



State Affairs & Regulatory Update

November 12, 2024

PRESENTED BY

Terry Kippley, CPDA President

Andrew Walmsley, VP Government Relations, CPDA

Dr. Eric Spandl, ESA Committee, CPDA

Bob Ehn, Director of State Affairs, CPDA

Dr. Emily Saad, State Affairs Committee, CPDA

Scott Rawlins, Senior Advisor, CPDA

Dr. Dave Bolin, EPA Committee, CPDA

Dr. Ray McAllister, Regulatory Advisor, CPDA

BECAUSE ADVOCACY MATTERS

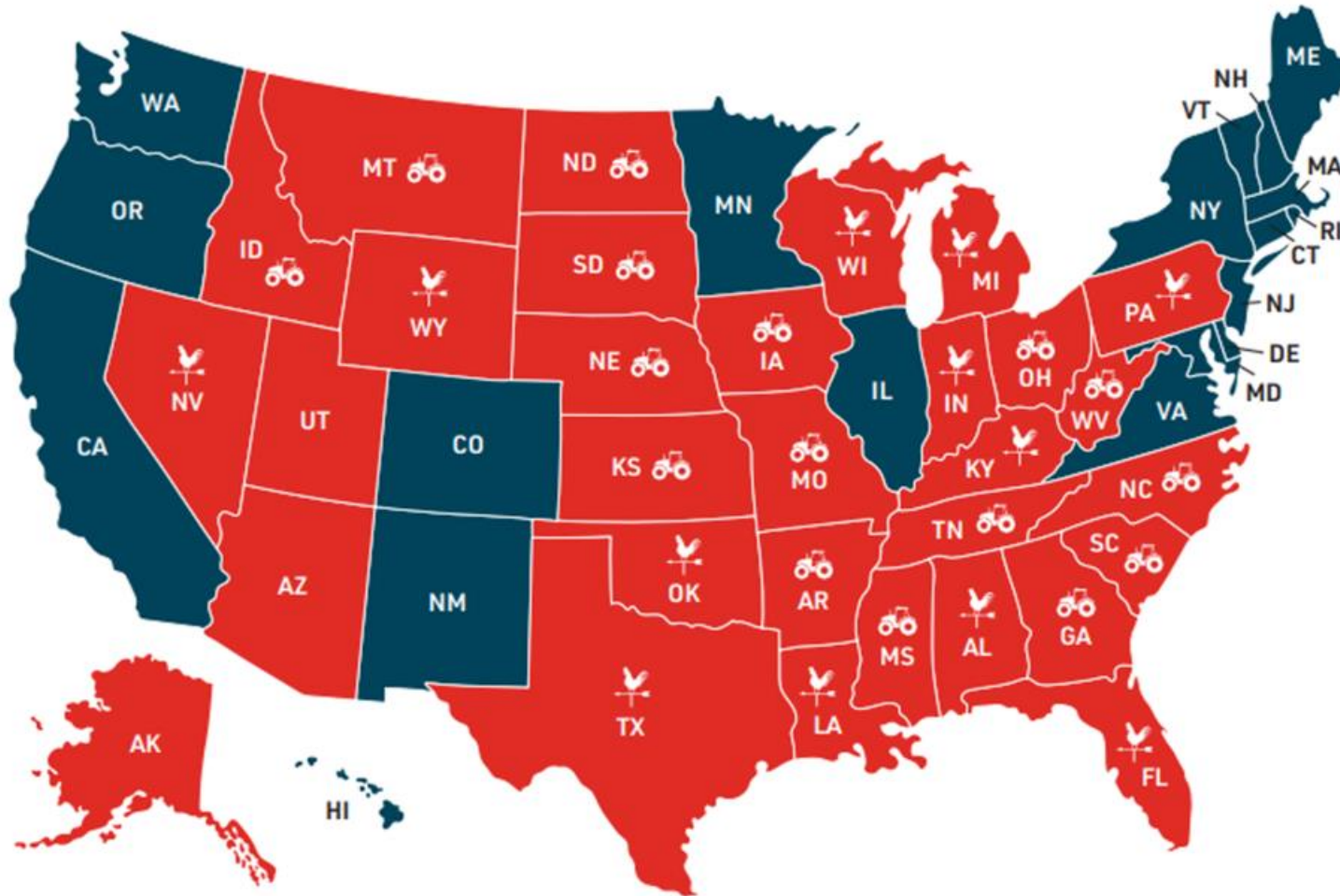
Regulatory Update Agenda

Topics/Updates

- Federal Update
- CPDA Priority Issues
- Commercial Impact of ESA– New Liberty Ultra Label Discussion
- California
- Washington
- Maine
- Maryland
- Minnesota
- EPA PRIA 5 Issues
- Announcements



Federal Update



TRUMP/VANCE VICTORY STATES STATES WHERE AGRICULTURE IS THE #1 INDUSTRY STATES WHERE AGRICULTURE IS ONE OF THE TOP INDUSTRIES

According to an analysis of 2024 general election results, former President Trump won with strong support from rural America. Ag serves as a prominent economic driver in 28 of the 31 states that backed him, highlighting its foundational role across these regions.

