



DRG Annual Learning Forum

Four Sessions:
March 10, 11, 16, 18

Findings Track

Session I: Advancing Civic Spaces and Protecting Human Rights

Wednesday, March 10,
9:00 - 10:30 am Eastern

A photograph of three young men of African descent. The man in the center is smiling and holding a yellow and black electronic device, possibly a radio or a small computer, in his hands. He is looking down at it. The man on the left is partially visible, looking towards the device. The man on the right is also looking towards the device. They are outdoors, with a blurred background.

- Please keep yourself on mute and off video.
- For questions to speakers and panelists, please use the Q/A feature.
- Feel free to write comments in chat for other thoughts or comments.



Findings Track

Session 1:

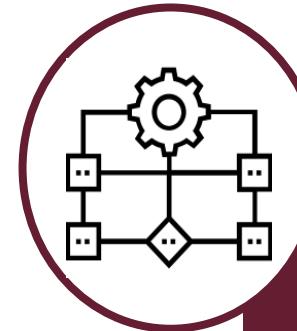
Advancing Civic Spaces and
Protecting Human Rights -

March 10, 9:00 - 10:30 am Eastern

Session 2:

Achieving Accountability: From
Social Movement to
Decentralization

March 11, 9:00 - 10:30 am Eastern



Process Track

Session 3:

Learning from Learning Agendas:
Improving the Art of
Organizational Learning

*March 16, 2020 at 9:00 - 10:30 am
Eastern*

Session 4:

Lessons Learned from 27 DRG
Impact Evaluations

*March 18, 2020 10:00 - 11:30 am
Eastern*

DRG Learning Agenda Overview

DRG LEARNING AGENDA OVERVIEW

The DRG Learning Agenda is a set of priority and strategic research questions for which the DRG Center generated evidence and produced recommendations to guide DRG programming, rooted in five cross-cutting thematic areas. This evidence includes academic research, program evaluations, and multi-method tests of DRG program assumptions and theories of change. The 2016 and 2017 Learning Agendas included 20 Learning Questions across five themes: Participation and Inclusion, Transparency and Accountability, Human Rights, DRG Integration, and Theories of Democratic Change.

The DRG Center formulated the DRG Learning Agendas through a consultative process with internal Theme Teams and USAID field staff. The Center created action plans for each question and a Learning Agenda Advisory Group to oversee annual updates to the agendas. The Center then funded evidence reviews along with research and evaluation activities to fill evidence gaps.

In preparation for the 2021-2023 Learning Agenda, USAID reviewed past research supported by the DRG Center and assessed the degree to which the questions from the latest agendas were addressed (see [Learning Overview](#)). This process included a compilation and summary of research including findings, conclusions, and recommendations (see [Learning Agenda Back-Up](#)).

DRG Center Research by Theme

PARTICIPATION & INCLUSION

- Restrictive environment
- Youth participation
- Women's participation
- Social movements
- Electoral systems

TRANSPARENCY & ACCOUNTABILITY

- External vs. internal
- Decentralization
- Civil service
- E-Governance
- Gender-based violence

HUMAN RIGHTS

- Information campaigns
- Human rights
- National human rights institutions
- Radicalization
- Cross-group communication

DRG INTEGRATION

- Participation and Accountability
- National evaluations
- Cross-sector
- Scale expansion

DRG LEARNING THEME: Human Rights

The DRG Learning Agenda is a set of priority and strategic research questions for which the DRG Center generated evidence and Rights answered questions related to what makes human rights awareness campaigns successful, in what contexts does assistance and others.

For more information, see the [DRG Learning Agenda Overview](#) and the [Learning Agenda Evidence Back-Up](#).

