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How to Talk to Your Kids About Corona

Kids worry more when they are kept in the dark. It is important to keep them informed on an age appropriate level, provide comfort, and give them practical tasks to help them feel like they are doing something to help. Below is the link to, and text from, the professionals at Kids Health with some information about how to do just that:


Your kids are hearing about coronavirus (COVID-19). You want to make sure they get reliable information — and you want them to hear it from you. Here's how to talk about it.

Find Out What Your Child Already Knows

Ask questions geared to your child's age level. For older kids, you might ask, "Are people in school talking about coronavirus? What are they saying?" For younger children, you could say, "Have you heard grownups talking about a new sickness that's going around?" This gives you a chance to learn how much kids know — and to find out if they're hearing the wrong information.

Follow your child's lead. Some kids may want to spend time talking. But if your kids don't seem interested or don't ask a lot of questions, that's OK.

Offer Comfort — and Honesty

Focus on helping your child feel safe, but be truthful. Don't offer more detail than your child is interested in. For example, if kids ask about school closings, address their questions. But if the topic doesn't come up, there's no need to raise it unless it happens.

If your child asks about something and you don't know the answer, say so. Use the question as a chance to find out together. Check the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) website for up-to-date, reliable information about coronavirus (COVID-19). That way, you have the facts and kids don't see headlines about deaths and other scary information.

Speak calmly and reassuringly. Explain that most people who get sick feel like they have a cold or the flu. Kids pick up on it when parents worry. So when you talk about coronavirus and the news, use a calm voice and try not to seem upset.

Give kids space to share their fears. It's natural for kids to worry, "Could I be next? Could that happen to me?" Let your child know that kids don't seem to get as sick as adults. Let them know they can always come to you for answers or to talk about what scares them.
Know when they need guidance. Be aware of how your kids get news and information, especially older kids who go online. Point them to age-appropriate content so they don't end up finding news shows or outlets that scare them or have incorrect information.

**Help Kids Feel in Control**

Give your child specific things they can do to feel in control. Teach kids that getting lots of sleep and washing their hands well and often can help them stay strong and well. Explain that regular hand washing also helps stop viruses from spreading to others. Be a good role model and let your kids see you washing your hands often!

Talk about all the things that are happening to keep people safe and healthy. Young kids might be reassured to know that hospitals and doctors are prepared to treat people who get sick. Older kids might be comforted to know that scientists are working to develop a vaccine. These talks also prepare kids for changes in their normal routine if schools or childcare centers close in the future.

Put news stories in context. If they ask, explain that death from the virus is still rare, despite what they might hear. Watch the news with your kids so you can filter what they hear.

Kids and teens often worry more about family and friends than themselves. For example, if kids hear that older people are more likely to be seriously ill, they might worry about their grandparents. Letting them call or Skype with older relatives can help them feel reassured about loved ones.

Let your kids know that it's normal to feel stressed out at times. Everyone does. Recognizing these feelings and knowing that stressful times pass and life gets back to normal can help children build resilience.

**Keep the Conversation Going**

Keep checking in with your child. Use talking about coronavirus as a way to help kids learn about their bodies, like how the immune system fights off disease.

Talk about current events with your kids often. It's important to help them think through stories they hear about. Ask questions: What do you think about these events? How do you think these things happen? Such questions also encourage conversation about non-news topics.

**Reviewed by:** Jennifer Shroff Pendley, PhD
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Developmentally Appropriate Videos Based on Corona

Brain Pop:
BrainPop is a group of educational websites with over 1,000 short animated movies for students in grades K-12.