This widespread support signals the importance of strong alignment between the Trump administration's economic policies and the priorities of America's farming communities, reflecting a shared commitment to the agricultural sector's growth and resilience.

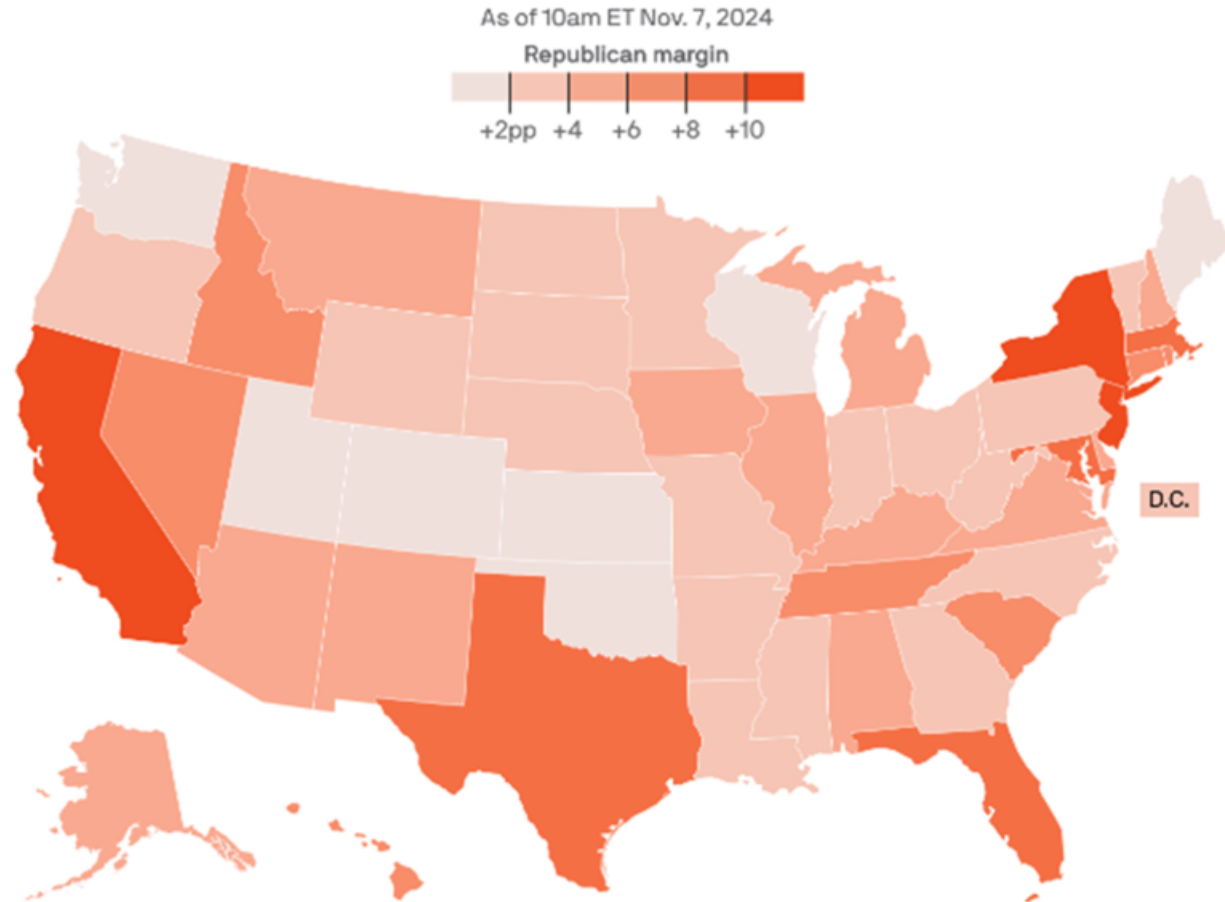
Courtesy: NC Chamber

Sources: [Ohio](#), [North Dakota](#), [South Carolina](#), [Pennsylvania](#), [Nevada](#), [Arkansas](#), [Florida](#), [Indiana](#), [Tennessee](#), [Alabama](#), [South Dakota](#), [Idaho](#), [Iowa](#), [Georgia](#), [Kansas](#), [Kentucky](#), [Louisiana](#), [Mississippi](#), [Michigan](#), [Missouri](#), [Montana](#), [North Carolina](#), [Oklahoma](#), [Utah](#), [Nebraska](#), [Wyoming](#), [West Virginia](#), [Wisconsin](#), [RealClearPolitics](#).



