



February 28, 2020

ENGROSSED

HOUSE BILL No. 1182

DIGEST OF HB 1182 (Updated February 26, 2020 12:31 pm - DI 123)

Citations Affected: IC 5-10; IC 16-18; IC 16-21; IC 16-30; IC 16-41; IC 16-49.5; IC 20-26; IC 20-30; IC 20-34; IC 31-11; IC 31-33; IC 34-30; IC 34-46.

Synopsis: HIV, fatality reviews, and syringe exchange programs. Removes acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) from the statutory definition of "exposure risk disease". Replaces the term "AIDS" with the term "human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)" where appropriate. Replaces the term "carrier" with the term "individual with a communicable disease" where appropriate. Replaces the term "danger" with the term "risk" where appropriate. Replaces the term "spread" with the term "transmission" where appropriate. Replaces the term "HIV antibody" with "human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)" where appropriate. Requires the state department of health (department) to specify, in any literature provided to children and young adults concerning HIV, that abstinence is the best way to prevent the transmission of HIV as a result of sexual activity. Provides that a physician or the authorized representative of a physician may not order an HIV test unless the physician or the authorized representative of a physician: (1) informs the patient of the test orally or in writing; (2) provides the patient with an explanation of the test orally, in writing, (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2020.

Clere, Cook, Barrett, Fleming

(SENATE SPONSORS — BECKER, GROOMS, CRIDER, BREAUX,
FORD J.D.)

January 13, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.

January 23, 2020, amended, reported — Do Pass.

January 27, 2020, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.

January 28, 2020, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 98, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 5, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider Services.

February 27, 2020, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

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Digest Continued

by video, or by a combination of these methods; and (3) informs the patient orally or in writing of the patient's right to ask questions and to refuse the test. Requires the information to be communicated to the patient in a language or manner that the patient understands. Requires a physician or an authorized representative of the physician to inform a patient of the counseling services and treatment options available to the patient if an HIV test indicates that the patient is HIV positive. Requires a patient to be notified of their right to a: (1) hearing; and (2) counsel; in certain situations involving a court ordered HIV test. Specifies that the use of antiretroviral drugs and other medical interventions may lessen the likelihood of transmitting HIV to a child during childbirth. (Current law states that birth by caesarean section may lessen the likelihood of transmitting HIV to a child during childbirth). Provides that the requirement to dispose of semen that contains the HIV antibody does not apply if the semen is used according to safer conception practices endorsed by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or other generally accepted medical experts. Revises the definition of "health care provider". Provides that a patient is considered to have consented to: (1) testing for the presence of a dangerous communicable disease of a type that has been epidemiologically demonstrated to be transmittable by an exposure of the kind experienced by the affected health care provider; and (2) the release of testing results to a medical director or an affected physician in the event of an exposure; if the patient is unable to consent to testing or the release of test results due to physical or mental incapacity. Allows a health care provider or a health care provider's employer to petition a court for an order requiring a patient to provide a blood or bodily fluid specimen in certain instances. Allows a health care provider, a health care provider's employer, or the state department of health to request certain test results when a patient is a witness, bystander, or victim of alleged criminal activity in certain instances. Provides that a health care provider may request a notification concerning exposure to certain communicable diseases in certain instances. Allows a health care provider to designate a physician to receive certain test results following a possible exposure to certain communicable diseases. Requires a health care provider to be notified of an exposure to certain communicable diseases not later than 48 hours after certain notifications have been issued. Requires a health care provider to be provided with: (1) medically necessary treatment; and (2) counseling; following an exposure to certain communicable diseases. Requires a suicide and overdose fatality review team (SOFR team) to review certain suicide and overdose fatalities. Allows a SOFR team to make recommendations concerning the prevention of suicide and overdose fatalities. Specifies membership, record keeping, and data entry requirements for SOFR teams. Renumerbs the article concerning suicide and overdose fatality teams for purposes of conflict resolution. Requires a syringe exchange program to: (1) provide testing for communicable diseases and provide services or a referral for services if the individual tests positive; and (2) establish a referral process for program participants in need of information or education concerning communicable diseases or health care. Requires the state department of health to include certain information concerning syringe exchange programs in the report to the general assembly before November 1, 2020. Extends the expiration date for certain syringe exchange programs from July 1, 2021, to July 1, 2022. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments and technical corrections.

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February 28, 2020

Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1182

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 5-10-13-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. As used in this
3 chapter, "exposure risk disease" refers to:

4 (1) acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS);
5 (2) anthrax;
6 (3) hepatitis;
7 (4) human immunodeficiency virus (HIV);
8 (5) meningococcal meningitis;
9 (6) smallpox; and or
10 (7) tuberculosis.

11 SECTION 2. IC 5-10-13-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
13 provided in section 6 of this chapter, an employee who:

14 (1) is diagnosed with a health condition caused by an exposure
15 risk disease that:

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(A) requires medical treatment; and
(B) results in total or partial disability or death;

(2) by written affidavit has provided to the employee's employer a verification described in subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f); and
(3) before the employee is diagnosed with a health condition caused by hepatitis or tuberculosis, tests negative for evidence of hepatitis or tuberculosis through medical testing;

is presumed to have a disability or death incurred in the line of duty.

(b) An employee who is diagnosed with a health condition caused by hepatitis and, if the health condition results in disability or death, wishes to have a presumption of disability or death incurred in the line of duty apply to the employee shall, by written affidavit executed before death, provide verification that the employee has not:

- (1) outside the scope of the employee's current employment, been exposed through transfer of body fluids to an individual known to have a medical condition caused by hepatitis;
- (2) received blood products other than a transfusion received because of an injury to the employee that occurred in the scope of the employee's current employment;
- (3) received blood products for the treatment of a coagulation disorder since testing negative for hepatitis;
- (4) engaged in sexual practices or other behavior identified as high risk by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the Surgeon General of the United States;
- (5) had sexual relations with another individual known to the employee to have engaged in sexual practices or other behavior described in subdivision (4); or
- (6) used intravenous drugs that were not prescribed by a physician.

(c) An employee who is diagnosed with a health condition caused by meningococcal meningitis and, if the health condition results in disability or death, wishes to have a presumption of disability or death incurred in the line of duty apply to the employee shall, by written affidavit executed before death, provide verification that the employee, in the ten (10) days immediately preceding the diagnosis, was not exposed to another individual known to:

- (1) have meningococcal meningitis; or
- (2) be an asymptomatic carrier of meningococcal meningitis; outside the scope of the employee's current employment.

(d) An employee who is diagnosed with a health condition caused by tuberculosis and, if the health condition results in disability or death, wishes to have a presumption of disability or death incurred in the line



1 of duty apply to the employee shall, by written affidavit executed
2 before death, provide verification that the employee has not, outside the
3 scope of the employee's current employment, been exposed to another
4 individual known to have tuberculosis.

5 (e) An employee who is diagnosed with a health condition caused
6 by AIDS or HIV and, if the health condition results in disability or
7 death, wishes to have a presumption of disability or death incurred in
8 the line of duty apply to the employee shall, by written affidavit
9 executed before death, provide verification that the employee has not:

10 (1) outside the scope of the employee's current employment, been
11 exposed through transfer of body fluids to an individual known to
12 have a medical condition caused by AIDS or HIV;

13 (2) received blood products other than a transfusion received
14 because of an injury to the employee that occurred in the scope of
15 the employee's current employment;

16 (3) received blood products for the treatment of a coagulation
17 disorder since testing negative for AIDS or HIV;

18 (4) engaged in sexual practices or other behavior identified as
19 high risk by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the
20 Surgeon General of the United States;

21 (5) had sexual relations with another individual known to the
22 employee to have engaged in sexual practices or other behavior
23 described in subdivision (4); or

24 (6) used intravenous drugs that were not prescribed by a
25 physician.

26 (f) An employee who is diagnosed with a health condition caused by
27 smallpox and, if the health condition results in disability or death,
28 wishes to have a presumption of disability or death incurred in the line
29 of duty apply to the employee shall, by written affidavit executed
30 before death, provide verification that the employee has not, outside the
31 scope of the employee's current employment, been exposed to another
32 individual known to have smallpox.

33 (g) A presumption of disability or death incurred in the line of duty
34 may be rebutted by competent evidence.

35 (h) A meeting or hearing held to rebut a presumption of disability
36 or death incurred in the line of duty may be held as an executive
37 session under IC 5-14-1.5-6.1(b)(1).

38 SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-49 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
39 2020]. See: 49. "Carrier", for purposes of IC 16-41, means a person
40 who has:

41 (1) tuberculosis in a communicable stage; or
42 (2) another dangerous communicable disease.



1 SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-91 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2 2020]. See: 91. "Dangerous communicable disease", for purposes of
3 IC 16-41, means a communicable disease that is set forth in the list
4 published by the state department under IC 16-41-2-1.

5 SECTION 5. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2019,
6 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 163. (a) **Except as provided in subsection (c),**
8 "health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means
9 any of the following:

10 (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional
11 corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally
12 authorized by this state to provide health care or professional
13 services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital,
14 a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3),
15 a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an
16 optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical
17 therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist,
18 a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, an
19 advanced emergency medical technician, an athletic trainer, or a
20 person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual,
21 partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or
22 institution acting in the course and scope of the person's
23 employment.

24 (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health
25 care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the
26 governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent
27 of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course
28 and scope of the person's employment.

29 (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community
30 intellectual disability center, community health center, or migrant
31 health center.

32 (4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).

33 (5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
34 IC 27-13-1-19).

35 (6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
36 partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).

37 (7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not
38 otherwise qualified under this subsection that:

39 (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,
40 partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;

41 (B) is organized or registered under state law; and

42 (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care



1 provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or
2 professional corporation's health care function.

3 Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is
4 limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not
5 extend to other causes of action.

6 (b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the
7 meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35,
8 the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this
9 chapter).

10 (c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-32-5, IC 16-36-5,
11 and IC 16-36-6, **and IC 16-41-10** means an individual licensed or
12 authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services
13 as:

- 14 (1) a licensed physician;
- 15 (2) a registered nurse;
- 16 (3) a licensed practical nurse;
- 17 (4) an advanced practice registered nurse;
- 18 (5) a certified nurse midwife;
- 19 (6) a paramedic;
- 20 (7) an emergency medical technician;
- 21 (8) an advanced emergency medical technician;
- 22 (9) an emergency medical responder, as defined by section 109.8
23 of this chapter;
- 24 (10) a licensed dentist;
- 25 (11) a home health aide, as defined by section 174 of this chapter;
26 or
- 27 (12) a licensed physician assistant.

28 The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a
29 health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's
30 employment.

31 (d) "Health care provider", for purposes of section 1.5 of this
32 chapter and IC 16-40-4, means any of the following:

- 33 (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional
34 corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or authorized by
35 the state to provide health care or professional services as a
36 licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health
37 facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), an
38 ambulatory outpatient surgical center, a dentist, an optometrist, a
39 pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a psychologist, or a
40 person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual,
41 partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or
42 institution acting in the course and scope of the person's



1 employment.

2 (2) A blood bank, laboratory, community mental health center,

3 community intellectual disability center, community health

4 center, or migrant health center.

5 (3) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).

6 (4) A health maintenance organization (as defined in

7 IC 27-13-1-19).

8 (5) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or

9 partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).

10 (6) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not

11 otherwise specified in this subsection that:

12 (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,

13 partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;

14 (B) is organized or registered under state law; and

15 (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care

16 provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or

17 professional corporation's health care function.

18 (7) A person that is designated to maintain the records of a person

19 described in subdivisions (1) through (6).

20 (e) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-45-4, has the

21 meaning set forth in 47 CFR 54.601(a).

22 SECTION 6. IC 16-18-2-188.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

23 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

24 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: **Sec. 188.3. "Individual with a**

25 **communicable disease", for purposes of IC 16-41, means a person**

26 **who has:**

27 **(1) tuberculosis in a communicable state; or**

28 **(2) another serious communicable disease.**

29 SECTION 7. IC 16-18-2-194.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.138-2006,

30 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

31 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 194.5. "Isolation", for purposes of IC 16-41-9,

32 means the physical separation, including confinement or restriction, of

33 an individual or a group of individuals from the general public if the

34 individual or group is infected with a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable

35 disease (as described in ~~IC 16-18-2-91~~ **IC 16-18-2-327.5** and 410

36 IAC 1-2.3-47), in order to prevent or limit the transmission of the

37 disease to an uninfected individual.

38 SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-302.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.138-2006,

39 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

40 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 302.6. "Quarantine", for purposes of IC 16-41-9,

41 means the physical separation, including confinement or restriction of

42 movement, of an individual or a group of individuals who have been



1 exposed to a ~~dangerous~~ serious communicable disease (as described
2 in ~~IC 16-18-2-91~~ **IC 16-18-2-327.5** and 410 IAC 1-2.3-47), during the
3 disease's period of communicability, in order to prevent or limit the
4 transmission of the disease to an uninfected individual.

5 SECTION 9. IC 16-18-2-327.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: **Sec. 327.5. "Serious communicable**
8 **disease"**, for purposes of IC 16-41, means a communicable disease
9 that is classified by the state department as posing a serious health
10 risk under IC 16-41-2-1.

11 SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-328 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 328. "Serious and
13 present ~~danger~~ risk to the health of others", for purposes of IC 16-41-7
14 and IC 16-41-9, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-41-7-2.

15 SECTION 11. IC 16-21-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.138-2006,
16 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. With the approval of the budget director and
18 upon the recommendation of the budget committee, each county that
19 has incurred costs for a **carrier an individual with a communicable**
20 **disease** under:

21 (1) IC 16-41-1;
22 (2) IC 16-41-2;
23 (3) IC 16-41-3;
24 (4) IC 16-41-5;
25 (5) IC 16-41-6;
26 (6) IC 16-41-7;
27 (7) IC 16-41-8;
28 (8) IC 16-41-9; or
29 (9) IC 16-41-13;

30 is entitled to a pro rata share of the money remaining at the end of the
31 state fiscal year in the fund established under this chapter.

32 SECTION 12. IC 16-30-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. The state department
34 shall consider the following factors in determining the allocation to a
35 political subdivision of resources or funds that are appropriated from
36 the general fund to the state department for the prevention of the ~~spread~~
37 ~~transmission of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS): the~~
38 ~~human immunodeficiency virus (HIV):~~

39 (1) The population size.
40 (2) The reported incidence of the human immunodeficiency virus
41 (HIV).
42 (3) The availability of resources.



1 SECTION 13. IC 16-41-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2019,
2 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) The state department may adopt rules under
4 IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1, that
5 establish reporting, monitoring, and preventive procedures for
6 communicable diseases.

7 (b) The state department shall publish a list of:
8 (1) reportable communicable diseases;
9 (2) other diseases or conditions that ~~are a danger to pose a~~
10 **serious health risk** based upon the characteristics of the disease
11 or condition; and
12 (3) the control measures for the diseases and conditions;
13 on the state department's Internet web site. The state department is not
14 required to adopt rules under subsection (a) for the list described in this
15 subsection.

16 (c) In updating the list described in subsection (b), the state
17 department:

18 (1) shall consider recommendations from:
19 (A) the United States Centers for Disease Control and
20 Prevention; and
21 (B) the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists; and
22 (2) may consult with local health departments.

23 SECTION 14. IC 16-41-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
24 SECTION 304, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) The state department may
26 adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the compilation for statistical
27 purposes of information collected under IC 16-41-2.