Brain Pop Movie on Corona Virus:
https://www.brainpop.com/health/diseasesinjuriesandconditions/coronavirus/

Brain Pop Jr. on Washing Hands:
https://jr.brainpop.com/health/bewell/washinghands/
**Making a Schedule**

One of the secrets that makes school days work so well is a routine. Kids are used to following a schedule regardless of age. Especially in a time of heightened anxiety it can be comforting to know what is coming next and feel like there is a direction to your day. Making a rough blueprint can help everyone feel more organized and purposeful. The most successful home schedules tend to be spacious and flexible with independent play/learning/parent break times built in. Sometimes it also just feels less overwhelming to go into the day with a plan. If you make a schedule and follow it just one or two days a week that can still be helpful. Below is an image of a sample schedule which you can use as a starting off point. Take what works and change what doesn’t to ensure your schedule is tailored to your family’s needs and previously established routines.
**Apps & Resources for Daily Activities**

**PBS Kids Daily Newsletter**
At the top of the home page on the PBS Kids website there is an option to sign up for their new newsletter. They will be sending out daily activities and tips you can use to help your kids play and learn at home.

[https://pbskids.org](https://pbskids.org)

**Scholastic.com Learn at Home**
The Scholastic company has created a Learn at Home website with 20+ days of exciting articles and stories, videos, and fun learning challenges for free. They can be completed anytime and in any order, independently or with you. The age groups begin with Pre-K & Kindergarten and go up to a category labeled Grades 6+.

[https://classroommagazines.scholastic.com/support/learnathome.html](https://classroommagazines.scholastic.com/support/learnathome.html)

**Cincinnati Zoo & Botanical Garden**
They will be broadcasting a Home Safari on Facebook Live every day at 3pm where they will highlight one of their amazing animals and include an activity you can do at home.


**Lunch Doodles with Mo Willems**
Author of popular children’s book Piggy and Gerald is hosting an instructional doodle on YouTube every day at 1pm.

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MjaYnyCJdDk](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MjaYnyCJdDk)

**Daily Book Reading on You Tube**
Author and illustrator of children’s books, Chris Van Dusen, is going to be uploading at least one book reading a day to You Tube. Below is a link to him reading the book The Circus Ship.

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9UMzqv0CjA&feature=youtu.be&fbclid=IwAR0P2A2nwZsFFxU4WSIOR-btbWM3YxQd91r0hLxD-w_SgGPugh53TWguOI](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9UMzqv0CjA&feature=youtu.be&fbclid=IwAR0P2A2nwZsFFxU4WSIOR-btbWM3YxQd91r0hLxD-w_SgGPugh53TWguOI)

**ABC Mouse**
The ABC Mouse Early Learning Academy has a free 30 day trial when you sign up. It is full of academic games and activities for children age 2-8.

[https://www.abcmouse.com/abt/homepage?8a08850bc2=T1813797739.1584315987.4807](https://www.abcmouse.com/abt/homepage?8a08850bc2=T1813797739.1584315987.4807)

**Speak-a-boos Website/App**
Speak-a-boos has a 7-day free trial. It is an app with over 200 interactive books uploaded for ages 2-6. The app allows your child to choose whether they want to read the book themselves, have it read to them, or play interactively throughout the pages of the book.
Brain Pop/Brain Pop Jr.
Like ABC Mouse, Brain Pop offers a 30 day free trial. Brain Pop contains thousands of educational videos for grades K-12 together with quizzes and related materials, covering the subjects of science, social studies, English, math, engineering and technology, health, and arts and music
https://go.brainpop.com/access-free-stuff/family

Podcasts for Young & Early Elementary Age Kids

Disney Story Central (ages 2 years+)
In the Disney Story Central Podcast a narrator reads through a familiar Disney story. Some of them feature music and the narrators keep it very interesting with enthusiasm and changes in intonation. It is essentially an audio version of a high quality library story time.

Story Pirates (ages 2.5 years+)
The stories in Story Pirates are written by kids, for kids. They are full of silly kid humor which the whole family can appreciate. The narrator reads the story written by a young child and then professional actors take over and do a longer "adaptation" based on the child's story.

Story Nory (ages 3 years+)
Story Nory features a mixture of classic and modern children's stories. This podcast is built for more advanced listeners as there is only one voice for all of the characters, however, it will grow with your child and help teach them the basic format of a story.