Federal Update

Shift in Trump vote margin from 2020 to 2024



Data: AP. Map: Jared Whalen/Axios

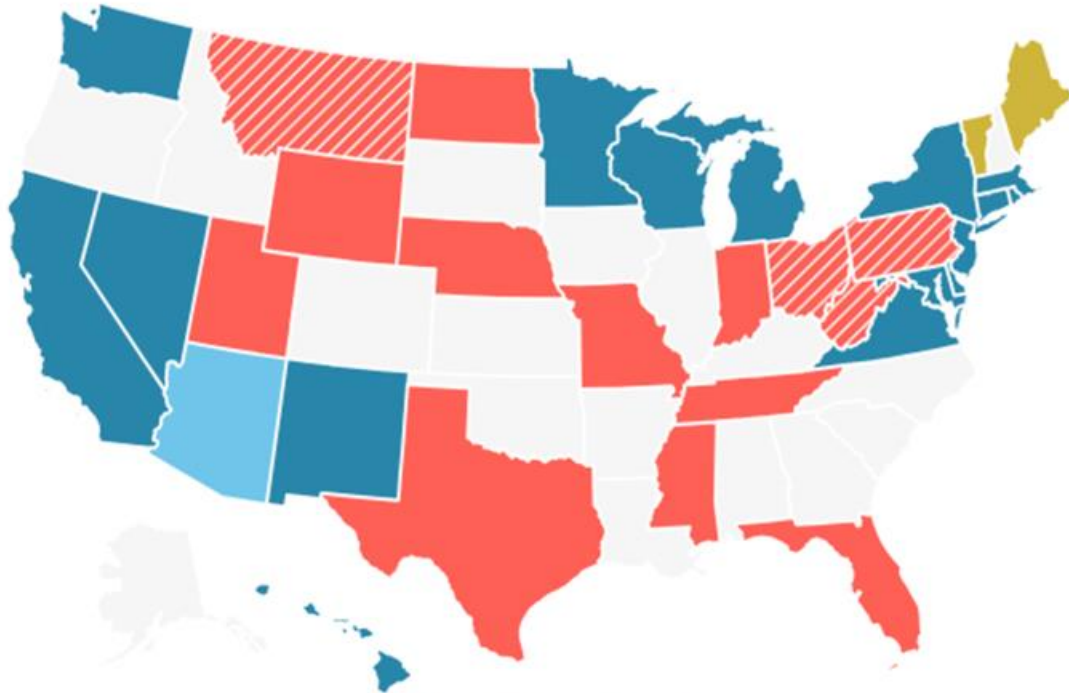
Indications point that the 2024 election marks the biggest shift to the right in the US since Ronald Reagan's victory in 1980, attributable to the wide coalition of groups that President Trump was able to make inroads with.

One in three voters of color voted for Trump, he increased his support with Hispanic voters by double digits compared to 2020 and carried Hispanic men by 10 points. He also improved his support with voters ages 18-29 by 10+ points.