28 (b) The state department shall adopt procedures to gather, monitor,
29 and tabulate case reports of incidents involving ~~dangerous serious~~
30 communicable diseases or unnatural outbreaks of diseases known or
31 suspected to be used as weapons. The state department shall
32 specifically engage in medical surveillance, tabulation, and reporting
33 of confirmed or suspected cases set forth by the Centers for Disease
34 Control and Prevention of the United States Department of Health and
35 Human Services and the United States Public Health Service of the
36 United States Department of Health and Human Services.

37 (c) The state department shall notify the:
38 (1) department of homeland security;
39 (2) Indiana State Police; and
40 (3) county health department and local law enforcement agency
41 having jurisdiction of each unnatural outbreak or reported case
42 described in subsection (b);



1 as soon as possible after the state department receives a report under
2 subsection (b). Notification under this subsection must be made not
3 more than twenty-four (24) hours after receiving a report.

4 SECTION 15. IC 16-41-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) The state
6 department shall tabulate all case reports of tuberculosis and other
7 ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable diseases reported under this article
8 or under rules adopted under this article. The state department shall
9 determine the prevalence and distribution of disease in Indiana and
10 devise methods for restricting and controlling disease.

11 (b) The state department shall include the information on the
12 prevalence and distribution of tuberculosis and other ~~dangerous serious~~
13 communicable diseases in the state department's annual report.

14 (c) The state department shall disseminate the information prepared
15 under this section.

16 (d) The state department shall develop capabilities and procedures
17 to perform preliminary analysis and identification in as close to a real
18 time basis as is scientifically possible of unknown bacterial substances
19 that have been or may be employed as a weapon. The state department
20 shall implement the developed capacity and procedures immediately
21 after the state department achieves a Level B capability as determined
22 by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States
23 Department of Health and Human Services and the United States
24 Public Health Service of the United States Department of Health and
25 Human Services.

26 SECTION 16. IC 16-41-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. The state department
28 must provide information stressing the moral aspects of abstinence
29 from sexual activity in any literature that the state department
30 distributes to school children and young adults concerning available
31 methods for the prevention of ~~acquired immune deficiency syndrome~~
32 (~~AIDS~~): **the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)**. Such literature
33 must state that the best way to ~~avoid AIDS prevent HIV transmission~~
34 **as a result of sexual activity** is for young people to refrain from sexual
35 activity until the young people are ready as adults to establish, in the
36 context of marriage, a mutually faithful monogamous relationship.

37 SECTION 17. IC 16-41-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. The state department
39 may not distribute ~~AIDS HIV~~ literature described in section 1 of this
40 chapter to school children without the consent of the governing body
41 of the school corporation the school children attend.

42 SECTION 18. IC 16-41-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. The health officer
 2 may make an investigation of each ~~carrier of a dangerous individual~~
 3 **with a** communicable disease to determine whether the environmental
 4 conditions surrounding the ~~carrier individual with a communicable~~
 5 **disease** or the conduct of the ~~carrier individual with a communicable~~
 6 **disease** requires intervention by the health officer or designated health
 7 official to prevent the ~~spread transmission~~ of disease to others.

8 SECTION 19. IC 16-41-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.129-2018,
 9 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 10 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "physician's
 11 authorized representative" means:

12 (1) an advanced practice registered nurse (as defined by
 13 IC 25-23-1-1(b)) who is operating in collaboration with a licensed
 14 physician; or

15 (2) an individual acting under the supervision of a licensed
 16 physician and within the individual's scope of employment.

17 (b) ~~If~~ A physician or the physician's authorized representative
 18 determines that it is medically necessary to conduct ~~shall not order~~ an
 19 HIV test on an individual under the care of a physician ~~the physician,~~
 20 ~~or physician's authorized representative may order the test if unless~~ the
 21 physician or the physician's authorized representative **does the**
 22 **following:**

23 (1) Informs the patient of the test, **orally or in writing**.

24 (2) Provides **the patient with** an explanation of the test **orally, in**
 25 **writing, by video, or by a combination of these methods.** ~~and~~

26 (3) Informs the patient of the patient's right to **ask questions and**
 27 **to refuse** the test.

28 Subject to ~~subsection (d); subsection (e)~~, if the patient refuses the test,
 29 the physician or the physician's authorized representative may not
 30 perform the test and shall document the patient's refusal in the patient's
 31 medical record.

32 (c) **Unless it is clearly not feasible, the information delivered to**
 33 **the patient who is to be tested under subsection (b) must be**
 34 **provided in the native language or other communication used by**
 35 **the patient. If the patient is unable to read written materials, the**
 36 **materials must be translated or read to the patient in a language**
 37 **the patient understands.**

38 (e) (d) After ordering an HIV test for a patient, the physician or the
 39 physician's authorized representative shall

40 (1) discuss with the patient the availability of counseling
 41 concerning the test results; and

42 (2) notify the patient of the test results **and the availability of**



1 **HIV and other bloodborne disease prevention counseling.**

2 If a test conducted under this section indicates that a patient is HIV
3 infected; **positive**, in addition to the requirements set forth in
4 IC 16-41-2, the physician or the physician's authorized representative
5 shall inform the patient of **the availability of counseling and of the**
6 treatment and referral options available to the patient.

7 (f) (e) A physician or a physician's authorized representative may
8 order an HIV test to be performed without informing the patient or the
9 patient's representative (as defined in IC 16-36-1-2) of the test or
10 regardless of the patient's or the patient's representative's refusal of the
11 HIV test if any of the following conditions apply:

12 (1) If ordered by a physician, consent can be implied due to
13 emergency circumstances and the test is medically necessary to
14 diagnose or treat the patient's **emergent** condition.

15 (2) Under a court order based on clear and convincing evidence
16 of a serious and present health threat to others posed by an
17 individual. **A patient shall be notified of the patient's right to:**

18 (A) **a hearing; and**

19 (B) **counsel;**

20 **before a hearing is held under this subdivision. Any hearing**
21 **conducted under this subdivision** shall be held in camera at the
22 request of the individual.

23 (3) If the test is done on blood collected or tested anonymously as
24 part of an epidemiologic survey under IC 16-41-2-3 or
25 IC 16-41-17-10(a)(5).

26 (4) The test is ordered under section 4 of this chapter.

27 (5) The test is required or authorized under IC 11-10-3-2.5.

28 (6) The individual upon whom the test will be performed is
29 described in IC 16-41-8-6 or IC 16-41-10-2.5.

30 (7) A court has ordered the individual to undergo testing for HIV
31 under IC 35-38-1-10.5(a) or IC 35-38-2-2.3(a)(17).

32 (8) **Both of the following are met:**

33 (A) The individual is not capable of providing consent and an
34 authorized representative of the individual is not immediately
35 available to provide consent or refusal of the test.

36 (B) A health care provider acting within the scope of the
37 health care provider's employment comes into contact with the
38 blood or body fluids of the individual in a manner that has
39 been epidemiologically demonstrated to transmit HIV.

40 (e) (f) The state department shall make HIV testing and treatment
41 information from the federal Centers for Disease Control and
42 Prevention available to health care providers.



1 **(f) (g)** The state department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
2 necessary to implement this section.

3 SECTION 20. IC 16-41-6-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this
5 section, "informed consent" means authorization for a physical
6 examination, made without undue inducement or any form of force,
7 fraud, constraint, deceit, duress, or coercion after the following:

8 (1) A fair explanation of the examination, including the purpose,
9 potential uses, limitations, and the fair meaning of the
10 examination results.

11 (2) A fair explanation of the procedures to be followed, including
12 the following:

13 (A) The voluntary nature of the examination.

14 (B) The right to withdraw consent to the examination process
15 at any time.

16 (C) The right to anonymity to the extent provided by law with
17 respect to participation in the examination and disclosure of
18 examination results.

19 (D) The right to confidential treatment to the extent provided
20 by law of information identifying the subject of the
21 examination and the results of the examination.

22 (b) If the state health commissioner, the state health commissioner's
23 legally authorized agent, or local health official has reasonable grounds
24 to believe that an individual may have a communicable disease or other
25 disease that **poses is a danger to serious** health **risk**, the state health
26 commissioner, the state health commissioner's legally authorized agent,
27 or local health officer may ask the individual for written informed
28 consent to be examined to prevent the transmission of the disease to
29 other individuals.

30 (c) If the individual, when requested, refuses such an examination,
31 the state health commissioner, the state health commissioner's legally
32 authorized agent, or local health officer may compel the examination
33 only upon a court order based on clear and convincing evidence of a
34 serious and present health threat to others posed by the individual.

35 (d) A hearing held under this section shall be held in camera at the
36 request of the individual.

37 SECTION 21. IC 16-41-6-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. (a) The state
39 department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that include procedures:

40 (1) to inform the woman of the test results under this chapter,
41 whether they are positive or negative;

42 (2) for explaining the side effects of any treatment for HIV if the



1 test results under this chapter are positive; and
2 (3) to establish a process for a woman who tests positive under
3 this chapter to appeal the woman's status on a waiting list on a
4 treatment program for which the woman is eligible. The rule
5 must:
6 (A) include a requirement that the state department make a
7 determination in the process described in this subdivision not
8 later than seventy-two (72) hours after the state department
9 receives all the requested medical information; and
10 (B) set forth the necessary medical information that must be
11 provided to the state department and reviewed by the state
12 department in the process described in this subdivision.
13 (b) The state department shall maintain rules under IC 4-22-2 that
14 set forth standards to provide to women who are pregnant, before
15 delivery, at delivery, and after delivery, information concerning HIV.
16 The rules must include:
17 (1) an explanation of the nature of AIDS and HIV;
18 (2) information concerning discrimination and legal protections;
19 (3) information concerning the duty to notify persons at risk as
20 described in IC 16-41-7-1;
21 (4) information about risk behaviors for HIV transmission;
22 (5) information about the risk of transmission through breast
23 feeding;
24 (6) notification that if the woman chooses not to be tested for HIV
25 before delivery, at delivery the child will be tested subject to
26 section 4 of this chapter;
27 (7) procedures for obtaining informed, written consent for testing
28 under this chapter;
29 (8) procedures for post-test counseling by a health care provider
30 when the test results are communicated to the woman, whether
31 the results are positive or negative;
32 (9) procedures for referral for physical and emotional services if
33 the test results are positive;
34 (10) procedures for explaining the importance of immediate entry
35 into medical care if the test results are positive; and
36 (11) procedures for explaining that ~~giving birth by cesarean~~
37 ~~section may the use of antiretroviral drugs and other medical~~
38 ~~interventions~~ lessen the likelihood of ~~passing on~~ transmitting
39 HIV to the child during childbirth. ~~especially when done in~~
40 ~~combination with medications, if the test results are positive.~~
41 SECTION 22. IC 16-41-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) This section



1 applies to the following ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable diseases:

2 (1) Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).

3 (2) (1) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

4 (3) (2) Hepatitis B.

5 (b) As used in this section, "high risk activity" means sexual or
6 needle sharing contact that has been ~~demonstrated~~ epidemiologically
7 **demonstrated, as determined by the federal Centers for Disease**
8 **Control and Prevention, to bear a significant risk of transmit**
9 **transmitting a dangerous serious** communicable disease described in
10 subsection (a).

11 (c) As used in this section, "person at risk" means:

12 (1) past and present sexual or needle sharing partners who may
13 have engaged in high risk activity; or

14 (2) sexual or needle sharing partners before engaging in high risk
15 activity;

16 with ~~the carrier an individual with a communicable disease who has~~
17 ~~of a dangerous serious~~ communicable disease described in subsection
18 (a).

19 (d) ~~Carriers~~ **Individuals with a communicable disease** who know
20 of their status as a ~~carrier an individual with a communicable disease~~
21 **and have of a dangerous serious** communicable disease described in
22 subsection (a) have a duty to ~~warn~~ **inform** or cause to be ~~warned~~
23 **notified** by a third party a person at risk of the following:

24 (1) The ~~carrier's~~ **individual with a communicable disease's**
25 disease status.

26 (2) The need to seek health care such as counseling and testing.

27 SECTION 23. IC 16-41-7-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) ~~A~~ **carrier An**
29 **individual with a communicable disease** is a "serious and present
30 **danger risk** to the health of others" under the following conditions:

31 (1) The ~~carrier~~ **individual with a communicable disease** engages
32 repeatedly in a behavior that has been demonstrated
33 epidemiologically (as defined by rules adopted by the state
34 department under IC 4-22-2) to transmit a ~~dangerous~~ **serious**
35 communicable disease or that indicates a careless disregard for
36 the transmission of the disease to others.

37 (2) The ~~carrier's~~ **individual with a communicable disease's** past
38 behavior or statements indicate an imminent **danger risk** that the
39 ~~carrier~~ **individual with a communicable disease** will engage in
40 behavior that transmits a ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable
41 disease to others.

42 (3) The ~~carrier~~ **individual with a communicable disease** has



1 failed or refused to carry out the ~~carrier's individual with a~~ **communicable disease's** duty to ~~warn~~ **inform** under section 1 of
2 this chapter.

3 (b) A person who has reasonable cause to believe that a person:
4 (1) is a serious and present ~~danger~~ **risk** to the health of others as
5 described in subsection (a);
6 (2) has engaged in noncompliant behavior; or
7 (3) is suspected of being a person at risk (as described in section
8 1 of this chapter);

9 may report that information to a health officer.

10 (c) A person who makes a report under subsection (b) in good faith
11 is not subject to liability in a civil, an administrative, a disciplinary, or
12 a criminal action.

13 (d) A person who knowingly or recklessly makes a false report
14 under subsection (b) is civilly liable for actual damages suffered by a
15 person reported on and for punitive damages.

16 SECTION 24. IC 16-41-7-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) A licensed
18 physician who diagnoses, treats, or counsels a patient with a ~~dangerous~~
19 **serious** communicable disease shall inform the patient of the patient's
20 duty under section 1 of this chapter.

21 (b) A physician described in subsection (a) may notify the
22 following:

23 (1) A health officer if the physician has reasonable cause to
24 believe that a patient:
25 (A) is a serious and present ~~danger~~ **risk** to the health of others
26 as described in section 2(a) of this chapter;
27 (B) has engaged in noncompliant behavior; or
28 (C) is suspected of being a person at risk (as defined in section
29 1 of this chapter).

30 (2) A person at risk (as defined in section 1 of this chapter) or a
31 person legally responsible for the patient if the physician:
32 (A) has medical verification that the patient is a ~~carrier~~,
33 **an individual with a communicable disease**;

34 (B) knows the identity of the person at risk;
35 (C) has a reasonable belief of a significant risk of harm to the
36 identified person at risk;

37 (D) has reason to believe the identified person at risk has not
38 been informed and will not be informed of the risk by the
39 patient or another person; and

40 (E) has made reasonable efforts to inform the ~~carrier~~
41 **individual with a communicable disease** of the physician's



1 intent to make or cause the state department of health to make
2 a disclosure to the person at risk.

3 (c) A physician who notifies a person at risk under this section shall
4 do the following:

5 (1) Identify the **dangerous serious** communicable disease.
6 (2) Inform the person of available health care measures such as
7 counseling and testing.

8 (d) A physician who in good faith provides notification under this
9 section is not subject to liability in a civil, an administrative, a
10 disciplinary, or a criminal action.

11 (e) A patient's privilege with respect to a physician under
12 IC 34-46-3-1 is waived regarding:

13 (1) notification under subsection (b); and
14 (2) information provided about a patient's noncompliant behavior
15 in an investigation or action under this chapter, IC 16-41-2,
16 IC 16-41-3, IC 16-41-5, IC 16-41-6, IC 16-41-8, IC 16-41-9,
17 IC 16-41-13, IC 16-41-14, and IC 16-41-16.