Children's Fun Storytime Podcast (ages 4 years+)
The Children's Fun Storytime Podcast is also a single narrator without music. They do some classic stories and often split up longer chapter books into different episodes. As children grow older they will be able to engage with longer stories like this, and will be able to stop after one chapter and pick back up where they left off.
Mindfulness Activities for Kids & Teens

The mental and physical benefits of mindfulness are widely recognized, not just for adults but for kids too. The word “mindfulness” can be scary, and you might be thinking “my kids will never do that.” There are, however, easy, quick, 2-5 minute ways to begin introducing this skill to kids of almost any age. These shorter versions will begin to lay the groundwork all the same emotion regulating, stress reducing, brain changing, and breath strengthening benefits which the much longer more advanced versions do. And if nothing else, right now, a timed, structured opportunity to unplug (even if the guided story comes from an app) can be a positive way to focus energy. Below are some of these activities and apps.

All of the apps listed below have a free version which still provide many different guided relaxation scripts.

“Meditation for Kids” App
This is a library of guided relaxations for younger kids. Some of the files are just background noise/music but many of them have actual stories.

Cosmic Kids Yoga – App/You Tube Videos
Cosmic Kids Yoga has fun, engaging yoga for elementary age kids. There is an app and there are a lot of their videos uploaded on you tube.
https://www.cosmickids.com
https://www.youtube.com/user/CosmicKidsYoga

Breathe & Learn
Breathe & Learn is a California based children’s yoga program. The owner Joan Plake has made some of her digital downloads available for free is you enter promotion code “BREATHE” at checkout. She is also planning to get some live stream kid’s yoga classes up and running in the next few days.
https://www.breatheandlearn.com/free

Stop Breathe and Think – App
Below are the links to information about the two versions of this app. You can actually choose how you are feeling first from several prompts and this app will suggest some appropriate guided relaxations for your current mood/challenge.
Kids
https://www.stopbreathethink.com/kids/
Teens
https://www.stopbreathethink.com

Smiling Mind – App for all ages
You can choose a program built specifically for your child’s age and preferences in this app going all the way up to teenagers.
Mindfulness for Teens – Website
http://mindfulnessforteens.com

This Website is a great way to introduce a teen to mindfulness. There are testimonial videos from teens who have really experienced benefit and a full library of guided relaxation audio files available for free.

Short Guided Progressive Muscle Relaxation Script:

If at some point your child seems to have a lot of energy in their body (ex: struggling to sit still, wiggling all over the place, impulsive behavior) from being cooped up and away from friends, this can be a great, fast way to try and help them regulate that. You can just read the below script aloud:

“Find a comfortable place to lie down on your back. Close your eyes if that feels ok. Take three long deep breaths.

Inhale. (Short pause) Exhale. (Short pause) Inhale. (Short pause) Exhale. (Short pause) Inhale. (Short pause) Exhale.

Can you feel your heart beating? Can you feel your muscles? We are going to do an activity where you squeeze certain muscles and then let them go to try and relax our whole bodies. I’m going to tell you which muscles to think about, when to squeeze them, and when to let go. We are going to start with our hands and arms.

Notice your hands and then squeeze all the muscles in your hands making a strong tight fist. Keep squeezing (have them hold each squeeze for 5-10 seconds). Let them go.

Now think about your arms. Your whole arm from your wrist to your shoulder. Try to squeeze ALL the muscles from your wrists to your shoulders. Keep Squeezing....(5-10 seconds) Let go.

Let’s move onto our bellies. Try to focus on all the muscles in your belly and back. Squeeze all the muscles in your belly and back the best you can. Keep squeezing... (5-10 seconds) Let go.

Let’s think about our legs. All the muscles from your hips to your ankles. Squeeze ALL those muscles in both legs. Keep squeezing... (5-10 seconds) Let go.

Let’s think about our feet. Just like we did with our hands. We are going to squeeze all the muscles in our feet. Squeeze the muscles in your feet, curl your toes up. Keep squeezing... (5-10 seconds) Let go.