Federal Update

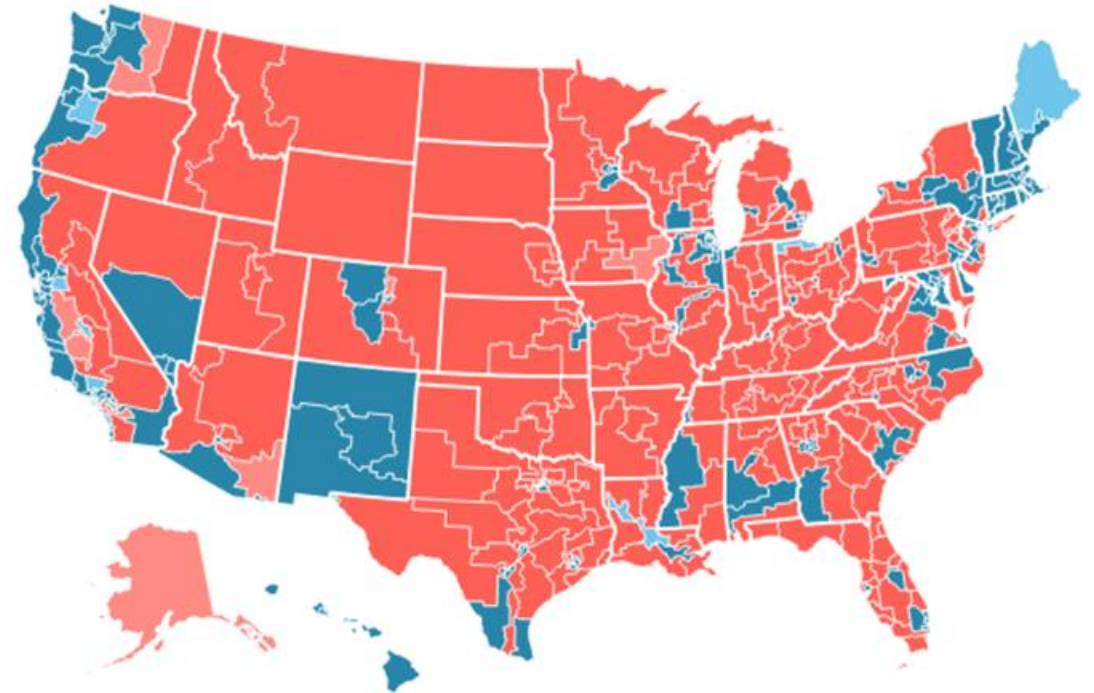
U.S. Senate



SPECIAL ELECTIONS

CA NE

U.S. House





Federal Update

LAME DUCK

- Leadership Elections
- Does Congress 'Clear the Deck'?
 - Disaster Assistance
 - NDAA
 - Government Funding (CR until Dec. 20)
 - Farm Bill?
 - Debt Ceiling?



2025 Republican Priorities

- Congressional Review Act
- Tax Package (via Reconciliation)
- Border Security (via Reconciliation)
- Tariffs and Trade Policy
- What Else?



A banner for the DC FLY-IN event. The background features a large American flag on the left and a view of the U.S. Capitol dome at sunset on the right. The text "DC FLY-IN" is prominently displayed in large blue letters at the top center.

DC FLY-IN

February 24–26, 2025



2025 CPDA Priorities

- ESA Mitigation Options for Growers
- Additional Resources for Growers at USDA
- Innovation Backlog at EPA
- Farm Bill

TRUMP PICKS SO FAR



SUSIE
WILES

CHIEF OF STAFF



TOM
HOMAN

"BORDER CZAR"



REP. ELISE
STEFANIK

U.S. AMB TO U.N.



STEPHEN
MILLER

DEPUTY CHIEF OF
STAFF FOR POLICY



FMR REP. LEE
ZELDIN

EPA ADMINISTRATOR



REP. MIKE
WALTZ

NATIONAL SECURITY
ADVISER

BREAKING NEWS

LIVE

SOURCE: TRUMP LIKELY TO PICK MARCO RUBIO FOR SECRETARY OF STATE

CNN

6:22 PM PT

4TH-RANKING HOUSE REPUBLICAN, HAS BEEN A STRONG ALLY OF THE PRESIDENT-ELI THE SOURCE



Federal Update

"We've got to get off of pesticide-intensive agriculture".

"I can weaponize the other agencies against chemical agriculture by doing good science on the chemicals that are actually poisoning us".



CPDA Members Participate in EPA Lunch & Learn Series

As a follow-up to the National Alliance of Independent Crop Consultants (NAICC) and the Weed Science Society of America Wisconsin Tour for Endangered Species Act that CPDA participated in, EPA hosted a lunch and learn webinar for EPA OPP staff on Monday, November 4th. Key EPA personnel that attended the webinar included Ed Messina, Jan Matuszko and Charles 'Billy' Smith. CPDA members Connor Ferguson, Simplot, Steven Fredericks, Winfield United, and Eric Spandl, Winfield United, were panelists on the webinar.



BECAUSE ADVOCACY MATTERS

CPDA Priority Issues

CPDA State Affairs strategy will focus on the following priorities:

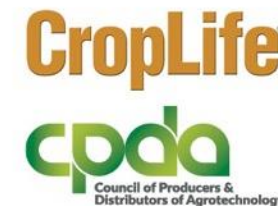
- Everything California. What happens in California tends to be copied by other states (i.e. Washington, Oregon) Stopping or slowing these trends down will be a top priority.
- State-level adjuvant registration issues.
- Disclosure of adjuvant confidential formulas.
- DRA utilization and potential regulation of DRAs at the state level.
- Other priorities as approved by the CPDA Board and Government Affairs Committee.
- FiscalNote and Policy Map

Helping the Dealer & Farmer Comply with ESA

November 15 at 2:00 pm EST

In Spring 2025, do you know what to do?

The ABCs of ESA:
**Exploring the EPA's
Herbicide Strategy**



Featured Speakers



Lara L. Sowinski
Group Editor
CropLife Media Group



Eric Sfiligoj
Editor
CropLife and CropLife IRON



Eileen Bernard
Adjuvant Manager
Nutrien Ag Solutions



Kyle Kunkler
Director of Government
Affairs
American Soybean
Association



Scott Addy
VP Brand Technology
Wilbur-Ellis



Eric Spandl
Senior Research and
Development Manager
WinField United

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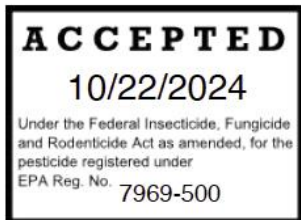


Commercial Implications of ESA–Liberty Ultra Label



We create chemistry

Glufosinate-P-Ammonium	Group	10	Herbicide
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[Text in brackets [] is optional or alternate text.]