18 (f) A physician's immunity from liability under subsection (d)
19 applies only to the provision of information reasonably calculated to
20 protect an identified person who is at epidemiological risk of infection.

21 (g) A physician who notifies a person under this section is also
22 required to satisfy the reporting requirements under IC 16-41-2-2
23 through IC 16-41-2-8.

24 SECTION 25. IC 16-41-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this
26 section, "person at risk" means an individual who in the best judgment
27 of a licensed physician:

28 (1) has engaged in high risk activity (as defined in section 1 of
29 this chapter); or
30 (2) is in imminent **danger risk** of engaging in high risk activity (as
31 defined in section 1 of this chapter).

32 (b) If a health officer is notified in writing by a physician under
33 section 3(b)(1)(A) of this chapter of a patient:

34 (1) for whom the physician has medical verification that the
35 patient is a **carrier**; **an individual with a communicable disease**;
36 and

37 (2) who, in the best judgment of the physician, is a serious and
38 present **danger risk** to the health of others;
39 the health officer shall make an investigation of the **carrier individual**
40 **with a communicable disease** as authorized in IC 16-41-5-2 to
41 determine whether the environmental conditions surrounding the
42 **carrier individual with a communicable disease** or the conduct of the



1 **carrier individual with a communicable disease** requires the
2 intervention by the health officer or designated health official to
3 prevent the **spread transmission** of disease to others.

4 (c) If the state department is requested in writing by a physician who
5 has complied with the requirements of section 3(b)(2) of this chapter
6 to notify a person at risk, the state department shall notify the person
7 at risk unless, in the opinion of the state department, the person at risk:

- 8 (1) has already been notified;
- 9 (2) will be notified; or
- 10 (3) will otherwise be made aware that the person is a person at
11 risk.

12 (d) The state department shall establish a confidential registry of all
13 persons submitting written requests under subsection (c).

14 (e) The state department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
15 implement this section. Local health officers may submit advisory
16 guidelines to the state department to implement this chapter,
17 IC 16-41-1, IC 16-41-3, IC 16-41-5, IC 16-41-8, or IC 16-41-9. The
18 state department shall fully consider such advisory guidelines before
19 adopting a rule under IC 4-22-2-29 implementing this chapter,
20 IC 16-41-1, IC 16-41-3, IC 16-41-5, IC 16-41-8, or IC 16-41-9.

21 SECTION 26. IC 16-41-7.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2017,
22 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. A qualified entity that operates a program under
24 this chapter must do the following:

25 (1) Annually register the program in a manner prescribed by the
26 state department with the:

- 27 (A) state department; and
- 28 (B) local health department in the county or municipality
29 where services will be provided by the qualified entity if the
30 qualified entity is not the local health department.

31 (2) Have one (1) of the following licensed in Indiana provide
32 oversight to the qualified entity's programs:

- 33 (A) A physician.
- 34 (B) A registered nurse.
- 35 (C) A physician assistant.

36 (3) Store and dispose of all syringes and needles collected in a
37 safe and legal manner.

38 (4) Provide education and training on drug overdose response and
39 treatment, including the administration of an overdose
40 intervention drug.

41 (5) Provide drug addiction treatment information and referrals to
42 drug treatment programs, including programs in the local area and



1 programs that offer medication assisted treatment that includes a
 2 federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting,
 3 nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol
 4 dependence.

5 (6) Provide syringe and needle distribution and collection without
 6 collecting or recording personally identifiable information.

7 (7) Operate in a manner consistent with public health and safety.

8 (8) Ensure the program is medically appropriate and part of a
 9 comprehensive public health response.

10 (9) Keep sufficient quantities of an overdose intervention drug (as
 11 defined in IC 16-18-2-263.9) in stock and to administer in
 12 accordance with IC 16-42-27.

13 (10) **Provide testing for communicable diseases, and if an**
 14 **individual tests positive for a communicable disease, provide**
 15 **health care services or a referral to a health care provider for**
 16 **the services.**

17 (11) **Establish a referral process for program participants in**
 18 **need of:**

19 (A) **information or education concerning communicable**
 20 **diseases; or**

21 (B) **health care.**

22 SECTION 27. IC 16-41-7.5-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.208-2015,
 23 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 24 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) Before November 1 of each year, the state
 25 department shall submit a report concerning syringe exchange
 26 programs operated under this chapter to the governor and to the general
 27 assembly in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

28 (b) **Before November 1, 2020, as part of the report to the general**
 29 **assembly required under subsection (a), the state department shall**
 30 **ensure the report includes the following additional information**
 31 **concerning the program:**

32 (1) **The number of programs operating in Indiana.**

33 (2) **The data, compiled for each program, reported to the state**
 34 **department under section 10 of this chapter.**

35 (3) **Any other information the state department deems**
 36 **relevant to the general assembly in assessing the effectiveness**
 37 **of having a program in the state.**

38 SECTION 28. IC 16-41-7.5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2017,
 39 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 40 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. This chapter expires July 1, 2021. **2022.**

41 SECTION 29. IC 16-41-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2019,
 42 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "potentially disease
2 transmitting offense" means any of the following:

3 (1) Battery (IC 35-42-2-1) or domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3)
4 involving placing a bodily fluid or waste on another person.
5 (2) An offense relating to a criminal sexual act (as defined in
6 IC 35-31.5-2-216), if sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct
7 (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-221.5) occurred.

8 The term includes an attempt to commit an offense, if sexual
9 intercourse or other sexual conduct (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-221.5)
10 occurred, and a delinquent act that would be a crime if committed by
11 an adult.

12 (b) Except as provided in this chapter, a person may not disclose or
13 be compelled to disclose medical or epidemiological information
14 involving a communicable disease or other **serious** disease ~~that is a~~
15 ~~danger to health~~ (as set forth in the list published under IC 16-41-2-1).
16 This information may not be released or made public upon subpoena
17 or otherwise, except under the following circumstances:

18 (1) Release may be made of medical or epidemiologic information
19 for statistical purposes if done in a manner that does not identify
20 an individual.

21 (2) Release may be made of medical or epidemiologic information
22 with the written consent of all individuals identified in the
23 information released.

24 (3) Release may be made of medical or epidemiologic information
25 to the extent necessary to enforce public health laws, laws
26 described in IC 31-37-19-4 through IC 31-37-19-6, IC 31-37-19-9
27 through IC 31-37-19-10, IC 31-37-19-12 through IC 31-37-19-23,
28 IC 35-38-1-7.1, and IC 35-45-21-1 or to protect the health or life
29 of a named party.

30 (4) Release may be made of the medical information of a person
31 in accordance with this chapter.

32 (c) Except as provided in this chapter, a person responsible for
33 recording, reporting, or maintaining information required to be reported
34 under IC 16-41-2 who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally discloses
35 or fails to protect medical or epidemiologic information classified as
36 confidential under this section commits a Class A misdemeanor.

37 (d) In addition to subsection (c), a public employee who violates this
38 section is subject to discharge or other disciplinary action under the
39 personnel rules of the agency that employs the employee.

40 (e) Release shall be made of the medical records concerning an
41 individual to:

42 (1) the individual;



- (2) a person authorized in writing by the individual to receive the medical records; or
- (3) a coroner under IC 36-2-14-21.

(f) An individual may voluntarily disclose information about the individual's communicable disease.

(g) The provisions of this section regarding confidentiality apply to information obtained under IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-16.

SECTION 30. IC 16-41-8-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.65-2016, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) This section does not apply to medical testing of an individual for whom an indictment or information is filed for a sex crime and for whom a request to have the individual tested under section 6 of this chapter is filed.

(b) The following definitions apply throughout this section:

(1) "Bodily fluid" means blood, human waste, or any other bodily fluid.

(2) "Dangerous disease" "Serious disease" means any of the following:

(A) Chancroid.

(B) Chlamydia.

(C) Gonorrhea.

(D) Hepatitis.

(E) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

(F) Lymphogranuloma venereum.

(G) Syphilis.

(H) Tuberculosis.

(3) "Offense involving the transmission of a bodily fluid" means any offense (including a delinquent act that would be a crime if committed by an adult) in which a bodily fluid is transmitted from the defendant to the victim in connection with the commission of the offense.

(c) This subsection applies only to a defendant who has been charged with a potentially disease transmitting offense. At the request of an alleged victim of the offense, the parent, guardian, or custodian of an alleged victim who is less than eighteen (18) years of age, or the parent, guardian, or custodian of an alleged victim who is an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2), the prosecuting attorney shall petition a court to order a defendant charged with the commission of a potentially disease transmitting offense to submit to a screening test to determine whether the defendant is infected with a **dangerous serious** disease. In the petition, the prosecuting attorney must set forth information demonstrating that the defendant has committed a



1 potentially disease transmitting offense. The court shall set the matter
2 for hearing not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the prosecuting
3 attorney files a petition under this subsection. The alleged victim, the
4 parent, guardian, or custodian of an alleged victim who is less than
5 eighteen (18) years of age, and the parent, guardian, or custodian of an
6 alleged victim who is an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2)
7 are entitled to receive notice of the hearing and are entitled to attend
8 the hearing. The defendant and the defendant's counsel are entitled to
9 receive notice of the hearing and are entitled to attend the hearing. If,
10 following the hearing, the court finds probable cause to believe that the
11 defendant has committed a potentially disease transmitting offense, the
12 court may order the defendant to submit to a screening test for one (1)
13 or more **dangerous serious** diseases. If the defendant is charged with
14 battery (IC 35-42-2-1) or domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3) involving
15 placing a bodily fluid or waste on another person, the court may limit
16 testing under this subsection to a test only for human
17 immunodeficiency virus (HIV). However, the court may order
18 additional testing for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) as may be
19 medically appropriate. The court shall take actions to ensure the
20 confidentiality of evidence introduced at the hearing.

21 (d) This subsection applies only to a defendant who has been
22 charged with an offense involving the transmission of a bodily fluid. At
23 the request of an alleged victim of the offense, the parent, guardian, or
24 custodian of an alleged victim who is less than eighteen (18) years of
25 age, or the parent, guardian, or custodian of an alleged victim who is
26 an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2), the prosecuting
27 attorney shall petition a court to order a defendant charged with the
28 commission of an offense involving the transmission of a bodily fluid
29 to submit to a screening test to determine whether the defendant is
30 infected with a **dangerous serious** disease. In the petition, the
31 prosecuting attorney must set forth information demonstrating that:

32 (1) the defendant has committed an offense; and
33 (2) a bodily fluid was transmitted from the defendant to the victim
34 in connection with the commission of the offense.

35 The court shall set the matter for hearing not later than forty-eight (48)
36 hours after the prosecuting attorney files a petition under this
37 subsection. The alleged victim of the offense, the parent, guardian, or
38 custodian of an alleged victim who is less than eighteen (18) years of
39 age, and the parent, guardian, or custodian of an alleged victim who is
40 an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2) are entitled to receive
41 notice of the hearing and are entitled to attend the hearing. The
42 defendant and the defendant's counsel are entitled to receive notice of



1 the hearing and are entitled to attend the hearing. If, following the
2 hearing, the court finds probable cause to believe that the defendant has
3 committed an offense and that a bodily fluid was transmitted from the
4 defendant to the alleged victim in connection with the commission of
5 the offense, the court may order the defendant to submit to a screening
6 test for one (1) or more ~~dangerous~~ **serious** diseases. If the defendant is
7 charged with battery (IC 35-42-2-1) or domestic battery
8 (IC 35-42-2-1.3) involving placing bodily fluid or waste on another
9 person, the court may limit testing under this subsection to a test only
10 for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). However, the court may
11 order additional testing for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) as
12 may be medically appropriate. The court shall take actions to ensure
13 the confidentiality of evidence introduced at the hearing.

14 (e) The testimonial privileges applying to communication between
15 a husband and wife and between a health care provider and the health
16 care provider's patient are not sufficient grounds for not testifying or
17 providing other information at a hearing conducted in accordance with
18 this section.

19 (f) A health care provider (as defined in IC 16-18-2-163) who
20 discloses information that must be disclosed to comply with this
21 section is immune from civil and criminal liability under Indiana
22 statutes that protect patient privacy and confidentiality.

23 (g) The results of a screening test conducted under this section shall
24 be kept confidential if the defendant ordered to submit to the screening
25 test under this section has not been convicted of the potentially disease
26 transmitting offense or offense involving the transmission of a bodily
27 fluid with which the defendant is charged. The results may not be made
28 available to any person or public or private agency other than the
29 following:

- 30 (1) The defendant and the defendant's counsel.
- 31 (2) The prosecuting attorney.

32 (3) The department of correction or the penal facility, juvenile
33 detention facility, or secure private facility where the defendant
34 is housed.

35 (4) The alleged victim or the parent, guardian, or custodian of an
36 alleged victim who is less than eighteen (18) years of age, or the
37 parent, guardian, or custodian of an alleged victim who is an
38 endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2), and the alleged
39 victim's counsel.

40 The results of a screening test conducted under this section may not be
41 admitted against a defendant in a criminal proceeding or against a child
42 in a juvenile delinquency proceeding.



16 (k) A person that knowingly or intentionally:

17 (1) receives notification or disclosure of the results of a screening
18 test under this section; and
19 (2) discloses the results of the screening test in violation of this
20 section;

21 commits a Class B misdemeanor.

22 SECTION 31. IC 16-41-9-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2015,
23 SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1.5. (a) If a public health authority has reason to
25 believe that:

26 (1) an individual:

27 (A) has been infected with; or
28 (B) has been exposed to;

29 a **dangerous serious** communicable disease or outbreak; and
30 (2) the individual is likely to cause the infection of an uninfected
31 individual if the individual is not restricted in the individual's
32 ability to come into contact with an uninfected individual;
33

the public health authority may petition a circuit or superior court for an order imposing isolation or quarantine on the individual. A petition for isolation or quarantine filed under this subsection must be verified and include a brief description of the facts supporting the public health authority's belief that isolation or quarantine should be imposed on an individual, including a description of any efforts the public health authority made to obtain the individual's voluntary compliance with isolation or quarantine before filing the petition.

41 (b) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (k), an individual
42 described in subsection (a) is entitled to notice and an opportunity to



1 be heard, in person or by counsel, before a court issues an order
2 imposing isolation or quarantine. A court may restrict an individual's
3 right to appear in person if the court finds that the individual's personal
4 appearance is likely to expose an uninfected person to a ~~dangerous~~
5 **serious** communicable disease or outbreak.

6 (c) If an individual is restricted from appearing in person under
7 subsection (b), the court shall hold the hearing in a manner that allows
8 all parties to fully and safely participate in the proceedings under the
9 circumstances.

10 (d) If the public health authority proves by clear and convincing
11 evidence that:

12 (1) an individual has been infected or exposed to a ~~dangerous~~
13 **serious** communicable disease or outbreak; and

14 (2) the individual is likely to cause the infection of an uninfected
15 individual if the individual is not restricted in the individual's
16 ability to come into contact with an uninfected individual;

17 the court may issue an order imposing isolation or quarantine on the
18 individual. The court shall establish the conditions of isolation or
19 quarantine, including the duration of isolation or quarantine. The court
20 shall impose the least restrictive conditions of isolation or quarantine
21 that are consistent with the protection of the public.

22 (e) If the public health authority has reason to believe that an
23 individual described in subsection (a) is likely to expose an uninfected
24 individual to a ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable disease or outbreak
25 before the individual described in subsection (a) can be provided with
26 notice and an opportunity to be heard, the public health authority may
27 seek in a circuit or superior court an emergency order of quarantine or
28 isolation by filing a verified petition for emergency quarantine or
29 isolation. The verified petition must include a brief description of the
30 facts supporting the public health authority's belief that:

31 (1) isolation or quarantine should be imposed on an individual;
32 and

33 (2) the individual described in subsection (a) may expose an
34 uninfected individual to a ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable
35 disease or outbreak before the individual described in subsection
36 (a) can be provided with notice and an opportunity to be heard.

