

Pruning and Care of Ornamental Grasses

One of the most versatile plants you can place in your landscape is an ornamental grass. The myriad shapes, sizes and colors are virtually endless, and their year-round beauty make them a wise choice for your landscape. Determining whether to select perennials or annuals, their watering needs and which are best for our zone is easier than you may think. Follow these tips, to ensure success in your landscape.

Select for Privacy and Shielding Unpleasant Views: A picture-perfect solution for displaying grasses is to choose tall species. Select a beautiful Bluestem grass that reaches six feet or more or the Ravenna grass that towers twelve feet or more. Bear in mind that during early spring you will have to trim ornamental grasses and lose your privacy and/or unsightly views for about two months while your grasses regain their height.

Jazz up Your Patio or Deck: Ornamental grasses are not restricted to in-ground planting for beds and borders. They are just as attractive in containers and add drama to decks and patios. Consider purple fountain grass in a container to add color and beautiful plumes. Fiber Optic grass is a great option against a plain wall. Try pairing with contrasting colors (i.e., blue tips with yellow pots). You will need to replace them in spring

Add Texture to Beds and Borders: To get the biggest bang for your buck and efforts try incorporating soft, mounding grasses to your borders. Fountain grass is a great companion to other border plants. Blue oats grass is also mounding and enriches the landscape with a soft and alluring color. Another option is an upright switchgrass that combines texture and color. Look for miscanthus, coupled with black-eyed Susan, hydrangea, and lavender.

Plant a Knot Garden: Try stepping out of your comfort zone and design a tight, mounding grass garden using herbs, boxwoods, and grasses. The focus is the geometric design that these three plant materials provide. Think about adding additional interest with a golden sedge. However, mounding grasses work best. Note that grasses that are too loose and open can make the “Knot Garden” appear messy because of their loose growth habit.

Create Garden Art: Ornamental grasses can serve as the perfect complement to sculpture. Feather grass provides an intriguing foil to broken pottery sculptures and Lambs Ears. The effect is a contemporary design that will look great all year long. Do not shy away from using broken pottery to create a dramatic effect.

Attract wildlife: Birds use the leaf blades to make nests. Note that several species will eat the grass seeds. If your goal is to attract birds, plant grasses that are native to our hardiness zone (6b to 7a).

Grow a Prairie: A meadow or prairie is doable with grasses. Ornamental grasses provide the needed tough structure and low maintenance that is required for an environmentally friendly landscape and natural beauty. For optimal success, make certain to select plants that are native to our region.

There are many more options including tucking ornamental grasses in your vegetable garden with reed grass, smothering weeds with mounding ground covering grasses, and creating visual interest with formal grasses such as Big Bluestem and Feather Reed Grass. After three seasons, consider maximizing your efforts. That is, use a sharp shovel, break each specimen into clumps, and spread across other areas of your landscape. In this manner, you will divide and conquer.