Let’s bring our attention all the way up to our heads. Think about all the muscles in your face. We are going to make really funny looking faces, squeezing all the muscles in our faces like we just ate a really sour lemon. Squeeze all the muscles in your face. Keep squeezing... (5-10 seconds) Let go.

We have one last squeeze. This time we are going to try and squeeze ALL the muscles in our ENTIRE body. From the top of your head all the way down to your toes. Ready? Ok squeeze EVERYTHING. Keep squeezing... (5-10 seconds) Let go. Let all your hard work sink in. Let your muscles relax. Let’s try to see if we can stay here, just like this, after all that hard work for a full minute. I will time you and let you know when the minute is up. (You can start as low as 20 seconds, gradually increasing by 10 seconds each time your child does this).”
Art Activities for Kids & Teens

The biggest rule for most of these activities is always safety first. If there are steps that require scissors please assist your child to whatever level they need, or do it for them. If there are very young children/infants in your house and any of the art materials require small pieces which could be choking hazards be sure to designate an areas for the older ones to work. Use all your same daily precautions in any of the below listed activities that you do for everything else your child engages in.

Aside from safety, there are no rules about what these projects have to look like at the end. It doesn’t matter if their end piece of art barely resembles the activity or if your child hears what you are suggesting and decides to completely change it up. It doesn’t matter if things are the color they are “supposed” to be or if they don’t look anything like what your child says they are. It doesn’t matter if they start an activity and decide 5 minutes into it that they are done. These are here to provide some stress relieving ways to fill your days. Not to create stress. If at any point they seem more stressful than helpful, pause, see if you can figure out what it is that isn’t working and if all else fails, pick another activity or take a break and return when everyone is calmer.

Many of these activities can be enjoyed by most age groups. There are certainly some geared more specifically at the younger crowd, and at the bottom there are a few that are geared specifically toward older kids/teens. But overall, most age groups could engage in the majority of these in some way. Lastly, some of these projects may suggest materials you do not have. That does not have to mean you can’t do that activity. There are often ways to substitute various items for the ones actually listed. Many of these activities can be thought of as a starting off point and you can be as creative and innovative with materials as you need to be.

Activities with Just Paper and a Drawing Material:

What is your favorite memory?

Materials:
PAPER
Any Drawing Material

This one is just about as simple as it sounds. Ask your child to think of their favorite memory and use whatever drawing materials they have to illustrate part of it. You can be more specific and talk about a favorite memory with your family, a favorite memory with a friend, a favorite memory that happened outside, etc.
**Peaceful/Favorite Place**

**Materials:**
- Paper
- Any Drawing Material

During a time of heightened anxiety it can be helpful for children to be able to imagine a place where they feel safe and comfortable. Have your child think about a favorite place, a place they find comforting or peaceful. It can be real or imaginary. And then ask them to create any part of it they want on the paper.

If you want to take it further you can ask them what it is about the place they like so much. You can explain to them that any time they want they can close their eyes and imagine themselves there. You can help them practice this by having them find a comfortable place to sit or lie down and close their eyes. Ask them to imagine they are in their favorite place and ask them to notice what the temperature feels like? Do they hear anything? Do they smell anything? What colors do they see? Etc.

**Mindfulness Drawing**

![Mindfulness Drawing Image]

**Materials:**
- Paper
- Any Drawing Material

The drawing in this example is black and white, which you can stick to but you can also incorporate as much or little color into this activity as you want/have available. Your child will fill the page with lines to create an entire background of enclosed shapes (for really young kids you can assist them with this part). It doesn’t matter what the shapes are, how straight or bendy the lines are. And then they simply fill in the shapes.

They can explore patterns with this by either filling the spaces with actual patterns as in the image above, or by creating patterns with colors. They can also fill it however they want and abandon the idea of a pattern all together. Older kids/teens enjoy this one too, often creating smaller or more involved shapes. experience the same kind of meditative state that
Working to fill the page one small shape at a time can be a very meditative creative process for some children. This does not have to be completed all in one sitting.