37 The verified petition must include a description of any efforts the
38 public health authority made to obtain the individual's voluntary
39 compliance with isolation or quarantine before filing the petition.

40 (f) If the public health authority proves by clear and convincing
41 evidence that:

42 (1) an individual has been infected or exposed to a ~~dangerous~~



serious communicable disease or outbreak;

(2) the individual is likely to cause the infection of an uninfected individual if the individual is not restricted in the individual's ability to come into contact with an uninfected individual; and (3) the individual may expose an uninfected individual to a **dangerous serious** communicable disease or outbreak before the individual can be provided with notice and an opportunity to be heard;

the court may issue an emergency order imposing isolation or quarantine on the individual. The court shall establish the duration and other conditions of isolation or quarantine. The court shall impose the least restrictive conditions of isolation or quarantine that are consistent with the protection of the public.

(g) A court may issue an emergency order of isolation or quarantine without the verified petition required under subsection (e) if the court receives sworn testimony of the same facts required in the verified petition:

- (1) in a nonadversarial, recorded hearing before the judge;
- (2) orally by telephone or radio;
- (3) in writing by facsimile transmission (fax); or
- (4) through other electronic means approved by the court.

If the court agrees to issue an emergency order of isolation or quarantine based upon information received under subdivision (2), the court shall direct the public health authority to sign the judge's name and to write the time and date of issuance on the proposed emergency order. If the court agrees to issue an emergency order of isolation or quarantine based upon information received under subdivision (3), the court shall direct the public health authority to transmit a proposed emergency order to the court, which the court shall sign, add the date of issuance, and transmit back to the public health authority. A court may modify the conditions of a proposed emergency order.

(h) If an emergency order of isolation or quarantine is issued under subsection (g)(2), the court shall record the conversation on audiotape and order the court reporter to type or transcribe the recording for entry in the record. The court shall certify the audiotape, the transcription, and the order retained by the judge for entry in the record.

(i) If an emergency order of isolation or quarantine is issued under subsection (g)(3), the court shall order the court reporter to retype or copy the facsimile transmission for entry in the record. The court shall certify the transcription or copy and order retained by the judge for entry in the record.

(j) The clerk shall notify the public health authority who received an



1 emergency order under subsection (g)(2) or (g)(3) when the
2 transcription or copy required under this section is entered in the
3 record. The public health authority shall sign the typed, transcribed, or
4 copied entry upon receiving notice from the court reporter.

5 (k) The public health authority may issue an immediate order
6 imposing isolation or quarantine on an individual if exigent
7 circumstances, including the number of affected individuals, exist that
8 make it impracticable for the public health authority to seek an order
9 from a court, and obtaining the individual's voluntary compliance is or
10 has proven impracticable or ineffective. An immediate order of
11 isolation or quarantine expires after seventy-two (72) hours, excluding
12 Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, unless renewed in accordance
13 with subsection (l). The public health authority shall establish the other
14 conditions of isolation or quarantine. The public health authority shall
15 impose the least restrictive conditions of isolation or quarantine that are
16 consistent with the protection of the public. If the immediate order
17 applies to a group of individuals and it is impracticable to provide
18 individual notice, the public health authority shall post a copy of the
19 order where it is likely to be seen by individuals subject to the order.

20 (l) The public health authority may seek to renew an order of
21 isolation or quarantine or an immediate order of isolation or quarantine
22 issued under this section by doing the following:

23 (1) By filing a petition to renew the emergency order of isolation
24 or quarantine or the immediate order of isolation or quarantine
25 with:

26 (A) the court that granted the emergency order of isolation or
27 quarantine; or
28 (B) a circuit or superior court, in the case of an immediate
29 order.

30 The petition for renewal must include a brief description of the
31 facts supporting the public health authority's belief that the
32 individual who is the subject of the petition should remain in
33 isolation or quarantine and a description of any efforts the public
34 health authority made to obtain the individual's voluntary
35 compliance with isolation or quarantine before filing the petition.

36 (2) By providing the individual who is the subject of the
37 emergency order of isolation or quarantine or the immediate order
38 of isolation or quarantine with a copy of the petition and notice of
39 the hearing at least twenty-four (24) hours before the time of the
40 hearing.

41 (3) By informing the individual who is the subject of the
42 emergency order of isolation or quarantine or the immediate order



1 of isolation or quarantine that the individual has the right to:

2 (A) appear, unless the court finds that the individual's personal
 3 appearance may expose an uninfected person to a ~~dangerous~~
 4 ~~serious~~ communicable disease or outbreak;
 5 (B) cross-examine witnesses; and
 6 (C) counsel, including court appointed counsel in accordance
 7 with subsection (c).

8 (4) If:

9 (A) the petition applies to a group of individuals; and
 10 (B) it is impracticable to provide individual notice;
 11 by posting the petition in a conspicuous location on the isolation
 12 or quarantine premises.

13 (m) If the public health authority proves by clear and convincing
 14 evidence at a hearing under subsection (l) that:

15 (1) an individual has been infected or exposed to a ~~dangerous~~
 16 ~~serious~~ communicable disease or outbreak; and
 17 (2) the individual is likely to cause the infection of an uninfected
 18 individual if the individual is not restricted in the individual's
 19 ability to come into contact with an uninfected individual;

20 the court may renew the existing order of isolation or quarantine or
 21 issue a new order imposing isolation or quarantine on the individual.
 22 The court shall establish the conditions of isolation or quarantine,
 23 including the duration of isolation or quarantine. The court shall
 24 impose the least restrictive conditions of isolation or quarantine that are
 25 consistent with the protection of the public.

26 (n) Unless otherwise provided by law, a petition for isolation or
 27 quarantine, or a petition to renew an immediate order for isolation or
 28 quarantine, may be filed in a circuit or superior court in any county.
 29 Preferred venue for a petition described in this subsection is:

30 (1) the county or counties (if the area of isolation or quarantine
 31 includes more than one (1) county) where the individual,
 32 premises, or location to be isolated or quarantined is located; or
 33 (2) a county adjacent to the county or counties (if the area of
 34 isolation or quarantine includes more than one (1) county) where
 35 the individual, premises, or location to be isolated or quarantined
 36 is located.

37 This subsection does not preclude a change of venue for good cause
 38 shown.

39 (o) Upon the motion of any party, or upon its own motion, a court
 40 may consolidate cases for a hearing under this section if:

41 (1) the number of individuals who may be subject to isolation or
 42 quarantine, or who are subject to isolation or quarantine, is so





1 The absence of rules adopted under this subsection does not preclude
2 the public health authority from implementing any provision of this
3 section.

4 SECTION 32. IC 16-41-9-1.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.138-2006,
5 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1.7. (a) An immunization program established by
7 a public health authority to combat a public health emergency
8 involving a **dangerous serious** communicable disease must comply
9 with the following:

10 (1) The state department must develop and distribute or post
11 information concerning the risks and benefits of immunization.

12 (2) No person may be required to receive an immunization
13 without that person's consent. No child may be required to receive
14 an immunization without the consent of the child's parent,
15 guardian, or custodian. The state department may implement the
16 procedures described in section 1.5 of this chapter concerning a
17 person who refuses to receive an immunization or the child of a
18 parent, guardian, or custodian who refuses to consent to the child
19 receiving an immunization.

20 (b) The state department shall adopt rules to implement this section.
21 The absence of rules adopted under this subsection does not preclude
22 the public health authority from implementing any provision of this
23 section.

24 SECTION 33. IC 16-41-9-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) The local health
26 officer may exclude from school a student who has a **dangerous serious**
27 communicable disease that:

28 (1) is transmissible through normal school contacts; and
29 (2) poses a substantial threat to the health and safety of the school
30 community.

31 (b) If the local health officer subsequently determines that a student
32 who has been excluded from school under subsection (a) does not have
33 a **dangerous serious** communicable disease that:

34 (1) is transmissible through normal school contacts; and
35 (2) poses a substantial threat to the health and safety of the school
36 community;

37 the local health officer shall issue a certificate of health to admit or
38 readmit the student to school.

39 (c) A person who objects to the determination made by the local
40 health officer under this section may appeal to the executive board of
41 the state department, which is the ultimate authority. IC 4-21.5 applies
42 to proceedings under this section.



1 SECTION 34. IC 16-41-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) If a designated
3 health official determines that a **carrier an individual with a**
4 **communicable disease** has a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable disease
5 and has reasonable grounds to believe that the **carrier individual with**
6 **a communicable disease** is mentally ill and either dangerous or
7 gravely disabled, the designated health official may request:

8 (1) immediate detention under IC 12-26-4; or

9 (2) emergency detention under IC 12-26-5;

10 for the purpose of having the **carrier individual with a communicable**
11 **disease** apprehended, detained, and examined. The designated health
12 official may provide to the superintendent of the psychiatric hospital or
13 center or the attending physician information about the **carrier's**
14 communicable disease status **of the individual with a communicable**
15 **disease**. Communications under this subsection do not constitute a
16 breach of confidentiality.

17 (b) If the written report required under IC 12-26-5-5 states there is
18 probable cause to believe the **carrier individual with a communicable**
19 **disease** is mentally ill and either dangerous or gravely disabled and
20 requires continuing care and treatment, proceedings may continue
21 under IC 12-26.

22 (c) If the written report required under IC 12-26-5-5 states there is
23 not probable cause to believe the **carrier individual with a**
24 **communicable disease** is mentally ill and either dangerous or gravely
25 disabled and requires continuing care and treatment, the **carrier**
26 **individual with a communicable disease** shall be referred to the
27 designated health official who may take action under this article.

28 SECTION 35. IC 16-41-9-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) The chief medical
30 officer of a hospital or other institutional facility may direct that a
31 **carrier an individual with a communicable disease** detained under
32 this article be placed apart from the others and restrained from leaving
33 the facility. A **carrier An individual with a communicable disease**
34 detained under this article shall observe all the rules of the facility or
35 is subject to further action before the committing court.

36 (b) A **carrier An individual with a communicable disease** detained
37 under this article who leaves a tuberculosis hospital or other
38 institutional facility without being authorized to leave or who fails to
39 return from an authorized leave without having been formally
40 discharged is considered absent without leave.

41 (c) The sheriff of the county in which a **carrier an individual with**
42 **a communicable disease** referred to in subsection (b) is found shall



1 apprehend the **carrier individual with a communicable disease** and
 2 return the **carrier individual with a communicable disease** to the
 3 facility at which the **carrier individual with a communicable disease**
 4 was being detained upon written request of the superintendent of the
 5 facility. Expenses incurred under this section are treated as expenses
 6 described in section 13 of this chapter.

7 SECTION 36. IC 16-41-9-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 8 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 7. (a) **A carrier An**
 9 **individual with a communicable disease** who:

10 (1) poses a serious and present **danger risk** to the health of others;
 11 (2) has been voluntarily admitted to a hospital or other facility for
 12 the treatment of tuberculosis or another **dangerous serious**
 13 communicable disease; and
 14 (3) who leaves the facility without authorized leave or against
 15 medical advice or who fails to return from authorized leave;
 16 shall be reported to a health officer by the facility not more than
 17 twenty-four (24) hours after discovery of the **carrier's individual with**
 18 **a communicable disease's absence**.

19 (b) If a health officer fails or refuses to institute or complete
 20 necessary legal measures to prevent a health threat (as defined in
 21 IC 16-41-7-2) by the **carrier; individual with a communicable**
 22 **disease**, the case shall be referred to a designated health official for
 23 appropriate action under this article.

24 SECTION 37. IC 16-41-9-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
 25 SECTION 139, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 26 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) A local health officer may file
 27 a report with the court that states that a **carrier an individual with a**
 28 **communicable disease** who has been detained under this article may
 29 be discharged without danger to the health or life of others.

30 (b) The court may enter an order of release based on information
 31 presented by the local health officer or other sources.

32 SECTION 38. IC 16-41-9-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 33 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9. (a) Not more than
 34 thirty (30) days after the proposed release from a state penal institution
 35 of a prisoner who is known to have:

36 (1) tuberculosis in a communicable stage; or
 37 (2) **other dangerous another serious** communicable disease;
 38 the chief administrative officer of the penal institution shall report to
 39 the state department the name, address, age, sex, and date of release of
 40 the prisoner.

41 (b) The state department shall provide the information furnished the
 42 state department under subsection (a) to the health officer having



1 jurisdiction over the prisoner's destination address.

2 (c) Each health officer where the prisoner may be found has
3 jurisdiction over the released prisoner.

4 SECTION 39. IC 16-41-9-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10. (a) The
6 administrator of a hospital or other facility for the treatment of
7 tuberculosis or other ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable disease may
8 transfer or authorize the transfer of a nonresident indigent **carrier**
9 **individual with a communicable disease** to the ~~carrier's~~ state or
10 county of legal residence **of the individual with a communicable**
11 **disease** if the **carrier individual with a communicable disease** is able
12 to travel. If the **carrier individual with a communicable disease** is
13 unable to travel, the administrator may have the **carrier individual with**
14 **a communicable disease** hospitalized until the **carrier individual with**
15 **a communicable disease** is able to travel.

16 (b) Costs for the travel and hospitalization authorized by this section
17 shall be paid by the:

18 (1) **carrier individual with a communicable disease** under
19 section 13 of this chapter; or

20 (2) state department if the **carrier individual with a**
21 **communicable disease** cannot pay the full cost.

22 SECTION 40. IC 16-41-9-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) The
24 superintendent or the chief executive officer of the facility to which a
25 **carrier an individual with a communicable disease** has been ordered
26 under this chapter may decline to admit a patient if the superintendent
27 or chief executive officer determines that there is not available
28 adequate space, treatment staff, or treatment facilities appropriate to
29 the needs of the patient.

30 (b) The state department may commence an action under
31 IC 4-21.5-3-6 or IC 4-21.5-4 for issuance of an order of compliance and
32 a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per
33 violation per day against a person who:

34 (1) fails to comply with IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-3,
35 IC 16-41-5 through IC 16-41-9, IC 16-41-13, IC 16-41-14, or
36 IC 16-41-16 or a rule adopted under these chapters; or

37 (2) interferes with or obstructs the state department or the state
38 department's designated agent in the performance of official
39 duties under IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-3, IC 16-41-5 through
40 IC 16-41-9, IC 16-41-13, IC 16-41-14, or IC 16-41-16 or a rule
41 adopted under these chapters.

42 (c) The state department may commence an action against a facility



1 licensed by the state department under either subsection (b) or the
 2 licensure statute for that facility, but the state department may not bring
 3 an action arising out of one (1) incident under both statutes.

4 SECTION 41. IC 16-41-9-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.138-2006,
 5 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 6 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 13. (a) The court shall determine what part of the
 7 cost of care or treatment ordered by the court, if any, the **carrier**
 8 **individual with a communicable disease** can pay and whether there
 9 are other available sources of public or private funding responsible for
 10 payment of the **carrier's individual's** care or treatment. The **carrier**
 11 **individual with a communicable disease** shall provide the court
 12 documents and other information necessary to determine financial
 13 ability. If the **carrier individual with a communicable disease** cannot
 14 pay the full cost of care and other sources of public or private funding
 15 responsible for payment of the **carrier's individual's** care or treatment
 16 are not available, the county is responsible for the cost. If the **carrier**:
 17 **individual with a communicable disease**:

- 18 (1) provides inaccurate or misleading information; or
- 19 (2) later becomes able to pay the full cost of care;

20 the **carrier individual with a communicable disease** becomes liable
 21 to the county for costs paid by the county.

