <ul> <li>\$50 million to ARB for AB 617 local implementation. d. \$10 million to ARB for AB 617 technical<br/>assistance.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>\$170 million to ARB for agricultural Diesel engine replacement and upgrades.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$25 million to CDFA for the Healthy Soils Program.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$130 million to CalRecycle for waste diversion/recycling infrastructure, \$70 million for organics<br/>grants and \$60 million for grants to local jurisdictions to assist in implementation of SB 1383<br/>(2016).</li> </ul> |
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|   | <ul> <li>\$15 million to Department of Community Services and Development for the Low-Income</li> <li>Weath arization Brogram (LWID)</li> </ul>  |
|   | Weatherization Program (LWIP).   |
|   | <ul> <li>\$5 million to ARB for woodstove replacements.</li> <li>\$20 million to ARB for small off road engines (e.g. loof blowers)</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>\$30 million to ARB for small off-road engines (e.g. leaf blowers).</li> </ul>  |
| │ | The Cap and Trade Discretionary Spending Plan includes \$684 million already appropriated in the Budget  |
|   | Act. Total funding in the plan for 2021-22 is \$1.534 billion.   |
|   | Parks-Related Appropriations. Includes the following:  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$154.2 million to Parks for statewide urban rivers and waterways grant program.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>\$6 million to Parks for City of La Puente for an urban forest park within the city limits.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>\$1 million to State Coastal Conservancy for a coastal trail system in the Garripata State Park in</li> </ul>   |
|   | Monterey County.   |

| <ul> <li>\$1 million for San Diego River Conservancy for Native American Tribal Conservation Corps pilot program.</li> <li>\$1 million to WCB to appraise West Coyote Hills property in North Orange County.</li> <li>\$1 million to the Secretary of Transportation for Highway 37 climate adaptation.</li> <li>\$4 million to SGC for Green Means Go in Sacramento.</li> <li>\$1 million to Cal OES for fire and public safety departments of the Cities of Lindsay, Woodlake, and Sanger in the counties of Fresno and Tulare for the purposes of public safety equipment to address wildfire risk and impacts.</li> <li>Authorizes General Fund expenditure authority of \$40 million for the California Health Facilities Financing Authority (CHFFA) to provide cash flow loans to nondesignated public hospitals, due to the financial impacts of the COVID-19 public health emergency.</li> <li>Reappropriates General Fund expenditure authority of \$67 million, originally authorized by the 2017 Budget Act, for CHFFA to support the Community Services Infrastructure Grant Program, which creates and expands community alternatives to incarceration in the form of mental health treatment, substance use disorder treatment, and trauma-centered services.</li> <li>Authorizes General Fund expenditure authority of \$1.5 million in 2021-22 for the Department of Health Care Services (IMDS).</li> <li>Authorizes federal fund expenditure authority of \$1.6 million for DHCS to support behavioral health services for individuals impacted by the state's wildfires and the COVID-19 pandemic, pursuant to federal grants awarded to the state by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA).</li> </ul> |
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| services for individuals impacted by the state's wildfires and the COVID-19 pandemic, pursuant to federal grants awarded to the state by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA).   |
| <ul> <li>Authorizes federal fund expenditure authority of \$6.9 million for DHCS to support testing and other<br/>COVID-19 response activities for substance use disorders services providers and organizations, pursuant<br/>to a federal grant awarded to the state by SAMHSA.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>Authorizes reimbursement expenditure authority of \$503.9 million for the Department of Public Health<br/>(DPH) to support expanded testing, contact tracing, surveillance, containment, and prevention of<br/>COVID-19, pursuant to a federal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity (ELC) Enhancing Detection<br/>Expansion grant award from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>Authorizes reimbursement expenditure authority of \$882.8 million for DPH to support school-based<br/>COVID-19 screening testing for teachers, staff, and students to assist schools in reopening safely for in-<br/>person instruction, pursuant to a federal ELC for Re-Opening Schools grant award from the CDC.</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>Authorizes federal fund expenditure authority of \$19.3 million for DPH to support strategies to improve<br/>COVID-19 response activities in populations that are highrisk and underserved, pursuant to a federal<br/>Health Disparities Grant award from the CDC.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>Increase of \$16.7 million General Fund for the Department of Social Services to provide assistance to<br/>Afghan citizens evacuated from Afghanistan.</li> </ul>   |