A Butterfly a Day

Materials:
Paper
Any Drawing Material
Scissors
Tape

Optional: collage materials(ex: magazines, pompoms, sequins, googly eyes, etc.) and glue

With some scissors and any kind of drawing material you can turn a sheet a paper into multiple butterfly shapes. If you do not have scissors it can also be fun to fold the paper in half and try to rip the page into a butterfly shape that way. You can make multiple butterfly shapes all in one sitting, or, while you are stuck at home, you can turn this into an on-going activity that happens every day/a few times a week/whenever you remember. One of the most fun parts of this is to watch the group of butterflies grow. So before you start, find a window, a wall, or a large piece of paper they can all be attached to and add them as you go.

If you want to add another element to this you can ask your kids about where they would fly if they were butterflies? If it is something they are doing across multiple days/weeks you can suggest they use colors each day that reflects some part of that particular day. They can use lines, shapes, colors, words, etc., there are no rules.
Activities Using Mostly Household Items:

Sock Bubbles

Materials:
Empty Plastic Bottle (soda bottles work best but if you don’t have a soda bottle any bottle you can cut, get a sock around, and that has a mouth piece small enough for your child to blow into will work)
Scissors
Old Sock
Dish Soap and Water
Optional: Food Coloring

You will have to cut the end off of the bottle. This step should be done by an adult with care as the cut edge can be a little sharp. You will want to cut enough off so that when you pull the sock over the cut end it will stay on. You can also duct tape it to the bottle if that feels more secure.

Dip the sock covered end of the bottle into a shallow bowl with a mixture of dish soap and water, blow through the mouth piece of the bottle, and a bubble snake will start to come out the sock end of the bottle. For added fun if you have food coloring, add a few drops of food coloring to the part of the sock the bubbles come out of and they will change color.

Rain Stick
Materials:
Paper Towel Roll
Rice
Aluminum Foil
Paper
Scissors
Pencil/Pen
Tape (if you have something a little stronger than scotch tape that is great but if that is all you have that is fine too)

Optional: Varied art materials to decorate the outside

Your rain sticks can be as wild as the example in the picture, as simple as markers on the tube, or even simpler with no decorations on the outside at all. First you will trace the end of the tube on your piece of paper. Cut out a circle slightly larger than the circle you’ve traced and then cut slits from the outside of the large circle to the line where you traced the roll. You will end up with tabs going all the way around what looks like a paper sun. Choose one side of the roll and position the circle on it, fold the tabs around the tube and tape them on. You want to tape them on pretty well because children enjoy shaking these and you want to ensure the end will stay on.

Next crumble your aluminum foil in a jagged, messy cylinder shape that is almost the same length as but slightly slimmer than the tube. The bendy and more jagged the better as long as it still fits in the tube. Slip your aluminum foil inside and pour your rice in. You want to fill it about half way with rice so that the sound lasts long enough but that there isn’t so much that it can’t move. Close up the other side the way you closed the first. Add some extra tape just in case. Decorate the outside however you want, and then start flipping it over from side to side to hear the rain.

Salt Painting

Materials:
Glue (Elmer’s or similar, not a glue stick)
Salt
Watercolor Paint or Watered Down Food Coloring
Start by having your child “draw” on the paper with the glue making any design they want. It can be an actual image, or it can be lines and shapes. They will then cover their creation in salt, and pour off any excess. Add water to your food coloring or make very watery watercolor paint. They will dip their paintbrush in the color, then touch it to the salt, and the colors will spread down the lines like magic.

**Plastic Bottle People**

Materials:
- Cardboard
- Paper
- Plastic Bottles
- Any Drawing Material
- Scissors
- Glue
- Paper

Optional: Paint

You can turn old plastic bottles/containers into people. Have your child pick a container and remove any plastic wrapping from the outside. If you have paint they can decorate it that way but this is not necessary. Allow them to draw a face for their bottle person on cardboard and then cut it out for them. When cutting out the face, leave a strip under the chin to allow for easy insertion and attachment to the bottle.