22 (b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the costs incurred
 23 by the county under this chapter are limited to the costs incurred under
 24 section 1.5 of this chapter.

25 (c) However, subsection (b) does not relieve the county of the
 26 responsibility for the costs of a **carrier an individual with a**
 27 **communicable disease** who is ordered by the court under this chapter
 28 to a county facility.

29 (d) Costs, other than costs described in subsections (b) and (c) that
 30 are incurred by the county for care ordered by the court under this
 31 chapter, shall be reimbursed by the state under IC 16-21-7 to the extent
 32 funds have been appropriated for reimbursement.

33 SECTION 42. IC 16-41-9-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.16-2009,
 34 SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 35 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 15. In carrying out its duties under this chapter, a
 36 public health authority shall attempt to seek the cooperation of cases,
 37 **carriers, individuals with a communicable disease**, contacts, or
 38 suspect cases to implement the least restrictive but medically necessary
 39 procedures to protect the public health.

40 SECTION 43. IC 16-41-10-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.131-2018,
 41 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 42 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to the following:



(1) An emergency medical services provider who is exposed to blood and body fluids while providing emergency medical services to a patient.

(2) A law enforcement officer who is exposed to blood and body fluids while performing the law enforcement officer's official duties.

(3) A health care provider who is exposed to blood and body fluids while providing medical care to a patient.

(b) An emergency medical services provider, **a health care provider**, or a law enforcement officer may request notification concerning exposure to a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable disease under this chapter if the exposure is of a type that has been demonstrated epidemiologically to transmit a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable disease.

(c) If an emergency medical services provider, **a health care provider**, or a law enforcement officer desires to be notified of results of testing following a possible exposure to a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable disease under this chapter, the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer shall notify the emergency medical services provider's, **health care provider's**, or law enforcement officer's employer not more than twenty-four (24) hours after the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer is exposed on a form that is prescribed by the state department and the Indiana emergency medical services commission.

(d) The emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer shall distribute a copy of the completed form required under subsection (c) to the following:

(1) If applicable, the medical director of the emergency department of the medical facility:

(A) to which the patient was admitted following the exposure;
or
(B) in which the patient was located at the time of the exposure.

(2) The emergency medical services provider's, **health care provider's**, or law enforcement officer's employer.

(3) The state department.



1 **provider**, or a law enforcement officer is exposed as described in
2 section 2 of this chapter is considered to have consented to:

3 (1) testing for the presence of a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable
4 disease of a type that has been epidemiologically demonstrated to
5 be transmittable by an exposure of the kind experienced by the
6 emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or
7 law enforcement officer; and
8 (2) release of the testing results to a medical director or physician
9 described in section 3 of this chapter.

10 The medical director or physician shall notify the emergency medical
11 services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer of
12 the test results.

13 (b) If a patient described in subsection (a) refuses to provide a blood
14 or body fluid specimen for testing for a ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable
15 disease, the exposed emergency medical services provider,
16 **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer, the
17 exposed emergency medical services provider's, **health care
18 provider's**, or law enforcement officer's employer, or the state
19 department may petition the circuit or superior court having
20 jurisdiction in the county:

21 (1) of the patient's residence; or
22 (2) where the employer of the exposed emergency medical
23 services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement
24 officer has the employer's principal office;

25 for an order requiring that the patient provide a blood or body fluid
26 specimen, including an emergency order for a blood or body fluid
27 specimen under section 2.6 of this chapter.

28 (c) If a patient described in subsection (a) refuses to provide a blood
29 or body fluid specimen for testing for a dangerous communicable
30 disease, and that patient is a witness, bystander, or victim of alleged
31 criminal activity (IC 35-31.5-2-73), the exposed emergency medical
32 services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer,
33 the exposed emergency medical services provider's, **health care
34 provider's**, or law enforcement officer's employer, or the state
35 department may submit the form described in section 2 of this chapter
36 to the medical director or physician of a hospital licensed under
37 IC 16-21-2, IC 16-22-2, or IC 16-23-1. The medical director or
38 physician described in this section shall notify the emergency medical
39 services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer of
40 the test results not more than forty-eight (48) hours after the medical
41 director or physician receives the test results.

42 SECTION 45. IC 16-41-10-2.6, AS AMENDED BY THE



1 TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2020 GENERAL
2 ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2.6. (a) This section applies to:
4 (1) an emergency medical services provider; **and**
5 (2) a law enforcement officer; **and**
6 **(3) a health care provider;**
7 who ~~has~~ **have** been exposed to blood or body fluids as described in
8 section 2(a) of this chapter.
9 (b) A person to whom this ~~chapter~~ **section** applies may submit an
10 emergency application for a blood or body fluid specimen to a circuit
11 or superior court having jurisdiction to issue a warrant.
12 (c) An emergency application for a blood or body fluid specimen
13 must be verified and include the following information:
14 (1) The name and employing agency of the person exposed to the
15 blood or body fluids.
16 (2) The name of the patient to whose blood or body fluids the
17 person has been exposed.
18 (3) A concise description of the circumstances under which the
19 exposure occurred.
20 (4) A concise explanation of why immediate testing is necessary.
21 (5) Any other information required by the court.
22 (d) If it appears from the emergency application for a blood or body
23 fluid specimen that:
24 (1) the person exposed to the blood or body fluid is a person to
25 whom this section applies; and
26 (2) immediate testing is necessary;
27 the court shall approve the emergency application for a blood or body
28 fluid specimen ~~ex parte~~, without notice or a hearing, and issue an
29 emergency order requiring the patient to whose blood or body fluid the
30 emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law
31 enforcement officer has been exposed to provide a blood or body fluid
32 specimen for testing.
33 SECTION 46. IC 16-41-10-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.131-2018,
34 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), if a
36 patient to whose blood or body fluids an emergency medical services
37 provider, **health care provider**, or a law enforcement officer is
38 exposed as described in section 2 of this chapter:
39 (1) is admitted to a medical facility following the exposure or is
40 located in a medical facility at the time of the exposure, a
41 physician designated by the medical facility shall, not more than
42 seventy-two (72) hours after the medical facility is notified under



1 section 2 of this chapter:

2 (A) cause a blood or body fluid specimen to be obtained from
 3 the patient and testing to be performed for a **dangerous serious**
 4 communicable disease of a type that has been
 5 epidemiologically demonstrated to be transmittable by an
 6 exposure of the kind experienced by the emergency medical
 7 services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement
 8 officer; and

9 (B) notify the medical director of the emergency medical
 10 services provider's **or health care provider's**, employer or a
 11 physician as designated under subsection (b) or (c); or

12 (2) is not described in subdivision (1), the exposed emergency
 13 medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law
 14 enforcement officer, the exposed emergency medical services
 15 provider's, **health care provider's**, or law enforcement officer's
 16 employer, or the state department may:

17 (A) arrange for testing of the patient as soon as possible; or

18 (B) petition the circuit or superior court having jurisdiction in
 19 the county of the patient's residence or where the employer of
 20 the exposed emergency medical services provider, **health care**
 21 **provider**, or law enforcement officer has the employer's
 22 principal office for an order requiring that the patient provide
 23 a blood or body fluid specimen.

24 (b) An emergency medical services provider **or health care**
 25 **provider** may, on the form described in section 2 of this chapter,
 26 designate a physician other than the medical director of the emergency
 27 medical services provider's employer **or health care provider's**
 28 **employer** to receive the test results.

29 (c) A law enforcement officer shall, on the form described in section
 30 2 of this chapter, designate a physician to receive the test results.

31 (d) The medical director or physician described in this section shall
 32 notify the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**,
 33 or law enforcement officer of the test results not more than forty-eight
 34 (48) hours after the medical director or physician receives the test
 35 results.

36 SECTION 47. IC 16-41-10-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 37 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.5. (a) A medical
 38 facility may not physically restrain a patient described in section 2.5 of
 39 this chapter in order to test the patient for the presence of a **dangerous**
 40 **serious** communicable disease.

41 (b) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a patient from being discharged
 42 from a medical facility before:



(1) a test is performed under section 2.5 or 3 of this chapter; or
(2) the results of a test are released under section 3 of this chapter.

(c) A provider or a facility that tests a patient for the presence of a **dangerous serious** communicable disease under section 2.5 or **section 3** of this chapter is immune from liability for the performance of the test over the patient's objection or without the patient's consent. However, this subsection does not apply to an act or omission that constitutes gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

SECTION 48. IC 16-41-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.131-2018, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) A medical director or physician notified under section 3 of this chapter shall, not more than forty-eight (48) hours after receiving the notification under section 3 of this chapter, contact the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer described in section 2 of this chapter to do the following:

(1) Explain, without disclosing information about the patient, the ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable disease to which the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer was exposed.

(2) Provide for any medically necessary treatment and counseling to the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer.

(b) Expenses of testing or treatment and counseling are the responsibility of the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or the provider's or law enforcement officer's employer.

SECTION 49. IC 16-41-11-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "universal precautions" means procedures specified by rule adopted by the state department under IC 4-22-2 that are used to prevent the transmission of **dangerous serious** communicable diseases **including acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)**, through blood or other body fluids.

SECTION 50. IC 16-41-13-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) The attending physician or health care provider shall prepare and attach to the body of a deceased individual a conspicuous notice with the statement: "Observe Body Fluid Precautions" whenever the physician or provider knows that at least one (1) of the following disease processes was present in the deceased at the time of death:

(1) Hepatitis (Types B non A, non B) and C).

(2) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. (acquired



immune deficiency syndrome and AIDS related complex).

- (3) Tuberculosis.
- (4) Herpes.
- (5) Gonorrhea.
- (6) Syphilis (primary and secondary).
- (7) Burkett's lymphoma.
- (8) Kaposi's sarcoma.
- (9) Arthropod-borne viral diseases.
- (10) Babesiosis.
- (11) Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease.
- (12) Leptospirosis.
- (13) Malaria.
- (14) Rat-bite fever.
- (15) Relapsing fever.
- (16) Y. Pestis.
- (17) Hemorrhagic fevers.
- (18) Rabies.
- (19) Any other communicable disease (as defined in IC 16-41-2).

21 SECTION 51. IC 16-41-14-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. **(a) Except as**
23 **provided in subsection (b),** a practitioner shall dispose of a donation
24 of semen after a confirmatory test indicates the presence of the HIV
25 antibody. The disposal must be made according to the rules concerning
26 the disposal of infectious waste.

27 (b) Subsection (a) does not apply to a donation of semen that:

28 (1) indicates the presence of the HIV antibody; and

29 (2) is used according to safer conception practices endorsed

30 by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or

31 other generally accepted medical experts.

32 SECTION 52. IC 16-41-16-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2019,
33 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsections (c) and
35 (d), as used in this chapter, "infectious waste" means waste that
36 epidemiologic evidence indicates is capable of transmitting a
37 **dangerous serious** communicable disease (as set forth in the list
38 published under IC 16-41-2-1).

39 (b) The term includes the following:

40 (1) Pathological wastes.

41 (2) Biological cultures and associated biologicals.

42 (3) Contaminated sharps.



- (4) Infectious agent stock and associated biologicals.
- (5) Blood and blood products in liquid or semiliquid form.
- (6) Laboratory animal carcasses, body parts, and bedding.
- (7) Wastes (as described under section 8 of this chapter).

(c) "Infectious waste", as the term applies to a:

- (1) home health agency; or
- (2) hospice service delivered in the home of a hospice patient; includes only contaminated sharps.

(d) The term does not include an aborted fetus or a miscarried fetus.

SECTION 53. IC 16-49.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]:

ARTICLE 49.5. SUICIDE AND OVERDOSE FATALITY REVIEW TEAMS

Chapter 1. Definitions

Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this article.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "SOFR" means suicide and overdose fatality review.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "SOFR team" refers to:

(1) a county SOFR team; or

(2) a regional SOFR team formed by multiple counties;

established under IC 16-49.5-2-1.

Chapter 2. Suicide and Overdose Fatality Review Teams

Sec. 1. (a) A:

(1) local health department; or

(2) person or entity approved by the state department;

may establish through a written agreement a SOFR team to review suicides and overdose fatalities for the purpose of gathering information concerning suicides and overdose fatalities and to use the information gathered to improve community resources and systems of care to reduce suicides and overdose fatalities.

(b) A SOFR team may be established in a county or multiple counties in Indiana.

(c) Upon the establishment of a SOFR team under this section, the SOFR team shall notify the state department of the establishment of the SOFR team.

Sec. 2. (a) A SOFR team shall do the following:

(1) Identify similarities, trends, and factual patterns concerning suicides and overdose fatalities in the area served by the SOFR team.

(2) Identify reasons for any higher minority suicide and



overdose fatality rate in the area served by the SOFR team. (3) Create strategies and make recommendations for the prevention and reduction of suicides and overdose fatalities, including minority suicides and overdose fatalities, in the area served by the SOFR team.

(b) A SOFR team may do any of the following:

(1) Determine factors contributing to suicides and overdose fatalities.

(2) Identify public health and clinical interventions to improve systems of care and enhance coordination.

(3) Develop strategies for the prevention of suicides and overdose fatalities.

13 Sec. 3. (a) A SOFR team must be multidisciplinary and
14 culturally diverse. The SOFR team should include professionals
15 and representatives of agencies that provide services or community
16 resources for families in the community.

(b) Members of a SOFR team must be appointed by the county health officer or another entity approved by the state department and may include local representatives from the following disciplines:

(1) Public health

(2) Primary health care.

(3) Mental health.

(4) Law enforcement.

(5) Behavioral health.

(6) Parole or probation.

(7) Addiction medicine.

(8) Emergency n

(9) Social work.

c) Members may also include any

(1) A coroner or deput

(2) An epidemiolo

(3) A pathologist.

(d) The SOFR team shall meet at least quarterly.

Sec. 4. (a) The first SOFR team meeting shall convene at the call of the county health officer, the county health administrator, or their designees, as applicable.

(b) The SOFR team members shall elect a chairperson at the first SOFR team meeting and whenever there is a chairperson vacancy.

(c) After the election of a team chairperson, the SOFR team shall meet upon the call of the elected chairperson or upon the call



1 of the county health officer in the event that there is a chairperson
2 vacancy.

3 **Sec. 5. (a) Before a member of the SOFR team may participate**
4 **in the review of a suicide or overdose fatality, the member must:**

5 (1) sign a confidentiality form prepared by the state
6 department;

7 (2) review the purpose and goal of the SOFR team; and

8 (3) review, for accuracy and comprehensiveness, any data
9 collection form developed by the state department, if
10 applicable.

11 (b) Individuals who are invited by the SOFR team chairperson
12 to attend a SOFR team meeting must sign a confidentiality form
13 before attending or participating in a SOFR team meeting.

14 (c) The state department shall create and make available a
15 standardized confidentiality form to be used by members of all
16 SOFR teams.

17 (d) The chairperson of a SOFR team is responsible for the
18 safekeeping of all confidentiality agreements signed under this
19 section.

20 **Sec. 6. (a) The SOFR team shall review the death of each person**
21 **whose death occurred in the area served by the SOFR team if one**
22 **(1) or more of the following conditions are met:**

23 (1) The person's cause of death is listed as one (1) or more of
24 the following:

25 (A) Poisoning.

26 (B) Intoxication.

27 (C) Toxicity.

28 (D) Inhalation.

29 (E) Ingestion.

30 (F) Overdose.

31 (G) Exposure.

32 (H) Chemical use.

33 (I) Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS) effects.