BASF L-Glufosinate-Ammonium 211

Herbicide

Alternate Brand Names: Liberty® ULTRA Herbicide, Liberty® ULTRA, Noventa® ULTRA, Noventa® ULTRA Herbicide

BASF L-Glufosinate-Ammonium 211 herbicide is a nonselective herbicide that provides control of a broad spectrum of broadleaf and grassy weeds in LibertyLink or glufosinate-resistant crops.

Active Ingredient:	
Glufosinate-P-Ammonium*	18.7%**
Other Ingredients:	<u>81.3%</u>
Total:	100.0%

* CAS Number 73777-50-1

** Equivalent to 1.76 pounds of active ingredient per U.S. gallon; equivalent to 1.61 pounds per U.S. gallon acid equivalent, as glufosinate-P.

EPA Reg. No. 7969-LNN

EPA Est. No.



9.2 Mandatory Spray Drift Buffers

9.2.1 For aerial and ground applications, maintain a downwind buffer between the last spray row and the protection area as follows:

Application Method	Droplet Size Distribution (DSD)	Minimum Buffer Distance
Aerial	medium	50 ft
Ground	medium to coarser	10 ft

9.2.3 Ground Boom Spray Drift Buffer Reduction Options:

Any of the following options can reduce the ground buffer distance to 0 feet:

- Use of an oil emulsion drift reducing adjuvant that constitutes 2.5% of the volume of the finished spray tank mix.

Key Things to Look for: PULA Restrictions

Get Familiar with ESA Websites:

1. What is the Buffer? (section 9.2.1 of the label)

- How can you mitigate (nozzle, boom height, DRA etc). Note that nozzle selection (9.1.1) does not give you added buffer reduction for ground. It was probably built into the 10'. Same on boom height at $\leq +24$ " (9.1.13). The only additional ways to reduce buffer (by ground) are to add the oil emulsion DRA, hooded sprayers etc. noted in 9.2.3. For aerial, you can get a reduction from nozzle and pressure selections.

2. What are “Managed Areas?” This is referenced in the mitigation strategy in Section 4.4. But, BASF uses different language calling them “protection areas” and shows this just below the table in 9.2.1. Importantly, these can be included in the buffer. So, other ag fields, roads, filter strips etc apply and can be used as the buffer.

3. Runoff Mitigation Requires 3 Points. The label provides some examples, but you need to reference BL2 and the mitigation menu web site to calculate total points for each measure. So, in summary, get familiar with the EPA websites.



BASF L-Glufosinate-Ammonium 211 Herbicide, November 2024

Regulatory Update - California

CA Code of Regulations:

Section 6247 adopted and in CA Code

Spray Adjuvant Data Requirements:

- New Field Trial Requirements
(work in progress- no estimate as to when will issue)
- PPD Pest Under new management
(efficacy stays with same staff)
- Chemistry Branch will review all utility adjuvants
(new)

Difficulty Communicating with DPR

- DPR is in the process of hiring 13 new people now and a total of 31 over time
- Current staff is required to participate in interview of candidates for open positions
- NEW management is now making decisions that were previously made by lower positions
- Major backlog for pesticide submissions at all stations

OMBUDSPERSON

An individual usually affiliated with an organization or business who serves as an advocate for an individual/group At DPR, that person is Aron Lindgren. He reports to Branch Chief Tulio Macedo.



How Long Does it Take to Get a Pesticide/Adjuvant Registered in CA?

Pesticide Registration Program Annual Processing Timelines (CA Notice 2024-16)

Table 1. Annual Timelines to Complete Different Types of Registration Submissions:

Submission Type	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 Range* (days)	2023	2023 Range* (days)
New Product with Currently Registered Active Ingredient	138	156	195	191	113 – 208	242	118 – 290
CA-Only Products	173	140	179	194	145 – 225	210	131 – 177
New Active Ingredient	701	1242	1125	1191	393 – 1832	1382	723 – 1729
Sec. 3 Amendment	100	111	144	139	78 – 171	168	91 – 165
CA-Only Amendment	116	129	159	130	64 – 163	115	91 – 128

Annual Timelines for Pesticide Programs Division Evaluation Program - Chemistry

Table 2. Average Days to Complete Chemistry and Environmental Fate Data Evaluations, Total Received Submissions, and Total Completed Submissions by Type and Year.