|                        |                | <ul> <li>Increase of \$44 million in federal relief funding for the Department of Social Services to increase participation in the CalFresh program.</li> <li>Makes numerous project-specific investments.</li> </ul>   |
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| <u>AB 171 / SB 171</u> | Health         | <ul> <li>Makes changes necessary to implement the Budget Act of 2021, affecting the budgets of the Department of Health Care Services (DHCS), the State Department of Social Services, the California Department of Aging, the State Department of Public Health, the State Department of Developmental Services, the State Department of Rehabilitation (DOR), and the Department of Health Care Access and Information, including:</li> <li>Requires DHCS, subject to an appropriation, to implement the state's Medi-Cal Home and Community Based Services Spending Plan (Plan), contingent upon federal approval, and: 1) Stipulates that any payments received by an individual as part of these services shall not be counted as income and therefore shall not affect eligibility or benefits; 2) Authorizes DHCS to implement the Plan through all-county letters and other forms of communication, without developing regulations; 3) Exempts DHCS from statutory competitive contracting requirements for implementing this Plan;</li> <li>Requires DHCS, subject to an appropriation, to complete an independent evaluation of network adequacy necessary to obtain federal approval for a covered Medi-Cal benefit that provides housing support services, and requires DHCS to report the outcomes of the evaluation to the Legislature by January 1, 2024. Exempts DHCS from statutory competitive contracting requirements to implement this evaluation.</li> <li>Extends the sunset by one year, until January 1, 2023, on time and distance standards currently required of Medi-Cal managed care plans that ensure adequate access to these services.</li> <li>Appropriates \$6,434,000, for the 2021-22 fiscal year, from the Federal Trust Fund to DHCS to support community mental health services.</li> </ul> |
| <u>AB 172 / SB 172</u> | Human Services | <ul> <li>Clarifies recently enacted changes to require a local child support agency to cease enforcement of child support arrearages assigned to the state and other fees and costs owed to the state when the Department of Child Support Services (DCSS) or local child support agency has determined that the amount is uncollectible.</li> <li>Defines for the purposes of the California Community Care Facilities Act a "group home for children with special health care needs," addressing an issue created as a result of a section of recently enacted law being chaptered out.</li> <li>Requires that, for purposes of determining the individuals who may access a juvenile case file, a qualified individual, as defined, be considered a member of the child's multidisciplinary team.</li> <li>Requires the State Department of Social Services (DSS), subject to an appropriation for this purpose, to compile and report annual performance and outcome data on the implementation of sexual and reproductive health training and education and the availability and use of sexual and report and would require the DSS to consult with an existing working group in selecting additional performance and outcome data measures to include in the report. Requires the report to be completed annually, beginning July 1, 2023, and to be posted on the department's internet website.</li> </ul>  |

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|   | <ul> <li>Clarifies, commencing July 1, 2022, California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program rules regarding recipient and applicant family income, aligning to changes made in the Human Services Omnibus trailer bill, Assembly Bill 135 (Chapter 85, Statutes of 2021). Provides that a recipient family is not eligible for further aid if the family's reasonably anticipated income, less exempt income, exceeds specified income reporting thresholds, and would also prohibit an applicant family from receiving aid if the family's reasonably anticipated income, as specified, equals or exceeds the maximum aid payment.</li> <li>Aligns the \$47 per month benefit paid to a pregnant person qualified for CalWORKs aid, to meet special</li> </ul> |