From there the rest is up to your creative ideas. They can use the paper to create clothes, jewelry, arms, shoes, etc. You can make it a 3-d family portrait and actually make the members of your family. If there are any friends from school or family members they won’t see
for a little while they can make the bottles into them. They can also make up imaginary characters if interests them most. They can engage in play with the characters once they are done or simply leave them as pieces of art.

Shaving Cream Marbling

Materials:
- Shaving Foam
- Ruler or Square Piece of Cardboard for Scraping
- Liquid Watercolor Paint or Watered Down Food Coloring
- Fork (or something to swirl the colors with)
- A Dropper of Some Kind (an old medicine dropper will do)
- Paper (thicker paper works better but any paper will do)
- Shallow Pan

Start by filling your pan with a layer of shaving foam. Add a few drops of various colors to the top of the foam. Use your fork to swirl the colors into each other. Then simply lay your paper down on top of the shaving foam, push it down a little, and lift it back up. Put it face-up on a flat surface and use the ruler or cardboard to scrape off the excess shaving cream and reveal the intricate marble designs. You might be able to get several prints from those first colors. Whenever it stops working just add more drops of color to the top of the foam and start the process all over again.
Coffee Filter Stained Glass

Materials:
Coffee Filters
Paper to Lean On
Washable Markers
Spray Bottle
Water

Optional: Pipe Cleaner

Your child will start by coloring in as much of the coffee filter as they can with as many colors as they want (you will want to put something under the coffee filter when they are coloring as the markers will bleed through). They are welcome to create an actual design but you might want to explain to them that the design may melt away once they spray the coffee filter with water. Keeping the paper underneath the coffee filter, allow them to spray the coffee filter as much or as little as they want. More water equals more bleeding of colors. While the coffee filter is still a little wet it will stick to a window and create a stained glass like effect.

Optional: Bunch the coffee filter up in the middle and use a pipe cleaner to create a butterfly.
Outside/Nature Activities:

If you have a safe place to get outside, some fresh air can help push through being stuck at home. These directives include natural supplies which are usually easy to find. With any of these outside activities please be sure to take all the normal precautions while outside and wash your and your child’s hands thoroughly upon going back in. They all also have an indoor option in case getting outside is not possible right now.

Power Sticks

Materials:
Sticks
Paint
Damp paper towels

Head outside, to a safe place, with the mission of collecting sticks. Wipe them down with a damp paper towel before you paint them to help the paint stick to their surface. It is entertaining enough to simply paint objects that we don’t usually paint. Collecting, wiping, and painting the sticks is a full activity on its own. If you wanted, however, to take it one step further you could ask your children if they understand what it means to feel strong and powerful? Continue the conversation by asking them if they can name anything that makes them feel that way, or a time they felt that way. Once that feels complete, ask them to come up with a color, or colors, that feel powerful and strong and start with those colors when they paint their sticks.

Inside alternative: paper towel rolls
Painted Rocks

Materials:
Rocks
Paint
Paper towels
Soap and water

This one is exactly what it sounds like. You can go on a rock hunt and look for rocks of different shapes. Rinse them off with soap and water when you get inside to help the paint stick to the rock surface, dry them off, and paint away. You can base your creation on the shape/size/color of the rock or just let your imagination turn it into whatever you want.

Inside alternative: cut up pieces of cardboard into rock shapes and create an “inside rock garden”

Nature Mandala
**Materials:**
Any small moveable natural material you can safely find outside

The word “Mandala” is a fancy word for working within a circle. A circle is a naturally calming shape to work with and mandalas have been created for thousands of years for that reason. There are really no rules to this one other than working within a circle (and even that is subject to artistic license). Find a flat-ish space outside where you will build your design and then the rest is up to you and your child. You can collect all your supplies first and then start designing, or you can design as you go. You can use this as an opportunity to talk about patterns and incorporate them into the design, or you can completely abandon that and fill the space however you want.