Submission Type	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 Range* (days)	2023	2023 Range* (days)
Sec. 3 Products (days)	22	24	29	96	49 – 133	179	159 – 203
# Submissions Received	153	102	120	155	-	103	-
# Submissions Completed	189	108	112	130	-	124	-
CA-Only Products (days)	33	42	52	191	154 – 218	246	209 – 277
# Submissions Received	15	12	9	6	-	7	-
# Submissions Completed	19	8	10	7	-	6	-
Sec. 3 Amendment	14	18	26	76	N/A	172	159 – 217
# Submissions Received	14	8	19	9	-	6	-
# Submissions Completed	15	7	19	4	-	7	-
CA-Only Amendment (days)	13	-	-	17	N/A	-	N/A
# Submissions Received	2	0	0	1	-	0	-
# Submissions Completed	2	0	0	1	-	0	-

*Range represents the number of days to review for middle 50% submissions completed in that year

N/A - no range shown for scenarios with less than 5 products reviewed in any given year.

Annual Timelines for Pesticide Programs Division

Evaluation Program – Pest & Disease Protection

Table 3. Average Days to Complete Pest and Disease Protection Data, Total Received Submissions, and Total Completed Submissions by Type and Year.

Submission Type	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 Range* (days)	2023	2023 Range* (days)
Sec. 3 Products (days)	62	63	102	161	127 – 174	156	121 – 184
# Submissions Received	45	23	31	30	-	25	-
# Submissions Completed	56	27	28	38	-	31	-
CA-Only Products (days)	76	37	118	168	N/A	208	N/A
# Submissions Received	5	2	6	4	-	1	-
# Submissions Completed	6	2	6	2	-	2	-
Sec. 3 Amendment	64	50	100	139	126 – 150	157	123 – 193
# Submissions Received	29	60	48	38	-	36	-
# Submissions Completed	33	36	62	40	-	39	-
CA-Only Amendment (days)	67	-	74	118	N/A	-	N/A
# Submissions Received	1	0	2	0	-	0	-
# Submissions Completed	1	0	1	1	-	0	-

*Range represents the number of days to review for middle 50% submissions completed in that year

N/A - no range shown for scenarios with less than 5 products reviewed in any given year.

Annual Timelines for Pesticide Programs Division Evaluation Program – Human Health Assessment

Table 4. Average Days to Complete Human Health Data Evaluations, Total Received Submissions, and Total Completed Submissions by Type and Year

Submission Type	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 Range* (days)	2023	2023 Range* (days)
Sec. 3 Products (days)	59	63	76	106	84 – 133	139	123 – 165
# Submissions Received	105	70	82	86	-	83	-
# Submissions Completed	119	94	92	83	-	95	-
CA-Only Products (days)	60	65	64	119	102 – 158	108	N/A
# Submissions Received	8	7	14	9	-	6	-
# Submissions Completed	9	5	16	9	-	4	-
Sec. 3 Amendment	88	67	80	94	71 – 116	141	121 – 158
# Submissions Received	8	11	14	15	-	9	-
# Submissions Completed	11	8	12	18	-	10	-
CA-Only Amendment (days)	53	-	104	144	N/A	-	N/A
# Submissions Received	1	0	2	1	-	1	-
# Submissions Completed	1	0	1	2	-	0	-

*Range represents the number of days to review for middle 50% submissions completed in that year

N/A - no range shown for scenarios with less than 5 products reviewed in any given year.

CalPEST Update

First Phase - Launched September 24, 2024

What Registrants and Agents Can Do:

- Product Renewals
- Data Submissions
- New Product Submissions
- Amendment Submissions
- Notification Submissions
- New Company Creation/Set-up
- Company Ownership Change
- Product Transfers
- Change in Company Name
- Pay Renewal and Application Fees Electronically
- Update and Track Progress of Submissions

Second Phase - Expected to launch Spring 2025 and will include a revamped search functionality and additional submission functionality

DPR vs EPA (Amendment, Notification & Non-Notification)

- Recent application fee increase, which bucketed amendments and notification under one fee (\$300); DPR is working to update what they consider to be non-notification, notification, vs amendment (i.e., update to CA Notice 2002-1 and [The Department of Pesticide Regulation \(DPR\) vs. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency \(U.S. EPA\) Amendment, Notification, and Non-Notification Comparison Table](#)).
 - DPR is targeting completing by the end of 2024 to define what a notification is; unclear when they will decrease the fee associated with notifications
 - Anticipated to expand what is a non-notification and notification as well as to better align with US EPA
 - DPR is also working to determine how they are going to handle label revisions related to bilingual labeling required under PRIA 5
- Changes to both the surface water and groundwater assessment processes



State EPR Laws

- Multiple states (e.g., California, Oregon, Colorado, Maine, and Minnesota) have passed laws that require producers who sell products in single use or recyclable packaging to fund the establishment or expansion of recycling programs for that packaging in each state.
- Most states have stated that FIFRA-registered products are exempt from these requirements. However, those same states largely are silent about non-FIFRA registered products (exempt products, adjuvants, etc.); this means that producers of adjuvants and other non-FIFRA registered ag inputs may be subject to the requirements of the law.