|   | <ul> <li>Alight the \$47 per month benefit paid to a pregnant person qualified for Calworks aid, to meet special<br/>needs resulting from pregnancy, for both recipients and applicants. Requires the county human services<br/>agency to require a pregnant person to provide medical verification of pregnancy, as specified.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>Authorizes the State Department of Education and the DSS to share data for the limited purposes of<br/>administering the Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) food benefit program, including, but not<br/>limited to, identifying eligible students and evaluating program outcomes. Authorizes this data sharing<br/>to continue until the P-EBT program is terminated by federal law or federal approval to administer the</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>program expires.</li> <li>Abolishes the Office of Health Information Integrity and the Office of Patient Advocate, establishes the Center for Data Insights and Innovation (CDII) within the California Health and Human Services Agency, and transfers the duties of the Office of Health Information Integrity and the Office of Patient Advocate</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>to the CDII.</li> <li>Establishes the Health Plan Improvement Trust Fund and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, make the moneys in the fund available to administer various duties relating to monitoring the quality of health care and patient experience.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>Repeals provisions that had authorized the California Health and Human Services Agency, or one of the<br/>departments under its jurisdiction, to apply for federal funds made available through the federal<br/>American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) for health information technology and<br/>exchange, and that established the California Health Information Technology and Exchange Fund for<br/>these purposes.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>Deletes a requirement for the California Guaranteed Income Pilot Program, administered by the DSS,<br/>that the commitment of additional funds be from nongovernmental sources. Conditions the receipt of<br/>grant funds on the eligible entity presenting a plan to provide certain benefits counseling and<br/>informational materials to individuals receiving guaranteed income payments funded with a grant.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>Requires the DSS to administer the Career Pathways Program for providers of in-home supportive<br/>services, related services, or waiver personal care services, to increase the quality of care, recruitment</li> </ul>  |
|   | and retention of providers for recipients and to provide training opportunities for career advancement<br>in the home care and health care industries. Requires implementation of the program as a pilot project<br>no later than September 1, 2022, or as soon as necessary automation changes permit, and would  |
|   | <ul> <li>remain operative until March 31, 2024, or until a later date, subject to an appropriation.</li> <li>Requires the DSS to review and approve proposed training curriculum, enter into agreements with</li> </ul>  |
|   | qualified third-party entities, and determine the methodology and distribution of appropriated funds.  |

|                               |                         | <ul> <li>Specifies that the provider participation in the training would be voluntary and at no cost to providers, and providers would be compensated for each hour of training, without requiring counties or public authorities to provide any funding for the training compensation.</li> <li>Requires the DSS to contract with another entity to complete an evaluation of the Career Pathways Program. Requires the submission of an interim report, as specified, to the Legislature by March 1, 2023, with a final report of the evaluation of the pilot project submitted to the Legislature by December 31, 2024.</li> <li>Establishes the Community Care Expansion (CCE) Program, under which the DSS would award grants, upon appropriation of funds in the annual Budget Act and as specified in the annual Budget Act, to qualified grantees to preserve or expand capacity of residential adult and senior care facilities through the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of property, or to grantees to provide capitalized operating subsidy reserves to existing licensed residential adult and senior care facilities that serve at least one qualified resident.</li> <li>Defines "qualified resident" for the CCE Program to mean applicants for or recipients of benefits in the Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (SSI/SSP) or Cash Assistance Program for Immigrants (CAPI) who need the care and supervision that is provided by the licensed facility that receives the grant.</li> <li>Requires the DSS to develop criteria for the CCE program, including the methodology and distribution of the funds awarded to grantees under the program. Requires funds awarded pursuant to the program to be used to supplement, and not supplant, other funding available from existing local, state, or federal programs or from grants with similar purposes.</li> <li>Expands the exclusion related to a low-rent housing project to include the development of an adult or senior care facility that meets one or more of specified c</li></ul> |