34 (2) The person's manner of death is classified as one (1) of the
35 following:

36 (A) Accident.

37 (B) Suicide.

38 (C) Undetermined.

39 (3) The person's manner of death is classified as natural but
40 drug intoxication or exposure is listed as a contributing
41 factor.

42 (b) When conducting a SOFR fatality review under subsection



1 **(a), the SOFR team may review the following records if the records**
2 **pertain to a person or incident within the scope of the SOFR team's**
3 **review:**

4 **(1) Records held by the:**
5 **(A) local or state health department;**
6 **(B) INSPECT program (as described under IC 25-26-24);**
7 **or**
8 **(C) department of child services.**
9 **(2) Medical records.**
10 **(3) Law enforcement records.**
11 **(4) Autopsy reports.**
12 **(5) Coroner records.**
13 **(6) Mental health reports.**
14 **(7) Emergency medical services provider records.**
15 **(8) Fire department run reports.**
16 **(9) Disciplinary or health records generated by a local school**
17 **system.**
18 **(10) Any other record concerning the assessment, care,**
19 **fatality, diagnosis, near fatality, if applicable, or treatment of**
20 **the person subject to a SOFR team review.**

21 **(c) Except as otherwise provided, information and records**
22 **acquired by a SOFR team during the execution of the SOFR team's**
23 **duties are confidential and exempt from disclosure.**

24 **(d) Subject to subsection (e), records, information, documents,**
25 **and reports acquired or produced by a SOFR team are not:**

26 **(1) subject to subpoena or discovery; or**
27 **(2) admissible as evidence;**

28 **in any administrative or judicial proceeding.**

29 **(e) Records, information, documents, and reports that are**
30 **admissible and otherwise discoverable from alternate sources do**
31 **not become immune from discovery or use in any administrative**
32 **or judicial proceeding because of their use by a SOFR team.**

33 **Sec. 7. A SOFR team shall review the death certificate of a**
34 **decedent received from the county health officer in order to**
35 **determine whether the fatality qualifies for a SOFR team review**
36 **under section 6 of this chapter.**

37 **Sec. 8. (a) Subject to IC 34-30-15, the following persons or**
38 **entities shall comply with a records request by a SOFR team:**

39 **(1) A coroner.**
40 **(2) An emergency medical services provider.**
41 **(3) A fire department.**
42 **(4) A health system.**





Sec. 12. The chairperson of a SOFR team or the chairperson's designee shall do the following for each SOFR team meeting:

- (1) Prepare the agenda for the scheduled SOFR team meeting.
- (2) Provide meeting notices to all members of the SOFR team.
- (3) Ensure that all:

(A) members of the SOFR team; and
(B) SOFR team invitees;

sign confidentiality forms as required under this chapter.

(4) Maintain all confidentiality forms signed under this chapter.

(5) Enter and record all data reviewed by the SOFR team by using:

(A) data collection tools provided to the SOFR team by the state department, if applicable; and

(B) any other appropriate data collection system.

(6) Attend pertinent training concerning the use of the data collection tools employed by the SOFR team.

- (7) Serve as a liaison for the SOFR team as necessary.
- (8) Destroy all records, information, and documents obtained

by the SOFR team under section 6 of this chapter upon the

conclusion of the SOFR team's review of a specific suicide or overdose fatality.

Sec. 13. Records held or maintained by a SOFR team are subject to the confidentiality provisions of IC 31-33-18.

Sec. 14. (a) Before July 1 of each year, a SOFR team shall

Sec. 14. (a) Before July 1 of each year, a SOFR team shall



1 **submit a report to the state department that includes the following**
2 **information:**

3 **(1) A summary of the data collected concerning the reviews**
4 **conducted by the SOFR team for the previous calendar year.**

5 **(2) Actions recommended by the SOFR team to improve**
6 **systems of care and community resources to reduce suicides**
7 **and overdose fatalities in the area served by the SOFR team.**

8 **(3) Solutions proposed for any system inadequacies.**

9 **(b) The report described in subsection (a) may not contain**
10 **identifying information relating to the deaths reviewed by the**
11 **SOFR team.**

12 **(c) Review data concerning a suicide or overdose fatality is**
13 **confidential and may not be released.**

14 **(d) The SOFR team may provide the state department with data**
15 **concerning the reviews of a death under this chapter.**

16 **Sec. 15. Nothing in this chapter shall preclude any death, illness,**
17 **or injury investigation or review to the extent authorized by other**
18 **laws.**

19 SECTION 54. IC 20-26-15-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2018,
20 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) The contract must contain the following
22 provisions:

23 **(1) A list of the statutes and rules that are suspended from**
24 **operation in a freeway school corporation or freeway school, as**
25 **listed in section 5 of this chapter.**

26 **(2) A description of the privileges of a freeway school corporation**
27 **or freeway school, as listed in section 6 of this chapter.**

28 **(3) A description of the educational benefits listed in section 7 of**
29 **this chapter that a freeway school corporation or freeway school**
30 **agrees to:**

31 **(A) achieve by the end of five (5) complete school years after**
32 **the contract is signed; and**

33 **(B) maintain at the end of:**

34 **(i) the sixth; and**

35 **(ii) any subsequent;**

36 **complete school year after the contract is signed.**

37 **(4) Subject to section 15 of this chapter (before its expiration), a**
38 **plan and a schedule for the freeway school corporation or freeway**
39 **school to achieve the educational benefits listed in section 7 of**
40 **this chapter by the end of five (5) complete school years after the**
41 **contract is signed. The schedule must show some percentage of**
42 **improvement by the end of the second, third, and fourth complete**



1 school years after the contract is signed.

2 (5) A school by school strategy, including curriculum, in which

3 character education is demonstrated to be a priority. The strategy

4 required under this subdivision must include the following

5 subjects as integral parts of each school's character education:

6 (A) Hygiene.

7 (B) Alcohol and drugs.

8 (C) Diseases transmitted sexually or through drug use.

9 ~~including AIDS.~~

10 (D) Honesty.

11 (E) Respect.

12 (F) Abstinence and restraint.

13 (6) A plan under which the freeway school corporation or freeway

14 school will offer courses that will allow a student to become

15 eligible to receive an Indiana diploma with a Core 40 with

16 academic honors designation.

17 (7) A plan under which the freeway school corporation or freeway

18 school will maintain a safe and disciplined learning environment

19 for students and teachers.

20 (b) In the contract:

21 (1) the quantitative measures of benefits may be higher, but not

22 lower, than the minimum educational benefits listed in section 7

23 of this chapter; and

24 (2) educational benefits may be included in addition to the

25 minimum educational benefits listed in section 7 of this chapter.

26 SECTION 55. IC 20-30-5-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.233-2015,

27 SECTION 227, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

28 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) Each school corporation

29 shall:

30 (1) include in the school corporation's curriculum instruction

31 concerning the ~~disease acquired immune deficiency syndrome~~

32 (~~AIDS~~); **human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)**; and

33 (2) integrate this effort to the extent possible with instruction on

34 other ~~dangerous serious~~ communicable diseases.

35 (b) Literature that is distributed to school children and young adults

36 under this section must include information required by IC 20-34-3-17.

37 (c) The department, in consultation with the state department of

38 health, shall develop ~~AIDS HIV~~ educational materials. The department

39 shall make the materials developed under this section available to

40 school corporations.

41 SECTION 56. IC 20-34-3-17, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,

42 SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 17. (a) The state board shall provide information
 2 stressing the moral aspects of abstinence from sexual activity in any
 3 literature that it distributes to students and young adults concerning
 4 available methods for the prevention of ~~acquired immune deficiency~~
 5 ~~syndrome (AIDS)~~. **the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)**. The
 6 literature must state that the best way to ~~AIDS prevent HIV~~
 7 **transmission as a result of sexual activity** is for young people to
 8 refrain from sexual activity until they are ready as adults to establish,
 9 in the context of marriage, a mutually faithful monogamous
 10 relationship.

11 (b) The state board may not distribute ~~AIDS HIV~~ literature
 12 described in subsection (a) to students without the consent of the
 13 governing body of the school corporation the students attend.

14 SECTION 57. IC 31-11-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.244-2019,
 15 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 16 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. (a) An application for a marriage license must
 17 be written and verified. The application must contain the following
 18 information concerning each of the applicants:

- 19 (1) Full name.
- 20 (2) Birthplace.
- 21 (3) Residence.
- 22 (4) Age.
- 23 (5) Names of dependent children.
- 24 (6) Full name, including the maiden name of a mother, last known
 25 residence, and, if known, the place of birth of:
 - 26 (A) the birth parents of the applicant if the applicant is not
 27 adopted; or
 - 28 (B) the adoptive parents of the applicant if the applicant is
 29 adopted.
- 30 (7) Whether either of the applicants is a lifetime sex or violent
 31 offender, and, if an applicant is a lifetime sex or violent offender,
 32 the county and state in which the conviction was entered giving
 33 rise to the applicant's status as a lifetime sex or violent offender.
- 34 (8) A statement of facts necessary to determine whether any legal
 35 impediment to the proposed marriage exists.
- 36 (9) Except as provided in subsection (e), an acknowledgment that
 37 both applicants must sign, affirming that the applicants have
 38 received the information described in section 5 of this chapter,
 39 including a list of test sites for the ~~virus that causes AIDS~~
 40 ~~(acquired immune deficiency syndrome)~~. **human**
 41 **immunodeficiency virus (HIV)**. The acknowledgment required
 42 by this subdivision must be in the following form:



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I acknowledge that I have received information regarding ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable diseases that are sexually transmitted and a list of test sites for the ~~virus~~ that causes AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome): **human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)**.

Signature of Applicant

Signature of Applicant Date

10 (b) The clerk of the circuit court shall record the application,
11 including the license and certificate of marriage, in a book provided for
12 that purpose. This book is a public record.

17 (d) The state department of health shall require that the record of
18 marriage form developed under subsection (c) must include each
19 applicant's Social Security number. Any Social Security numbers
20 collected on the record of marriage form shall be kept confidential and
21 used only to carry out the purposes of the Title IV-D program. A person
22 who knowingly or intentionally violates confidentiality regarding an
23 applicant's Social Security numbers as described in this subsection
24 commits a Class A infraction.

25 (e) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a person who objects on religious
26 grounds is not required to:

27 (1) verify the application under subsection (a) by oath or
28 affirmation; or

29 (2) sign the acknowledgment described in subsection (a)(9).

30 However, before the clerk of the circuit court may issue a marriage
31 license to a member of the Old Amish Mennonite church, the bishop
32 of that member must sign a statement that the information in the
33 application is true.

34 (f) If a person objects on religious grounds to:

35 (1) verifying the application under subsection (a) by oath or
36 affirmation; or

37 (2) signing the acknowledgment described in subsection (a)(9);
38 the clerk of the circuit court shall indicate that fact on the application
39 for a marriage license.

40 SECTION 58. IC 31-11-4-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) The clerk of the
42 circuit court shall distribute to marriage license applicants written



1 information or videotaped information approved by the ~~AIDS~~ HIV
2 advisory council of the state department of health concerning
3 ~~dangerous~~ serious communicable diseases that are sexually
4 transmitted.

5 (b) Written information and videotaped information distributed by
6 each clerk of the circuit court under subsection (a) must provide
7 current information on human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
8 and other ~~dangerous~~ serious communicable diseases that are sexually
9 transmitted. The information must include an explanation of the
10 following:

11 (1) The etiology of ~~dangerous~~ serious communicable diseases that
12 are sexually transmitted.

13 (2) The behaviors that create a high risk of transmission of such
14 diseases.

15 (3) Precautionary measures that reduce the risk of contracting such
16 diseases.

17 (4) The necessity for consulting medical specialists if infection is
18 suspected.

19 (c) At the time of application for a marriage license, each clerk of the
20 circuit court shall:

21 (1) provide the marriage license applicants with written
22 information furnished under subsection (a) concerning dangerous
23 communicable diseases that are sexually transmitted; or

24 (2) show the marriage license applicants videotaped information
25 furnished under subsection (a) concerning dangerous
26 communicable diseases that are sexually transmitted.

27 (d) In addition to the information provided to marriage license
28 applicants under subsection (c), each clerk of the circuit court shall
29 inform each marriage license applicant that the applicant may be tested
30 on a voluntary basis for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
31 infection by the applicant's private physician or at another testing site.
32 The clerk shall provide the marriage applicants with a list of testing
33 sites in the community.

34 (e) An applicant who objects to the written information or videotaped
35 information on religious grounds is not required to receive the
36 information.

37 (f) If materials required by this section are not prepared by other
38 sources, the state department of health shall prepare the materials.

39 (g) The provider of the materials is responsible for all costs involved
40 in the development, preparation, and distribution of the information
41 required by this section. Except for the materials developed by the
42 state, the state and county are not liable for the costs of materials used



1 to implement this section and section 4 of this chapter.

2 SECTION 59. IC 31-33-18-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.31-2019,
3 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. The reports and other material described in
5 section 1(a) of this chapter and the unredacted reports and other
6 material described in section 1(b) of this chapter shall be made
7 available only to the following:

8 (1) Persons authorized by this article.

9 (2) A legally mandated public or private child protective agency
10 investigating a report of child abuse or neglect or treating a child
11 or family that is the subject of a report or record.

12 (3) Any of the following who are investigating a report of a child
13 who may be a victim of child abuse or neglect:

14 (A) A police officer or other law enforcement agency.

15 (B) A prosecuting attorney.

16 (C) A coroner, in the case of the death of a child.

17 (4) A physician who has before the physician a child whom the
18 physician reasonably suspects may be a victim of child abuse or
19 neglect.

20 (5) An individual legally authorized to place a child in protective
21 custody if:

22 (A) the individual has before the individual a child whom the
23 individual reasonably suspects may be a victim of abuse or
24 neglect; and

25 (B) the individual requires the information in the report or record
26 to determine whether to place the child in protective custody.

27 (6) An agency having the legal responsibility or authorization to
28 care for, treat, or supervise a child who is the subject of a report or
29 record or a parent, guardian, custodian, or other person who is
30 responsible for the child's welfare.

31 (7) An individual named in the report or record who is alleged to
32 be abused or neglected or, if the individual named in the report is
33 a child or is otherwise incompetent, the individual's guardian ad
34 litem or the individual's court appointed special advocate, or both.

35 (8) Each parent, guardian, custodian, or other person responsible
36 for the welfare of a child named in a report or record and an
37 attorney of the person described under this subdivision, with
38 protection for the identity of reporters and other appropriate
39 individuals.

40 (9) A court, for redaction of the record in accordance with section
41 1.5 of this chapter, or upon the court's finding that access to the
42 records may be necessary for determination of an issue before the



1 court. However, except for disclosure of a redacted record in
2 accordance with section 1.5 of this chapter, access is limited to in
3 camera inspection unless the court determines that public
4 disclosure of the information contained in the records is necessary
5 for the resolution of an issue then pending before the court.

6 (10) A grand jury upon the grand jury's determination that access
7 to the records is necessary in the conduct of the grand jury's official
8 business.

12 (12) The community child protection team appointed under
13 IC 31-33-3 (or IC 31-6-11-14 before its repeal), upon request, to
14 enable the team to carry out the team's purpose under IC 31-33-3.

15 (13) A person about whom a report has been made, with protection
16 for the identity of:

17 (A) any person reporting known or suspected child abuse or
18 neglect; and
19 (B) any other person if the person or agency making the
20 information available finds that disclosure of the information
21 would be likely to endanger the life or safety of the person.