Inside alternative: small toys, legos, game pieces, etc.

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**Nature Loom**

**Materials:**
- Sticks
- String or Yarn
- Natural soft, weave-able materials

You will start by collecting sticks to use as your frame and securely tying the corners together. You can get adventurous and change the shape of the frame into a triangle, circle, etc. But a square or rectangle works just fine.

Once the frame is tied together tie your string to one corner and begin weaving it back and forth across the frame. Wrapping the string/yarn around the stick twice each time will keep it tight enough to hold things in place. You want the string tight enough to hold your objects but not so tight that it breaks your frame apart. Once you get to the other side, tie off your string and you are ready to start weaving. You can find all kinds of things to weave through it: grass,
leaves, seed pods, weeds, etc. Please be mindful of what your child is picking and of any allergies/potential irritation any of these objects could aggravate.

Inside option: You can turn an old picture frame into a loom with yarn using a similar wrapping technique on the frame as described above. Any soft household objects can be woven into the loom. It can be a fun reason to cut up old t-shirts that have been lying around, or you can simply use ribbon and strips of paper.

**Older Kids and Teen Activities:**

**Rolled Paper beads**

**Materials:**
- Paper
- Scissors
- Glue
- A cylindrical prop to wrap the beads around (toothpick, straw, pencil, etc.)
- String

This one can really be done by all ages with a few modifications which will be explained. You will start with long skinny triangle shaped pieces of paper. Depending on the age of your child they can help you create those or they can be prepared beforehand. The younger the child you are working with the wider and bigger you will want your triangles.

You can have your child paint/design one side of the paper before you cut it into strips, keeping in mind it will be cut up. Making the triangles from magazine pages can sometimes
create some interesting designs as well. Once you have your triangles it’s time to roll them. The older the child the smaller the prop can be; teenagers can use toothpicks or pencils, younger kids can use pencils or a large straw. Put a strip of glue down the side of the paper that will be the inside, and begin rolling it around the prop of choice. Add some extra glue to the very end before finishing the wrap and then remove the prop, setting the bead aside to dry. Once you have created enough to make a piece of jewelry string them together and you’re done.

Altered Book

An altered book is the process of taking a published book and turning into a visual art journal. Often a perk of this activity is the element of almost feeling like you are breaking some rule by creating inside an actual book. It can be an ongoing project (people work on the same altered book for years), and the sky is the limit (if you can think of a visual art technique there is probably a way to incorporate it into your book).

Your child would pick an old book, hardcover with mostly text usually work best, and just start creating. Whenever they want to use paint or a material which may bleed through the page it is smart to glue a couple pages together first. Some people decorate the cover, some don’t. Some people work from the front to the back of the book, and some people open up to a random page every time they are going to make an entry. Some people disregard the words on the page, and some people read the page for inspiration pulling out a few words to spark their creativity. Envelopes can be added, pages can be ripped out. It can be painted, collaged, drawn in, etc. This can be a great long term project for pre-teen/teens.
Materials:
Paper
Drawing Material
Something circular to trace as your outline (Tupperware container, large bottle, etc.)

As mentioned in the nature mandala description, “mandala” is a term for creating within a circle. There is an innately calming quality to working within that shape and it has been done for thousands of years. All you need is a piece of paper, drawing/painting materials of any kind, and something you can trace for your circle. This can be a one-time thing, or can become a quick daily practice. Some people use the circle as a container and create whatever they want inside, some people use the inside of the circle as a place to create something that reflects how they are feeling in that moment. They can use this container however they want. They can stay inside the circle or create on both sides of it.

If this is something your child wants to do more than once, and you have any kind of drawing pad or notebook you can have them trace their circles in the book keeping all their mandalas in one place. They can also just as easily all be on separate sheets of paper if that is preferred or a pad is not available.