

**AAIP 47<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting and Health Conference  
We Ko Pa Resort and Casino**

Reminder: Please Plan to join us on July 25<sup>th</sup>, 2018 for a  
**Pre Conference Workshop**

1 PM – 5 PM

Title: ***Opiate Use Disorder in Indian Country: Best practices for prevention and treatment.***

Presenters:

**Joel Chisholm, MD:** Medical management opiate addiction

**Daniel Dickerson, DO, MPH:** Cultural approaches to treatment of opiate addiction

**Roger Dale Walker, MD:** Overview, define problem, review prevalence and review status in Indian country and community efforts

**Anthony Campbell, RPH, D.O., FACP:** Psychopharmacology, government program available for consultation and treatment

**Anne Helene Skinstad, PhD,** Facilitator of the panel discussion

The opiate epidemic has significantly impacted American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/ANs) communities, with disproportionately higher mortality rates and rates of opiate use disorders compared to the general U.S. population. Medical and psychiatric management can be a challenge, especially since these disorders often become chronic, relapsing disorders, making it difficult to diagnose which disorder is primary and secondary. A harm-reduction, approach, including use of both medical management and psycho-social treatment, is shown to be effective in treatment of opiate use disorders. Culture based and community based treatment approaches offer effective pathways in providing treatment in native communities. These issues will be discussed by presenters in panel discussion.

*The goals for this workshop is to provide an overview and introduce the following topics:*

- 1) Identify risk factors for opiate use disorder, and co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders
- 2) Examine Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) approaches for severe opiate use disorder in Indian Country
- 3) Incorporate effective, culturally informed, psycho-social treatment of opiate use disorder
- 4) Apply effective methods for medical management of opiate withdrawal, management of pain.
- 5) Manage the opiate patient in a medical/clinical setting.