DRG Center Learning Agenda Findings

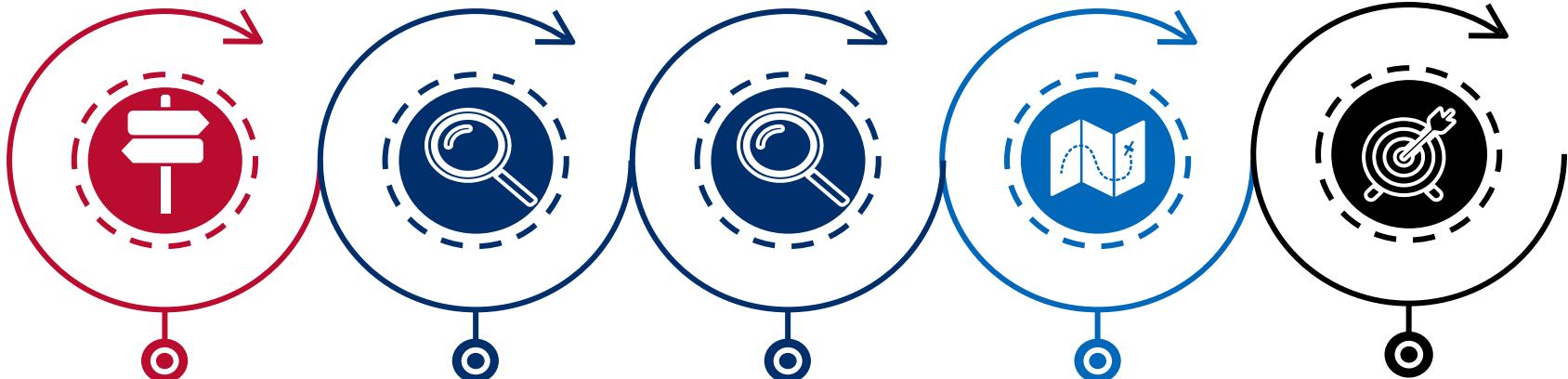
Information Campaigns

In what ways are human rights awareness campaigns successful and what are their unintended negative consequences?

- The success of awareness campaigns tends to depend heavily on specific, targeted, and never-before-disseminated framing for messages, as well as the combination of traditional and new media to disseminate these messages.
- In addition to the benefits that awareness campaigns may achieve through pressure on governments to respect human rights, they may also spark backlash, confusion, and/or frustration.
- In some cases, awareness campaigns may find it more effective to target influential corporations in addition to the broader public, since these entities are often more



AGENDA



**Welcome /
Background**

**Presentation
1 followed
by Q&A**

**Presentation
2 followed by
Q&A**

**Utilization
Reflections**

**Plenary
Discussion**

Session I: Advancing Civic Spaces and Protecting Human Rights

Speakers:

Presentation 1:

Erica Chenoweth, Harvard University and Jonathan Pinckney, USIP: *Struggles from Below: Literature Review on Human Rights Struggles by Domestic Actors*

Presentation 2:

Ximena Velasco Guachalla, University of Essex:
Maintaining civic space in backsliding regimes

Utilization Reflections:

Mark Goldenbaum, USAID/DDI/DRG



Erica Chenoweth, Harvard
University and Jonathan
Pinckney, USIP

*Struggles from Below:
Literature Review on
Human Rights Struggles by
Domestic Actors*

Key Questions

How do domestic civic actors advocate for human rights?
What factors make their struggles more or less difficult?

What lessons learned do successful and failed human rights struggles have for international actors?

Three Takeaways

- The power of a human rights frame.
- The crucial need for in-depth knowledge.
- The transformative potential of networks.



Questions / Responses

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- Please feel free to use the upvote feature if you like a question
- Time will not allow for all questions to be answered in the session.
- Feel free to use chat for additional comments.



Ximena Velasco
Guachalla, University of
Essex

*Maintaining Civic Space in
Backsliding Regimes*

Maintaining Civic Space in Backsliding Regimes

Andy Baker

Carew Boulding

Shawnna Mullenax

Galen Murton

Meagan Todd

Drew Zackary

Presenter:

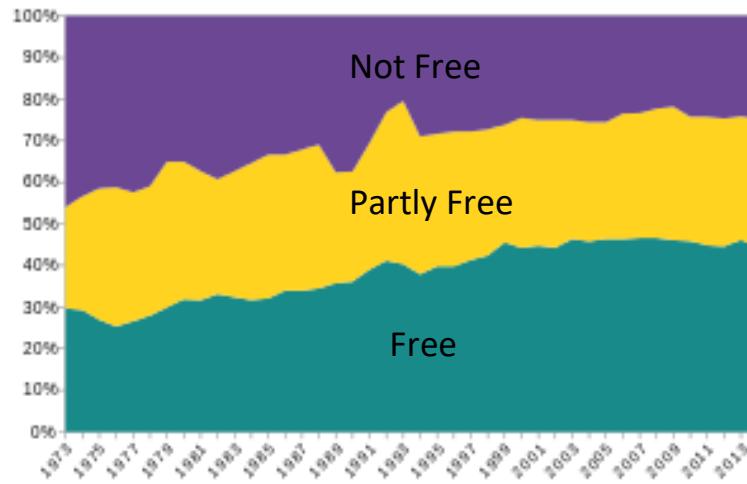
V. Ximena Velasco-Guachalla

The Learning Agenda Questions Paraphrased

- ✓ What enables civic and political participation in countries where civil liberties are being taken away?
- ✓ What strategies can civil society actor and groups use to safely and successfully pry open or keep open civic space in backsliding regimes?

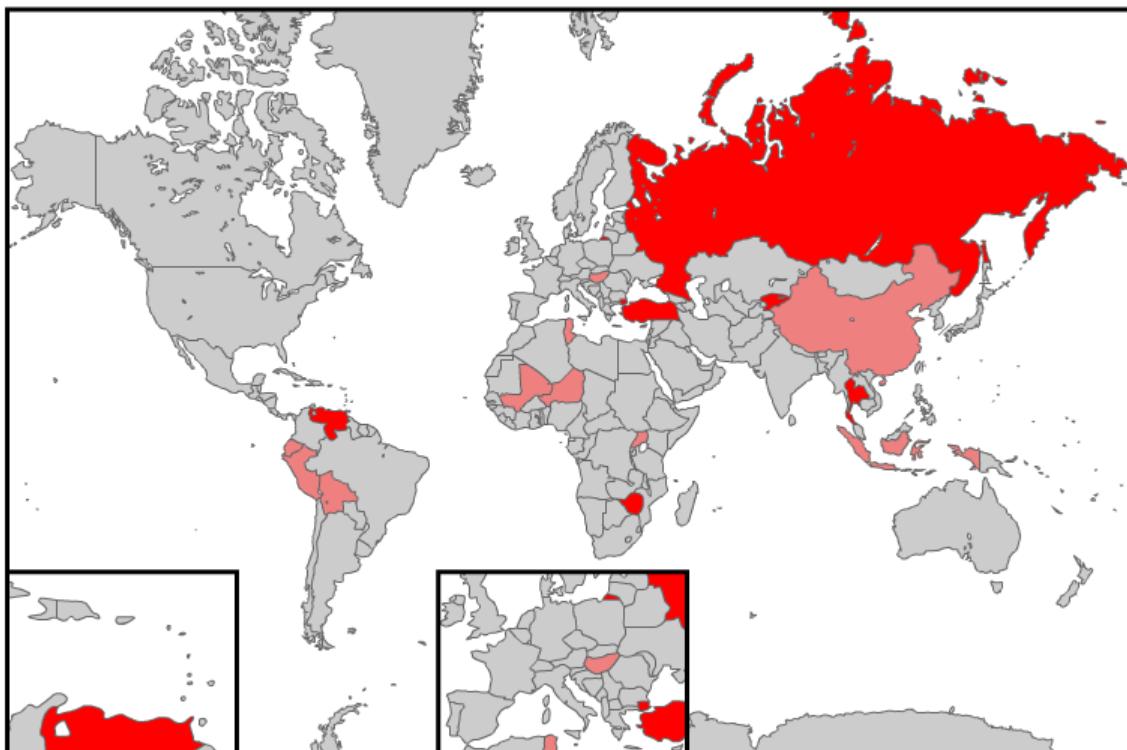
What is Backsliding?

“Change in a combination of competitive electoral procedures, civil and political liberties, and accountability... [B]acksliding occurs through a series of discrete changes in the rules and informal procedures that shape those elections, rights, and accountability” (Lust and Waldner 2015, p. 2)



Our Approach

- Case studies
- **Interdisciplinary:** Political science, Geography, Anthropology
- Mostly regional
- But special thematic foci on women and LGBT groups, NGOS, and opposition parties.
- **Regions covered:**
- Latin America, the Middle East, Eastern Europe, Central Asia, South, Southeast, and East Asia



INCREASING REPRESSION AND GOVERNMENT CONTROL

- ✓ Cooptation
- ✓ Government control over media
- ✓ Framing/Reframing gender and sexuality
- ✓ Discriminatory legalism
- ✓ Executive aggrandizement
- ✓ Opposition harassment



In contexts of closing civic space, what has worked?