22 (14) An employee of the department, a caseworker, or a juvenile
23 probation officer conducting a criminal history check under
24 IC 31-26-5, IC 31-34, or IC 31-37 to determine the appropriateness
25 of an out-of-home placement for a:

26 (A) child at imminent risk of placement;
27 (B) child in need of services; or
28 (C) delinquent child.

29 The results of a criminal history check conducted under this
30 subdivision must be disclosed to a court determining the placement
31 of a child described in clauses (A) through (C).

32 (15) A local child fatality review team established under
33 IC 16-49-2.

34 (16) The statewide child fatality review committee established by
35 IC 16-49-4.

36 (17) The department.

37 (18) The division of family resources, if the investigation report:

38 (A) is classified as substantiated; and

39 (B) concerns:

40 (i) an applicant for a license to operate;

41 (ii) a person licensed to operate;

42 (iii) an employee of; or



- 1 (iv) a volunteer providing services at;
2 a child care center licensed under IC 12-17.2-4 or a child care
3 home licensed under IC 12-17.2-5.
- 4 (19) A citizen review panel established under IC 31-25-2-20.4.
- 5 (20) The department of child services ombudsman established by
6 IC 4-13-19-3.
- 7 (21) The state superintendent of public instruction with protection
8 for the identity of:
 - 9 (A) any person reporting known or suspected child abuse or
10 neglect; and
 - 11 (B) any other person if the person or agency making the
12 information available finds that disclosure of the information
13 would be likely to endanger the life or safety of the person.
- 14 (22) The state child fatality review coordinator employed by the
15 state department of health under IC 16-49-5-1.
- 16 (23) A person who operates a child caring institution, group home,
17 or secure private facility if all the following apply:
 - 18 (A) The child caring institution, group home, or secure private
19 facility is licensed under IC 31-27.
 - 20 (B) The report or other materials concern:
 - 21 (i) an employee of;
 - 22 (ii) a volunteer providing services at; or
 - 23 (iii) a child placed at;
24 the child caring institution, group home, or secure private
25 facility.
 - 26 (C) The allegation in the report occurred at the child caring
27 institution, group home, or secure private facility.
- 28 (24) A person who operates a child placing agency if all the
29 following apply:
 - 30 (A) The child placing agency is licensed under IC 31-27.
 - 31 (B) The report or other materials concern:
 - 32 (i) a child placed in a foster home licensed by the child placing
33 agency;
 - 34 (ii) a person licensed by the child placing agency to operate a
35 foster family home;
 - 36 (iii) an employee of the child placing agency or a foster family
37 home licensed by the child placing agency; or
 - 38 (iv) a volunteer providing services at the child placing agency
39 or a foster family home licensed by the child placing agency.
 - 40 (C) The allegations in the report occurred in the foster family
41 home or in the course of employment or volunteering at the child
42 placing agency or foster family home.



(25) The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.

(26) A local domestic violence fatality review team established under IC 12-18-8, as determined by the department to be relevant to the death or near fatality that the local domestic violence fatality review team is reviewing.

(27) The statewide domestic violence fatality review committee established under IC 12-18-9-3, as determined by the department to be relevant to the death or near fatality that the statewide domestic violence fatality review committee is reviewing.

(28) The statewide maternal mortality review committee established under IC 16-50-1-3, as determined by the department to be relevant to the case of maternal morbidity or maternal mortality that the statewide maternal mortality review committee is reviewing.

(29) A local fetal-infant mortality review team established under IC 16-49-6, as determined by the department to be relevant to the case of fetal or infant fatality that the local fetal-infant mortality review team is reviewing.

(30) A suicide and overdose fatality review team established under IC 16-49.5-2, as determined by the department to be relevant to the case of a suicide or overdose fatality that the suicide and overdose fatality review team is reviewing.

SECTION 60. IC 34-30-2-80 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 80. IC 16-41-2-6 (Concerning physicians, hospitals, and laboratories for reporting communicable or dangerous serious diseases).

SECTION 61. IC 34-30-2-81, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2018, SECTION 273, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 81. (a) IC 16-41-7-2 (Concerning the good faith reporting to a health officer of an individual thought to present a serious and present **danger risk** to the health of others, to have engaged in noncompliant behavior, or to be at risk of carrying a **dangerous serious communicable disease**).

(b) IC 16-41-7-3 (Concerning a physician who provides notification to certain individuals regarding a patient's ~~dangerous~~ ~~serious~~ communicable disease).

SECTION 62. IC 34-30-2-81.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 81.5. IC 16-41-10-3.5 (Concerning a provider who tests a patient for the presence of a dangerous serious communicable disease).

SECTION 63. IC 34-30-2-83.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 83.9. (a) **IC 16-49.5-2-8**
2 (Concerning certain persons and entities complying with a records
3 request related to a suicide or overdose fatality review).

4 (b) **IC 16-49.5-2-11** (Concerning the substance of a suicide or
5 overdose fatality review team meeting).

6 SECTION 64. IC 34-30-2-82 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 82. IC 16-41-10-6
8 (Concerning a person reporting that an emergency medical services
9 provider has been exposed to a ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable
10 disease during the course of emergency duties).

11 SECTION 65. IC 34-46-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9. IC 16-41-2-4
13 (Concerning reports of communicable or ~~dangerous~~ **serious** diseases).

14 SECTION 66. IC 34-46-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10. IC 16-41-7-3
16 (Concerning warning by physician of ~~dangerous~~ **serious** communicable
17 disease).



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred House Bill 1182, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 7, line 35, delete "(a) A physician or the physician's authorized".

Page 7, delete lines 36 through 38.

Page 7, line 39, reset in roman "(a)".

Page 7, line 39, delete "(b)".

Page 7, run in lines 35 through 39.

Page 8, line 4, reset in roman "(b)".

Page 8, line 4, delete "(c)".

Page 8, line 10, delete "test." and insert "test, **orally or in writing.**".

Page 8, line 11, delete ":".

Page 8, line 12, delete "(A)".

Page 8, line 12, delete "that includes information" and insert "**orally, in writing, by video, or by a combination of these methods.**".

Page 8, delete line 13.

Page 8, line 14, delete "statutory requirements concerning disclosure;".

Page 8, line 14, strike "and".

Page 8, run in lines 11 through 14.

Page 8, delete line 15.

Page 8, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) Unless it is clearly not feasible, the information delivered to the patient who is to be tested under subsection (b) must be provided in the native language or other communication used by the patient. If the patient is unable to read written materials, the materials must be translated or read to the patient in a language the patient understands."

Page 8, line 30, delete "in person and orally".

Page 34, line 24, delete "A" and insert "**(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a**".

Page 34, line 26, reset in roman "HIV antibody."

Page 34, line 26, delete "human immunodeficiency virus".

Page 34, line 27, delete "(HIV)".

Page 34, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to a donation of semen that:

(1) indicates the presence of the HIV antibody; and

(2) is used according to safer conception practices endorsed by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or



other generally accepted medical experts.".

Page 35, delete lines 7 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:
**"SECTION 48. IC 16-51 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
 A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
 2020]:**

**ARTICLE 51. SUICIDE AND OVERDOSE FATALITY
 REVIEW TEAMS**

Chapter 1. Definitions

Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this article.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "SOFR team" refers to:

- (1) a county SOFR team; or**
- (2) a regional SOFR team formed by multiple counties; established under IC 16-51-2-1.**

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "SOFR" means suicide and overdose fatality review.

Chapter 2. Suicide and Overdose Fatality Review Teams

Sec. 1. (a) A:

- (1) local health department; or**
- (2) person or entity approved by the state department;**
may establish through a written agreement a SOFR team to review suicides and overdose fatalities for the purpose of gathering information concerning suicides and overdose fatalities and to use the information gathered to improve community resources and systems of care to reduce suicides and overdose fatalities.

(b) A SOFR team may be established in a county or multiple counties in Indiana.

(c) Upon the establishment of a SOFR team under this section, the SOFR team shall notify the state department of the establishment of the SOFR team.

Sec. 2. (a) A SOFR team shall do the following:

- (1) Identify similarities, trends, and factual patterns concerning suicides and overdose fatalities in the area served by the SOFR team.**
- (2) Identify reasons for any higher minority suicide and overdose fatality rate in the area served by the SOFR team.**
- (3) Create strategies and make recommendations for the prevention and reduction of suicides and overdose fatalities, including minority suicides and overdose fatalities, in the area served by the SOFR team.**

(b) A SOFR team may do any of the following:

- (1) Determine factors contributing to suicides and overdose**



fatalities.

(2) Identify public health and clinical interventions to improve systems of care and enhance coordination.

(3) Develop strategies for the prevention of suicides and overdose fatalities.

Sec. 3. (a) A SOFR team must be multidisciplinary and culturally diverse. The SOFR team should include professionals and representatives of agencies that provide services or community resources for families in the community.

(b) Members of a SOFR team must be appointed by the county health officer or another entity approved by the state department and may include representatives from the following disciplines:

(1) Primary health care.

(2) Mental health.

(3) Law enforcement.

(4) Behavioral health.

(5) Parole or probation.

(6) Addiction medicine.

(7) Emergency medical services.

(8) Social work.

(c) Members may also include any of the following:

(1) A coroner or deputy coroner.

(2) An epidemiologist.

(3) A pathologist.

(d) The SOFR team shall meet at least quarterly.

Sec. 4. (a) The first SOFR team meeting shall convene at the call of the county health officer, the county health administrator, or their designees, as applicable.

(b) The SOFR team members shall elect a chairperson at the first SOFR team meeting and whenever there is a chairperson vacancy.

(c) After the election of a team chairperson, the SOFR team shall meet upon the call of the elected chairperson or upon the call of the county health officer in the event that there is a chairperson vacancy.

Sec. 5. (a) Before a member of the SOFR team may participate in the review of a suicide or overdose fatality, the member must:

(1) sign a confidentiality form prepared by the state department;

(2) review the purpose and goal of the SOFR team; and

(3) review, for accuracy and comprehensiveness, any data collection form developed by the state department, if applicable.



(b) Individuals who are invited by the SOFR team chairperson to attend a SOFR team meeting must sign a confidentiality form before attending or participating in a SOFR team meeting.

(c) The state department shall create and make available a standardized confidentiality form to be used by members of all SOFR teams.

(d) The chairperson of a SOFR team is responsible for the safekeeping of all confidentiality agreements signed under this section.

Sec. 6. (a) The SOFR team shall review the death of each person whose death occurred in the area served by the SOFR team if one (1) or more of the following conditions are met:

(1) The person's cause of death is listed as one (1) or more of the following:

- (A) Poisoning.**
- (B) Intoxication.**
- (C) Toxicity.**
- (D) Inhalation.**
- (E) Ingestion.**
- (F) Overdose.**
- (G) Exposure.**
- (H) Chemical use.**
- (I) Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS) effects.**

(2) The person's manner of death is classified as one (1) of the following:

- (A) Accident.**
- (B) Suicide.**
- (C) Undetermined.**

(3) The person's manner of death is classified as natural but drug intoxication or exposure is listed as a contributing factor.

(b) When conducting a SOFR fatality review under subsection (a), the SOFR team may review the following records if the records pertain to a person or incident within the scope of the SOFR team's review:

(1) Records held by the:

- (A) local or state health department;**
- (B) INSPECT program (as described under IC 25-26-24); or**
- (C) department of child services.**

(2) Medical records.

(3) Law enforcement records.

(4) Autopsy reports.

(5) Coroner records.



- (6) Mental health reports.
- (7) Emergency medical services provider records.
- (8) Fire department run reports.
- (9) Disciplinary or health records generated by a local school system.
- (10) Any other record concerning the assessment, care, fatality, diagnosis, near fatality, if applicable, or treatment of the person subject to a SOFR team review.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided, information and records acquired by a SOFR team during the execution of the SOFR team's duties are confidential and exempt from disclosure.
- (d) Subject to subsection (e), records, information, documents, and reports acquired or produced by a SOFR team are not:

(1) subject to subpoena or discovery; or
 (2) admissible as evidence;

in any administrative or judicial proceeding.

(e) Records, information, documents, and reports that are admissible and otherwise discoverable from alternate sources do not become immune from discovery or use in any administrative or judicial proceeding because of their use by a SOFR team.

Sec. 7. A SOFR team shall review the death certificate of a decedent received from the county health officer in order to determine whether the fatality qualifies for a SOFR team review under section 6 of this chapter.

Sec. 8. (a) Subject to IC 34-30-15, the following persons or entities shall comply with a records request by a SOFR team:

- (1) A coroner.
- (2) An emergency medical services provider.
- (3) A fire department.
- (4) A health system.
- (5) A hospital.
- (6) A law enforcement officer.
- (7) A local or state governmental agency, including the department of child services.
- (8) A mental health professional.
- (9) A physician.
- (10) A school.
- (11) A social services provider.

(b) A person or entity that complies, in good faith, with a record request issued under subsection (a) may not be:

- (1) disciplined;
- (2) criminally prosecuted; or



(3) held administratively or civilly liable; for any disclosure related to the person's or entity's compliance with subsection (a).

(c) A person or entity subject to a records request by a SOFR team under subsection (a) may charge a reasonable fee for the service of duplicating any records requested by the SOFR team.

Sec. 9. If a fatality qualifies for a SOFR team review, the SOFR team shall:

(1) identify the factors that contributed to the fatality of the decedent;

(2) determine whether similar fatalities may be prevented in the future;

(3) if applicable, identify other:

(A) agencies or entities; and

(B) resources;

that may be used to assist in the prevention of a similar fatality; and

(4) if applicable, identify solutions to:

(A) improve practice and policy; and

(B) enhance coordination;

between the agencies, entities, and resources described in subdivision (3).

Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), SOFR team meetings are open to the public.

(b) A SOFR team meeting that requires the use or discussion of confidential records or confidential identifying information must be closed to the public for the portion of the team meeting that uses or discusses confidential information.

Sec. 11. (a) Members of a SOFR team and individuals who attend a SOFR team meeting as invitees of the team chairperson:

(1) may discuss, among themselves, confidential matters that are before the SOFR team;

(2) are bound by all applicable laws concerning the confidentiality of the matters reviewed by the SOFR team; and

(3) except as provided in subsection (b), may not be:

(A) disciplined;

(B) criminally prosecuted; or

(C) held administratively or civilly liable;

for the sharing or discussion of any confidential matter before the SOFR team during a SOFR team meeting.

(b) The immunity described in subsection (a)(3) does not apply to a SOFR team member or a SOFR team invitee who discloses



confidential information:

- (1) with malice;
- (2) in bad faith; or
- (3) negligently.

Sec. 12. The chairperson of a SOFR team or the chairperson's designee shall do the following for each SOFR team meeting:

- (1) Prepare the agenda for the scheduled SOFR team meeting.
- (2) Provide meeting notices to all members of the SOFR team.
- (3) Ensure that all:

- (A) members of the SOFR team; and
- (B) SOFR team invitees;

sign confidentiality forms as required under this chapter.

- (4) Maintain all confidentiality forms signed under this chapter.

- (5) Enter and record all data reviewed by the SOFR team by using:

- (A) data collection tools provided to the SOFR team by the state department, if applicable; and

- (B) any other appropriate data collection system.

- (6) Attend pertinent training concerning the use of the data collection tools employed by the SOFR team.

- (7) Serve as a liaison for the SOFR team as necessary.

- (8) Destroy all records, information, and documents obtained by the SOFR team under section 6 of this chapter upon the conclusion of the SOFR team's review of a specific suicide or overdose fatality.

Sec. 13. Records held or maintained by a SOFR team are subject to the confidentiality provisions of IC 31-33-18.