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| <u>AB 173</u> / <u>SB 173</u> | Public Safety           | <ul> <li>Enacts various provisions related to firearms, including:</li> <li>Extends existing prohibition of weapons provisions at the State Capitol and State Office Buildings to the new legislative office building/hearing space located at 1021 O Street in Sacramento.</li> <li>Clarifies the process and parameters of disclosure of specified information to the California Firearm Violence Research Center at UC Davis by the Department of Justice (DOJ) for research or statistical activities., including establishing a reasonable fee associated with responding to information requests.</li> <li>Makes technical amendments to avoid chaptering issues with SB 715 (Portantino, 2021).</li> <li>Appropriates \$10,000 to DOJ to implement provisions related to firearm information access for the purposes of research.</li> </ul>  |
| <u>AB 174</u> / <u>SB 174</u> | Vehicles/transportation | <ul> <li>Enacts several transportation related provisions in the 2021-22 state budget.</li> <li>Deletes the requirements that the Department of Motor Vehicles publish and distribute copies of the complete text of the Vehicle Code and makes various conforming changes.</li> </ul>   |

|                               |                        | <ul> <li>Suspends until January 1, 2023, the prohibition that driver's license renewal by mail for a person 70 or older, allowing for renewal through alternative channels within existing DMV rules. Existing law prohibits a driver's license renewal by mail for a person 70 or older.</li> <li>Requires the Department of Motor Vehicles to verify that an applicant's thumbprint or fingerprint is on file before issuing a driver's license or an identification card, and also requires that an original application for a driver's license or identification card be signed under penalty of perjury.</li> <li>Requires, starting January 1, 2023, that an insurer that issues commercial and fleet insurance policies to additionally submit these reports electronically. Existing law requires an insurer that issues specified private passenger liability insurance policies and coverages to submit those reports to the DMV of all motor vehicle liability policies or coverages issued, changed, or terminated.</li> <li>Makes certain changes to bring state statute into conformity with federal rules. Specifically, it limits, with respect to motor carriers, the carrier identification number requirement to those whose principal place of business is in this state, who operate from a terminal in this state or who are required to be licensed to transport hazardous materials, as specified. It also exempts rental vehicles that meet federal identification number.</li> </ul>  |
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| <u>AB 175</u> / <u>SB 175</u> | Housing-related issues | <ul> <li>Enacts several housing related provisions in the 2021-22 state budget.</li> <li>Makes technical amendments to the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program that will affect the third and fourth rounds of project funding provided in the 2021-22 Budget.</li> <li>Makes technical amendments to the REAP Grant program included in AB 140 (Committee on Budget), Chapter 111, Statutes of 2021, including specifying that a grant recipient shall obligate funds no later June 30, 2024, and expend funds no later than June 30, 2026. Additionally, this bill extends from June 30, 2025 to June 30, 2026, the timeline for submitting a final report for a grant recipient.</li> <li>Makes the following changes to SB 1079 (Skinner), Chapter 202, Statutes of 2020, to ensure smooth implementation of the law while closing potential loopholes for fraud. Changes include: <ul> <li>Specifying the form of affidavit or declaration that prospective bidders in a foreclosure auction must use to attest to their status, in order to ensure that a uniform and legally binding form is used. The form is set forth in longstanding Code of Civil Procedure Section 2015.5.</li> <li>Closing loopholes that might allow a foreclosed-on owner to reacquire their property, such as if the owner had held the property in a living trust prior to foreclosure.</li> <li>Ensuring that foreclosure trustees have bidders' phone numbers and addresses.</li> <li>Clarifying that foreclosure trustees must not provide prospective bidders with any information beyond what is specified in statute, in order to ensure an equal chance for all bidders.</li> <li>Clarifying that foreclosure trustees additional time to record deeds.</li> <li>Establishing an effective date of January 1, 2022 in order to give foreclosure trustees, as well as prospective bidders (including community land trusts, affordable housing providers, other nonprofits, and public entities that seek to utilize the law) time to adjust their processes.</li> </ul></li></ul> |