October 13, 2023: WSDA announces that they will be modernizing the requirements for spray adjuvant labels. Beginning in 2024, registrants will need to update their older labels to meet the current requirements. This will include the use of WSDA approved names for the top three principal functioning agents in the product. Adjuvant registrants will be contacted soon with further information regarding this process.

Why: AG Bob Ferguson's belief that adjuvant registrants are not entitled to the protection of confidential formulas. Ferguson is WA's next Governor.

Current Status: Nothing has changed – so far. 2020 SAIL is still in effect. Robin Schoen-Nessa has left the Department.

CPDA Actions: Don't poke the bear.



Maryland PFAS

- Some PFAS to be eliminated.
- The bill prohibiting the sale and use of pesticides that contain PFAS as active ingredients was defeated.
- The bill would have restricted farmers' access to 60 active ingredients and 200-plus pesticides currently registered in the state.
- Original bill possibly returns next session

Minnesota PFAS Laws for Pesticides



PFAS Maine & Minnesota

- Maine and Minnesota are the hotspots for PFAS issues with pesticide bans looming by 2030 or 2032; exemptions from the bans linked to demonstrating “currently unavoidable uses”; and onerous annual reporting requirements for pesticides products with active or inert ingredients meeting a very expansive PFAS definition (a single fully-fluorinated carbon atom).
- Minnesota identifies nearly 100 active ingredients meeting that definition, while EPA’s more restrictive definition identifies only four.

EPA Working Group Update



Review of RD Meeting

- Selective Citation is preferred by CITAB for Acute Tox 6 Citations.
- As part of the effort to reduce resources, a proposal for addressing requirements in section 3(c)(1)(F)(iii) as an option to alleviate resources used in data matrix review / petitions to deny.
- Registrants to comment on the Draft PR 98-1 (Self-Certification) update expected to publish Q2.
- Common Reasons a Notification May Be Rejected:
 - https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2024-10/com-reasons-a-notif-rejected_100224.pdf
- Common Product Chemistry and Acute Toxicity Deficiencies:
 - <https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2024-10/com-product-chem-acute-toxicity-deficiencies.pdf>
- PRIA Coalition to submit suggestions on PR Notice 98-10 pain points.
 - CPDA discussion as next item.
 - CPDA meeting with RD November 6, 2:00 pm Eastern.

PRIA Performance / Failures

PRIA Completion Timelines

OPP PRIA and Non-PRIA Performance • table_3

As of 2024-10-18 12:32:24 Eastern Standard Time/EST • Generated by Daniel Schoeff

On time or early
Up to 33% over
Up to 66% over

Up to 100% over
More than double

PRIA Code	PRIA Timelines			Completed Since 2023				Completed Since 2024					
	Months	Days	# Cases	Median Days	Average Days	Median Diff	Average Diff	# Cases	Median Days	Average Days	Median Diff	Average Diff	
R010	36	1,080	14	1,365.0	1,364.7	285.0	284.7						
R020	27	810	3	1,421.5	1,421.5	611.5	611.5						
R122	27	810	3	1,268.0	1,268.0	458.0	458.0						
R124	6	180	11	205.0	208.5	25.0	28.5	2	355.0	355.0	175.0	175.0	
R140	17	510	2	562.5	562.5	52.5	52.5	2	562.5	562.5	52.5	52.5	
R170	17	510	113	596.0	806.8	86.0	296.8	49	668.0	881.8	158.0	371.8	
R175	14	420	51	640.5	667.6	220.5	247.6	29	603.5	646.1	183.5	226.1	
R180	12	360	7	2,994.0	2,071.4	2,634.0	1,711.4	3	3,008.0	3,004.0	2,648.0	2,644.0	
R190	17	510	49	680.5	697.8	170.5	187.8	22	640.5	686.8	130.5	176.8	
R230	16	480	6	565.5	657.2	85.5	177.2	1	108.0	108.0	372.0	372.0	
R250	6	180	3	434.0	434.0	254.0	254.0						
R260	12	360	2	809.5	809.5	449.5	449.5	1	864.0	864.0	504.0	504.0	
R272	3	90	50	133.0	138.7	43.0	48.7	24	190.0	174.5	100.0	84.5	
R273	12	360	3	518.0	547.7	158.0	187.7						
R274	12	360	2	651.0	651.0	291.0	291.0						
R275	3	90	1	173.0	173.0	83.0	83.0						
R278	5	150	3	141.0	142.0	9.0	8.0	3	141.0	142.0	9.0	8.0	
R280	22	660	2	640.0	640.0	20.0	20.0						
R281	12	360	1	444.0	444.0	84.0	84.0	1	444.0	444.0	84.0	84.0	
R290	16	480	22	564.0	600.5	84.0	120.5	5	540.0	532.4	60.0	52.4	
R292	12	360	6	664.0	1,431.0	304.0	1,071.0	5	1,831.0	1,777.0	1,471.0	1,417.0	
R293	13	390	5	521.0	531.7	131.0	141.7						
R295	16	480	5	1,211.0	1,002.7	731.0	522.7	5	1,211.0	1,002.7	731.0	522.7	
R298	14	420	30	545.0	564.3	125.0	144.3	7	542.0	557.0	122.0	137.0	
R300	4	120	181	209.0	230.7	89.0	110.7	59	240.5	257.5	120.5	137.5	
R301	4	120	172	321.5	331.7	201.5	211.7	69	361.7	398.5	241.7	278.5	
R310	7	210	135	351.0	368.4	141.0	158.4	59	371.0	396.5	161.0	186.5	
R314	8	240	53	439.0	493.2	199.0	253.2	16	551.0	667.3	311.0	427.3	
R315	9	270	2	532.0	532.0	262.0	262.0	2	532.0	532.0	262.0	262.0	
R316	9	270	1	737.0	737.0	467.0	467.0	1	737.0	737.0	467.0	467.0	
R317	10	300	6	610.0	610.0	310.0	310.0						
R318	9	270	24	505.0	478.4	235.0	208.4	2	431.0	431.0	161.0	161.0	
R319	10	300	1	402.0	402.0	102.0	102.0	1	402.0	402.0	102.0	102.0	
R320	12	360	27	451.0	438.2	91.0	78.2	6	361.5	386.7	1.5	26.7	
R331	3	90	1	245.0	245.0	155.0	155.0	1	245.0	245.0	155.0	155.0	
R333	11	330	80	450.0	472.5	120.0	142.5	37	466.8	479.1	136.8	149.1	
R334	12	360	181	480.0	488.3	120.0	128.3	62	520.0	552.5	160.0	192.5	
R340	4	120	111	234.0	255.0	114.0	135.0	37	311.5	314.2	191.5	194.2	