Sec. 14. (a) Before July 1 of each year, a SOFR team shall submit a report to the state department that includes the following information:

- (1) A summary of the data collected concerning the reviews conducted by the SOFR team for the previous calendar year.
- (2) Actions recommended by the SOFR team to improve systems of care and community resources to reduce suicides and overdose fatalities in the area served by the SOFR team.
- (3) Solutions proposed for any system inadequacies.

(b) The report described in subsection (a) may not contain identifying information relating to the deaths reviewed by the SOFR team.

(c) Review data concerning a suicide or overdose fatality is confidential and may not be released.



(d) The SOFR team may provide the state department with data concerning the reviews of a death under this chapter.

Sec. 15. Nothing in this chapter shall preclude any death, illness, or injury investigation or review to the extent authorized by other laws.".

Delete pages 36 through 49.

Page 50, delete lines 1 through 4.

Page 54, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 54. IC 31-33-18-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.31-2019, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. The reports and other material described in section 1(a) of this chapter and the unredacted reports and other material described in section 1(b) of this chapter shall be made available only to the following:

- (1) Persons authorized by this article.
- (2) A legally mandated public or private child protective agency investigating a report of child abuse or neglect or treating a child or family that is the subject of a report or record.
- (3) Any of the following who are investigating a report of a child who may be a victim of child abuse or neglect:
 - (A) A police officer or other law enforcement agency.
 - (B) A prosecuting attorney.
 - (C) A coroner, in the case of the death of a child.
- (4) A physician who has before the physician a child whom the physician reasonably suspects may be a victim of child abuse or neglect.
- (5) An individual legally authorized to place a child in protective custody if:
 - (A) the individual has before the individual a child whom the individual reasonably suspects may be a victim of abuse or neglect; and
 - (B) the individual requires the information in the report or record to determine whether to place the child in protective custody.
- (6) An agency having the legal responsibility or authorization to care for, treat, or supervise a child who is the subject of a report or record or a parent, guardian, custodian, or other person who is responsible for the child's welfare.
- (7) An individual named in the report or record who is alleged to be abused or neglected or, if the individual named in the report is a child or is otherwise incompetent, the individual's guardian ad litem or the individual's court appointed special advocate, or both.
- (8) Each parent, guardian, custodian, or other person responsible



for the welfare of a child named in a report or record and an attorney of the person described under this subdivision, with protection for the identity of reporters and other appropriate individuals.

(9) A court, for redaction of the record in accordance with section 1.5 of this chapter, or upon the court's finding that access to the records may be necessary for determination of an issue before the court. However, except for disclosure of a redacted record in accordance with section 1.5 of this chapter, access is limited to in camera inspection unless the court determines that public disclosure of the information contained in the records is necessary for the resolution of an issue then pending before the court.

(10) A grand jury upon the grand jury's determination that access to the records is necessary in the conduct of the grand jury's official business.

(11) An appropriate state or local official responsible for child protection services or legislation carrying out the official's official functions.

(12) The community child protection team appointed under IC 31-33-3 (or IC 31-6-11-14 before its repeal), upon request, to enable the team to carry out the team's purpose under IC 31-33-3.

(13) A person about whom a report has been made, with protection for the identity of:

(A) any person reporting known or suspected child abuse or neglect; and

(B) any other person if the person or agency making the information available finds that disclosure of the information would be likely to endanger the life or safety of the person.

(14) An employee of the department, a caseworker, or a juvenile probation officer conducting a criminal history check under IC 31-26-5, IC 31-34, or IC 31-37 to determine the appropriateness of an out-of-home placement for a:

(A) child at imminent risk of placement;

(B) child in need of services; or

(C) delinquent child.

The results of a criminal history check conducted under this subdivision must be disclosed to a court determining the placement of a child described in clauses (A) through (C).

(15) A local child fatality review team established under IC 16-49-2.

(16) The statewide child fatality review committee established by IC 16-49-4.



- (17) The department.
- (18) The division of family resources, if the investigation report:
 - (A) is classified as substantiated; and
 - (B) concerns:
 - (i) an applicant for a license to operate;
 - (ii) a person licensed to operate;
 - (iii) an employee of; or
 - (iv) a volunteer providing services at;
 - a child care center licensed under IC 12-17.2-4 or a child care home licensed under IC 12-17.2-5.
- (19) A citizen review panel established under IC 31-25-2-20.4.
- (20) The department of child services ombudsman established by IC 4-13-19-3.
- (21) The state superintendent of public instruction with protection for the identity of:
 - (A) any person reporting known or suspected child abuse or neglect; and
 - (B) any other person if the person or agency making the information available finds that disclosure of the information would be likely to endanger the life or safety of the person.
- (22) The state child fatality review coordinator employed by the state department of health under IC 16-49-5-1.
- (23) A person who operates a child caring institution, group home, or secure private facility if all the following apply:
 - (A) The child caring institution, group home, or secure private facility is licensed under IC 31-27.
 - (B) The report or other materials concern:
 - (i) an employee of;
 - (ii) a volunteer providing services at; or
 - (iii) a child placed at;
 - the child caring institution, group home, or secure private facility.
 - (C) The allegation in the report occurred at the child caring institution, group home, or secure private facility.
- (24) A person who operates a child placing agency if all the following apply:
 - (A) The child placing agency is licensed under IC 31-27.
 - (B) The report or other materials concern:
 - (i) a child placed in a foster home licensed by the child placing agency;
 - (ii) a person licensed by the child placing agency to operate a foster family home;



- (iii) an employee of the child placing agency or a foster family home licensed by the child placing agency; or
- (iv) a volunteer providing services at the child placing agency or a foster family home licensed by the child placing agency.

(C) The allegations in the report occurred in the foster family home or in the course of employment or volunteering at the child placing agency or foster family home.

(25) The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.

(26) A local domestic violence fatality review team established under IC 12-18-8, as determined by the department to be relevant to the death or near fatality that the local domestic violence fatality review team is reviewing.

(27) The statewide domestic violence fatality review committee established under IC 12-18-9-3, as determined by the department to be relevant to the death or near fatality that the statewide domestic violence fatality review committee is reviewing.

(28) The statewide maternal mortality review committee established under IC 16-50-1-3, as determined by the department to be relevant to the case of maternal morbidity or maternal mortality that the statewide maternal mortality review committee is reviewing.

(29) A local fetal-infant mortality review team established under IC 16-49-6, as determined by the department to be relevant to the case of fetal or infant fatality that the local fetal-infant mortality review team is reviewing.

(30) A suicide and overdose fatality review team established under IC 16-51-2, as determined by the department to be relevant to the case of a suicide or overdose fatality that the suicide and overdose fatality review team is reviewing.

Page 55, delete lines 5 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:
 "SECTION 58. IC 34-30-2-83.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 83.9. (a) IC 16-51-2-8 (Concerning certain persons and entities complying with a records request related to a suicide or overdose fatality review).

(b) IC 16-51-2-11 (Concerning the substance of a suicide or overdose fatality review team meeting).

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1182 as introduced.)

EH 1182—LS 7135/DI 123



KIRCHHOFER

Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 1.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1182 be amended to read as follows:

Page 7, line 16, reset in roman "the best".

Page 7, line 16, delete "one (1)".

Page 7, line 17, after "transmission" insert "**as a result of sexual activity**".

Page 36, line 19, after "include" insert "**local**"

Page 36, delete lines 20 through 27 begin a new line block indented and insert:

- (1) Public health.**
- (2) Primary health care.**
- (3) Mental health.**
- (4) Law enforcement.**
- (5) Behavioral health.**
- (6) Parole or probation.**
- (7) Addiction medicine.**
- (8) Emergency medical services.**
- (9) Social work."**

Page 43, line 4, reset in roman "the best".

Page 43, line 4, delete "one (1)".

Page 43, line 5, after "transmission" insert "**as a result of sexual activity**".

(Reference is to HB 1182 as printed January 24, 2020.)

CLERE

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health and Provider Services, to which was referred House Bill No. 1182, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

EH 1182—LS 7135/DI 123



Page 4, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new paragraph and insert:
 "SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2019,
 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 163. (a) **Except as provided in subsection (c),**
 "health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means
 any of the following:

- (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist, a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, an athletic trainer, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community intellectual disability center, community health center, or migrant health center.
- (4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
- (5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in IC 27-13-1-19).
- (6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
- (7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
 - (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
 - (B) is organized or registered under state law; and
 - (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's health care function.

Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is



limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not extend to other causes of action.

(b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35, the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this chapter).

(c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-32-5, IC 16-36-5, and IC 16-36-6, and IC 16-41-10 means an individual licensed or authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as:

- (1) a licensed physician;
- (2) a registered nurse;
- (3) a licensed practical nurse;
- (4) an advanced practice registered nurse;
- (5) a certified nurse midwife;
- (6) a paramedic;
- (7) an emergency medical technician;
- (8) an advanced emergency medical technician;
- (9) an emergency medical responder, as defined by section 109.8 of this chapter;
- (10) a licensed dentist;
- (11) a home health aide, as defined by section 174 of this chapter; or
- (12) a licensed physician assistant.

The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's employment.

(d) "Health care provider", for purposes of section 1.5 of this chapter and IC 16-40-4, means any of the following:

- (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or authorized by the state to provide health care or professional services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), an ambulatory outpatient surgical center, a dentist, an optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a psychologist, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (2) A blood bank, laboratory, community mental health center, community intellectual disability center, community health center, or migrant health center.



- (3) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
- (4) A health maintenance organization (as defined in IC 27-13-1-19).
- (5) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
- (6) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not otherwise specified in this subsection that:
 - (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
 - (B) is organized or registered under state law; and
 - (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's health care function.
- (7) A person that is designated to maintain the records of a person described in subdivisions (1) through (6).

(e) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-45-4, has the meaning set forth in 47 CFR 54.601(a)."

Page 8, line 11, strike "subsection (d)," and insert "**subsection (e)**,".

Page 8, line 25, delete "blood borne" and insert "**bloodborne**".

Page 9, strike lines 14 through 21.

Page 15, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new paragraph and insert:
 "SECTION 25. IC 16-41-7.5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2017,
 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. A qualified entity that operates a program under
 this chapter must do the following:

- (1) Annually register the program in a manner prescribed by the state department with the:
 - (A) state department; and
 - (B) local health department in the county or municipality where services will be provided by the qualified entity if the qualified entity is not the local health department.
- (2) Have one (1) of the following licensed in Indiana provide oversight to the qualified entity's programs:
 - (A) A physician.
 - (B) A registered nurse.
 - (C) A physician assistant.
- (3) Store and dispose of all syringes and needles collected in a safe and legal manner.
- (4) Provide education and training on drug overdose response and treatment, including the administration of an overdose intervention drug.
- (5) Provide drug addiction treatment information and referrals to



drug treatment programs, including programs in the local area and programs that offer medication assisted treatment that includes a federal Food and Drug Administration approved long acting, nonaddictive medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.

(6) Provide syringe and needle distribution and collection without collecting or recording personally identifiable information.

(7) Operate in a manner consistent with public health and safety.

(8) Ensure the program is medically appropriate and part of a comprehensive public health response.

(9) Keep sufficient quantities of an overdose intervention drug (as defined in IC 16-18-2-263.9) in stock and to administer in accordance with IC 16-42-27.

(10) Provide testing for communicable diseases, and if an individual tests positive for a communicable disease, provide health care services or a referral to a health care provider for the services.

(11) Establish a referral process for program participants in need of:

(A) information or education concerning communicable diseases; or

(B) health care.

SECTION 26. IC 16-41-7.5-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.208-2015, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. **(a)** Before November 1 of each year, the state department shall submit a report concerning syringe exchange programs operated under this chapter to the governor and to the general assembly in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

(b) Before November 1, 2020, as part of the report to the general assembly required under subsection (a), the state department shall ensure the report includes the following additional information concerning the program:

(1) The number of programs operating in Indiana.

(2) The data, compiled for each program, reported to the state department under section 10 of this chapter.

(3) Any other information the state department deems relevant to the general assembly in assessing the effectiveness of having a program in the state.

SECTION 27. IC 16-41-7.5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2017, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. This chapter expires July 1, 2021. **2022.**".

Page 30, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new line block indented



and insert:

"(3) A health care provider who is exposed to blood and body fluids while providing medical care to a patient."

Page 30, line 11, after "provider" insert ", a health care provider,".
 Page 30, line 16, after "provider" insert ", a health care provider,".
 Page 30, line 19, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 30, line 20, after "provider's" insert ", health care provider's,".
 Page 30, line 22, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 30, line 25, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 30, line 34, after "provider's" insert ", health care provider's,".
 Page 30, line 41, after "provider" insert ", a health care provider,".
 Page 31, line 5, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 31, line 10, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 31, line 14, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 31, line 15, after "provider's" insert ", health care provider's,".
 Page 31, line 20, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 31, line 29, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 31, line 30, after "provider's" insert ", health care provider's,".
 Page 31, line 35, after "provider" insert ", health care provider,".
 Page 31, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:
 "SECTION 41. IC 16-41-10-2.6, AS AMENDED BY THE
 TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2020 GENERAL
 ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2.6. (a) This section applies to:

- (1) an emergency medical services provider; **and**
- (2) a law enforcement officer; **and**

(3) a health care provider;

who ~~has~~ **have** been exposed to blood or body fluids as described in section 2(a) of this chapter.

(b) A person to whom this ~~chapter~~ **section** applies may submit an emergency application for a blood or body fluid specimen to a circuit or superior court having jurisdiction to issue a warrant.

(c) An emergency application for a blood or body fluid specimen must be verified and include the following information:

- (1) The name and employing agency of the person exposed to the blood or body fluids.
- (2) The name of the patient to whose blood or body fluids the person has been exposed.
- (3) A concise description of the circumstances under which the exposure occurred.
- (4) A concise explanation of why immediate testing is necessary.
- (5) Any other information required by the court.



(d) If it appears from the emergency application for a blood or body fluid specimen that:

(1) the person exposed to the blood or body fluid is a person to whom this section applies; and

(2) immediate testing is necessary;

the court shall approve the emergency application for a blood or body fluid specimen ex parte, without notice or a hearing, and issue an emergency order requiring the patient to whose blood or body fluid the emergency medical services provider, **health care provider**, or law enforcement officer has been exposed to provide a blood or body fluid specimen for testing.".

Page 31, line 42, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 32, line 12, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 32, line 14, after "provider's" insert "**or health care provider's**,".

Page 32, line 17, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 32, line 18, after "provider's" insert ", **health care provider's**,".

Page 32, line 23, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 32, line 27, after "provider" insert "**or health care provider**".

Page 32, line 30, after "employer" insert "**or health care provider's employer**".

Page 32, line 34, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 33, line 15, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 33, line 19, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 33, line 22, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 33, line 25, after "provider" insert ", **health care provider**,".

Page 35, line 10, delete "IC 16-51" and insert "IC 16-49.5".

Page 35, line 13, delete "51." and insert "**49.5.**".

Page 35, between lines 17 and 18, begin a new paragraph and insert: "**Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "SOFR" means suicide and overdose fatality review.**".

Page 35, line 18, delete "2." and insert "3.".

Page 35, line 21, delete "IC 16-51-2-1." and insert "**IC 16-49.5-2-1.**".

Page 35, delete lines 22 through 23.

Page 49, line 20, delete "IC 16-51-2," and insert "**IC 16-49.5-2,**".

Page 50, line 1, delete "IC 16-51-2-8" and insert "**IC 16-49.5-2-8**".

Page 50, line 4, delete "IC 16-51-2-11" and insert "**IC 16-49.5-2-11**".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.



(Reference is to HB 1182 as reprinted January 28, 2020.)

CHARBONNEAU, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

EH 1182—LS 7135/DI 123

