



## STATE OF NEW JERSEY GOVERNOR PHIL MURPHY

**FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE**

**June 12, 2023**

**Contact: Jeff Wolfe**

**Press Office: New Jersey Department of Agriculture**

**Email: [Jeff.Wolfe@ag.nj.gov](mailto:Jeff.Wolfe@ag.nj.gov)**

### **ICYMI: Funding for Spotted Lanternfly Treatment Available to All New Jersey Counties, Municipalities**

**TRENTON**— The New Jersey Department of Agriculture has announced that grant funds are available to counties and municipalities to battle the spotted lanternfly (SLF). Interested counties and municipalities may apply to receive funds from the Department. The Murphy Administration, in partnership with the Legislature, has provided funding to the Department to reduce SLF populations and minimize its spread.

“To protect our state’s agriculture and natural resources, we have made funding available to both counties and municipalities to combat the growth of the destructive Spotted Lanternfly population,” **said Governor Murphy**. “This invasive species can have devastating effects and we want to ensure that our communities access every resource available to help mitigate their spread. Residents can also help make a difference by stomping the lanternflies when they see them.”

A total of up to \$50,000 per county, and up to \$15,000 per municipality is available on a first-come, first-serve basis for reimbursement of eligible costs incurred for SLF chemical treatment activities. A letter to counties and municipalities, the notice of funds availability, and the application can be found at <https://bit.ly/3T5FVrY>.

“This is an excellent opportunity for counties and municipalities in New Jersey to take advantage of this funding that can assist them in helping reduce the populations of this pest,” NJDA Secretary Douglas Fisher said. “The more participants we have in this program the stronger our campaign will be against this invasive

menace.”

The spotted lanternfly is currently in a nymph stage where it is black with white spots. It will mature into red and black with white spots in its next stage, and then reach its adult stage sometime in August.

In addition to this program, home and business owners can go to [www.badbug.nj.gov](http://www.badbug.nj.gov) to find information that includes a timeline for the stages of growth for the insect as well as treatment options. Along with the listed treatment options, residents and businesses can also use licensed pesticide applicators to provide treatments to kill the spotted lanternfly.

While the spotted lanternfly does not harm humans or animals, it can feed on about 70 different types of vegetation or trees. The pest’s preferred host is the Tree of Heaven, an invasive plant that has been in the United States for decades. The spotted lanternfly is native to Asia and was first found in the U.S. in Berks County, Pa., in 2014. It is considered a plant hopper and can fly only a few feet at a time. However, the spotted lanternfly is an excellent hitchhiker and can travel on almost any kind of transportation for several miles, which has caused it to spread to several states.

The Department asks people to check their vehicles whenever possible before leaving an area to make sure the pest is not coming along for the ride. The NJDA has a checklist of items and places on where to look for the spotted lanternfly before leaving an area [here](#). The checklist serves to inform the public about the spotted lanternfly, including how to identify all life stages of the insect and minimize its movement.

Share this email:



[Manage](#) your preferences | [Opt out](#) using TrueRemove™  
Got this as a forward? [Sign up](#) to receive our future emails.  
View this email [online](#).

PO Box 001  
Trenton, NJ | 08608-1101 US

This email was sent to paulroman0246@gmail.com.  
*To continue receiving our emails, add us to your address book.*

emma®