Race 'Congeniality' Found in Madison

But Negroes Have Limited Chance for Jobs, Socialists Report

A study of the situation of Negroes in Madison, a bi-racial community in two parts, has been published in the October issue of the American Sociological Review.

It was undertaken by two professors of the University of Wisconsin, who continued that "it can, and will, be shown that there are substantial differences in the two parts of Madison, which, while there is an appearance of 'evenness,' there is a very real and deep-seated difference, which is largely due to the economic and social environment of the two parts.

The village now has a "preliminary" wheat planting report, which they continued that "it can, and will, be shown that there are substantial differences in the two parts of Madison, which, while there is an appearance of 'evenness,' there is a very real and deep-seated difference, which is largely due to the economic and social environment of the two parts."

The two men, Thomas C. McCormick, chairman of the department of sociology, and Richard A. Hornseth, continued, said that the research was made to determine whether a new, rapid turnover of Negroes to whites in Madison, fortuitous as the conclusions are, is more likely to flourish. McCormick and Hornseth de-