| AB 176 / SB 176 | Economic Development | <ul> <li>Related to Cal Expo:         <ul> <li>Authorizes the Cal Expo board of directors to enter a 5-year agreement with the City of Sacramento and the County of Sacramento for the use of the Cal Expo Lot Z property to provide emergency shelter and other services to individuals experiencing homelessness.</li> <li>Authorizes the city and county to contract with a service provider and authorizes the city and the county to include mental health and substance abuse programs and emergency and interim housing solutions on the property.</li> <li>Requires the governing bodies of the city and county to each approve any agreement for the use of the Cal Expo Lot Z property at an open meeting.</li> <li>Requires the city and county to prioritize the provision of emergency shelter and services to persons illegally camping in areas of the American River Parkway.</li> <li>Provides that any agreement pursuant to these provisions are exempt from the Bushy Lake Preservation Act and the Urban American River Parkway Preservation Act.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provides that surplus land disposal procedures existing on December 31, 2019 apply to the Metro North Hollywood Joint Development Project if a local agency has entered into an exclusive negotiating agreement or legally binding agreement to dispose of related property as of September 2019. Provides that the disposition shall be completed no later than December 31, 2024.</li> <li>Includes changes necessary to implement the 2021 Budget Act related to economic development, including business and taxation issues, as follows:</li> <li>Debt Collections. Limits the ability of the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) to collect court-ordered and vehicle-related debt from individuals whe earn low wages or have low bank account balances, consistent with existing limitations on private debt collectors.</li> <li>Sets the maximum amount of wages that can be garnished as the lesser of 25 percent of wages or 50 perc</li></ul> |
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|                 |                      | eligibility criteria.  |

|                        |        | <ul> <li>Used Vehicle Sales Tax Clean Up. Clarifies that used vehicle dealers pay the applicable sales taxes covered under AB 85 (2020), including any applicable use tax imposed under the Transaction and Use Tax law, to the Department of Motor Vehicles, and provides that a motor vehicle excludes a recreational vehicle that is either truck-mounted, permanently towable on the highways without a permit or park trailer. Requires the Department of Motor Vehicles to establish a compliance schedule for the enforcement of the provisions of AB 85.</li> <li>Homeless Hiring Tax Credit. Revises and clarifies provisions relating to certification procedures for the qualified <i>taxpayer</i> and the employed individual.</li> </ul>  |
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| <u>AB 177 / SB 177</u> | Courts | <ul> <li>Additional Court-Related Fee Reform/Repeal</li> <li>Effective January 1, 2022, eliminates an additional 17 criminal justice administrative fees and vacates all previously levied debt for those same fees. Fees proposed for elimination include:         <ul> <li>Penal Code § 1001.15 - Felony diversion program for controlled substances</li> <li>Penal Code § 1001.9 - Diversion restitution</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(1) - Restitution fine collection</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(1) - Restitution collection</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(1) - Restitution collection</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Restitution collection</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Restitution collection</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Incarceration in county or city jail</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Incarceration in county or city jail</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Incarceration in county or city jail</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Incarceration in county or city jail</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Incarceration in county or city jail</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Incarceration in county or city jail</li> <li>Penal Code § 1203.1(2) - Prison Detention Fee</li> <li>Penal Code § 1205.5 - Installment processing fee for fines</li> <li>Penal Code § 1205.5 - Restitution collection from inmates</li> <li>Penal Code § 2085.6 - Restitution collection from postrelease community supervision</li> <li>Penal Code § 40510.5 - Civil assessment (vehicle)</li> <li>Vehicle Code § 40510.5 - Civil assessment (vehicle)</li></ul></li></ul> |

| <ul> <li>Directs the Judicial Council to examine the use of remote technology in civil court proceedings and</li> </ul> |
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| report to the Legislature by January 1, 2023 with recommendations on specific considerations and                        |
| factors; requires the convening of a working group to recommend a statewide framework for remote                        |
| civil court proceedings that addresses equal and fair access to justice; specifies composition of the                   |
| working group to include judges; attorneys, including court-appointed dependency counsel; and a                         |
| variety of other stakeholders.  |
| <ul> <li>Enacts various provisions to avoid chaptering out issues.</li> </ul>   |