- Legacy PRIA 4 Actions? Unknown how many remain open.
- EPA's disregard for the fee for service system continues to impact crop protection companies
- What steps can CPDA take to address the lack of accountability, lack of congressional oversight?

Working to Reduce Resources for “Me-Too” Reviews

Discussion Items

- Industry Commitments
 - Uniform and common standards for substantially similar claims.
 - All submissions to have complete data requirements to alleviate review time for CITAB. “Checklist”
 - Develop best practices document for these types of submission.
 - Inordinate amount of time on bad submissions from just a few companies.
 - Submissions meeting criteria remain “on time”; others to be reviewed.
- Framework for “Me-Too” submission: Validation of Substantially Similar
 - Product Chemistry Data
 - Toxicology Data
 - CSF
 - Label

PRIA 5

Ed Messina tells ABA/ CLA Law & Policy Conference:

- Process improvements cannot make up for \$40 million deficit in OPP funding, due to Congress's failure to appropriate the \$166 million authorized by PRIA 5.
- Projected \$6 million increase in PRIA fees from registrants failed to materialize, contributing to budget woes.
- 60% cut in contract funding to preserve staff positions will push that burden on the full-time staff.
- ESA assessments of new active ingredients and new uses accounts for significant portion of delays in registrations.
- In last 3 years, OPP has paid \$1 million per year in legal fees for ESA litigation.

ESA Training

Steve Dwinell of Vermont state government identifies critical needs for implementation of ESA processes:

- Extensive training for certified crop advisors, growers, state inspectors, and others
- Development of certification mechanism for applicators and growers to document compliance with ESA requirements on field-by-field, product-by-product, crop-by-crop, and year-by-year basis.

Bilingual Labeling

- The first PRIA 5 deadline for translating labels to Spanish is December 28, 2025 – for RUPs and Acute Tox Cat 1 products.
- If you print the Spanish translation (full or partial) on the container label, all the logistics of state approvals, printing labels, etc., must be considered.
- In 10/31 Webinar, EPA personnel mentioned anticipated revisions to the Spanish Label Translation Guide. While timing of this is uncertain, it could complicate translation work now in progress.
- The PRIA Coalition is pushing for answers and quick resolution from EPA.

Bilingual Labeling Deadline Approaching

Pesticide Product Type	Bilingual Labeling Due
Restricted Use Pesticides (RUPs)	December 29, 2025
Agricultural Products (Non-RUPs)	
Acute Toxicity Category I	December 29, 2025
Acute Toxicity Category II	December 29, 2027
Antimicrobial & Non-Agricultural Products	
Acute Toxicity Category I	December 29, 2026
Acute Toxicity Category II	December 29, 2028
All Other Pesticide Products	December 29, 2030

Questions?

NEXT MEETINGS

February 18th at 2:00pm EST

May 13th at 2:00pm EST

Thank You for your Attendance



**Council of Producers &
Distributors of Agrotechnology**

**BECAUSE
ADVOCACY MATTERS**