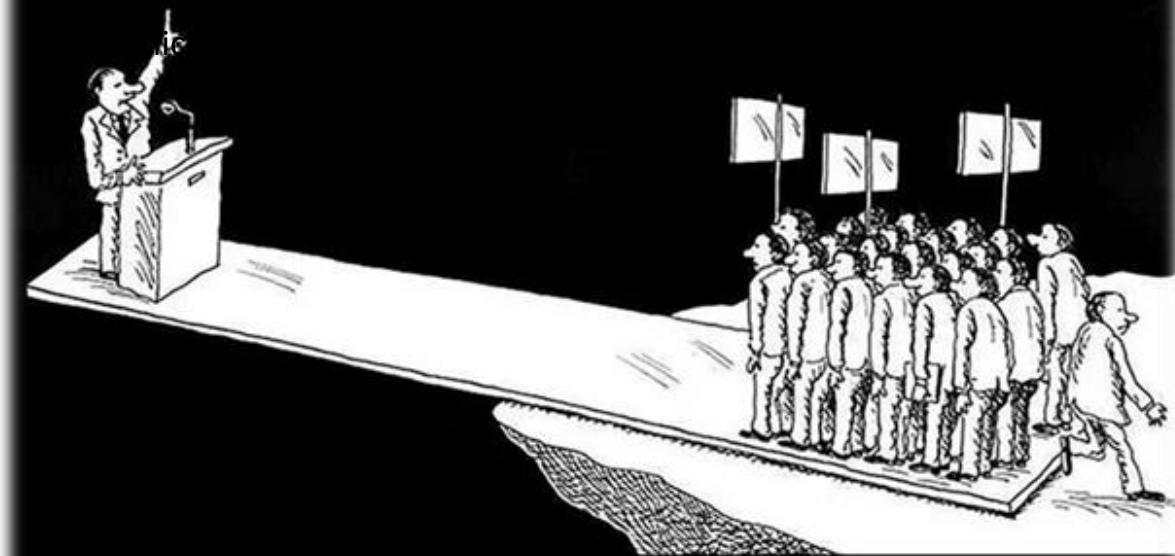


Greater Number of Participants

1. Increased pool of resources
2. Collective demands are strengthened
3. Greater reach to multiple audiences
4. Direct experiences with democratic principles

Legitimacy

Alliances & Coalition Building



REPRESSION BY GOVERNMENTS CAN BACKFIRE

LOWER PHYSICAL &
MORAL BARRIERS

INCREASED STRATEGIC
INNOVATION

NON-VIOLENT RESISTANCE



INCREASED
PARTICIPATION

DOMESTIC &
INTERNATIONAL
DEMONSTRATION
EFFECTS



LOCAL LEVEL PARTICIPATION

- Groups mobilizing at various localities can provide a broader base for the movement
- Lower risk of government repression



CLEAR MESSAGE

- Electoral success will depend on the opposition's delivery of a clear, credible, and common message that provides the population a real alternative to the current administration (Hawkins 2016)



BROADER LESSONS

Diversity of Civil Society

Pros & Cons of technological empowerment

Legitimacy / Autonomy

Constitutional Rights: Necessary but not sufficient

Subtle ways to dismantle democracy from within
with civil society support



Questions / Responses

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- Time will not allow for all questions to be answered in the session.
- Feel free to use chat for additional comments.



Mark Goldenbaum,
DDI/DRG



- The moderator will be asking specific questions to guide the conversation.
- Please write your questions or comments in the Q&A.
- Another host will be monitoring the Q&A for questions / comments.
- We may ask you to come off mute to give voice to your question
- Please use the upvote feature
- Please be patient as time will not allow for all questions and comments to be addressed.

Please take a moment to fill out survey to engage in the future learning agenda formulation process and give us feedback!



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

*If you have any questions, please contact Matt Baker
mabaker@usaid.gov*