

VOCABULARY: TALKING ABOUT SHOPPING

Fill in the blanks with the words in the box below:

(1) reasonable	(2) cash	(3) fit	(4) discount	(5) than
cheap	check	tight	tip	as
expensive	credit card	baggy	tax	for

(1) The price:

If something costs a lot of money then it is _____. But if it's on sale then it is usually _____. A _____ price is the price that you would expect to pay for something.

(2) Payment:

When you pay for something, if you have enough money in your pocket you can pay with _____. If you don't, you can put it on your _____ or write a _____.

(3) Sizes:

If you have gained some weight, your clothes might be a little _____. On the other hand, if you have lost some weight, they might be a little _____. If your clothes _____, then they are not too big and they are not too small.

(4) The Bill:

When you go to a restaurant, it is nice to get a _____. It's also nice to get service. But if the service isn't good, then you don't have to leave a _____. In some countries, when you order food you also have to pay a _____.

(5) Comparison Shopping:

Forty dollars _____ a meal is a little expensive. Of course, there are some restaurants that are much more pricey _____ that. On the other hand, there are some really good restaurants that are not as costly _____ that.



EXPRESSIONS: TALKING ABOUT SHOPPING

(A) (money) **for** (something)

What do you think is cheap?

(1) *Ten dollars for a shirt is cheap.*

(2)

What do you think is expensive?

(1)

(2)

What do you think is a reasonable price to pay for a pair of shoes?

(1)

What do you think is a reasonable price to pay for a dinner with a date?

(2)

(B) be **(adjective)+er than**,

Make three sentences using some of the following adjectives:

cheap	easy	healthy	roomy	high	spicy
fast	big	safe	tight	low	cozy

(1) *Fish is healthier than beef or pork.*

(2)

(3)

(C) be **more (adjective) than**

Make three sentences using some of the following adjectives:

delicious	important	reliable	affordable	environmentally friendly
filling	powerful	durable	compact	comfortable

(1) *Compact cars are more environmentally friendly than gas guzzlers.*

(2)

(3)

(D) be **not as (adjective) as**

Using any adjectives from (B) and (C) above, make three sentences:

(1) *Motels are not as expensive as hotels.*

(2)

(3)

VOCABULARY: COMPARING PRODUCTS

(1) If something is _____ then you have enough money to buy it.

(a) affordable (b) cheap (c) expensive

(2) A _____ product is one that lasts for a long time.

(3) When you buy software you want something that is _____.

(4) If a building has a lot of space then we say it is _____.

(5) When you wear stylish clothing, you are _____.

(6) A friend is a friend who doesn't break their promises.

(7) When your clothes are too , maybe you need to go on a diet.

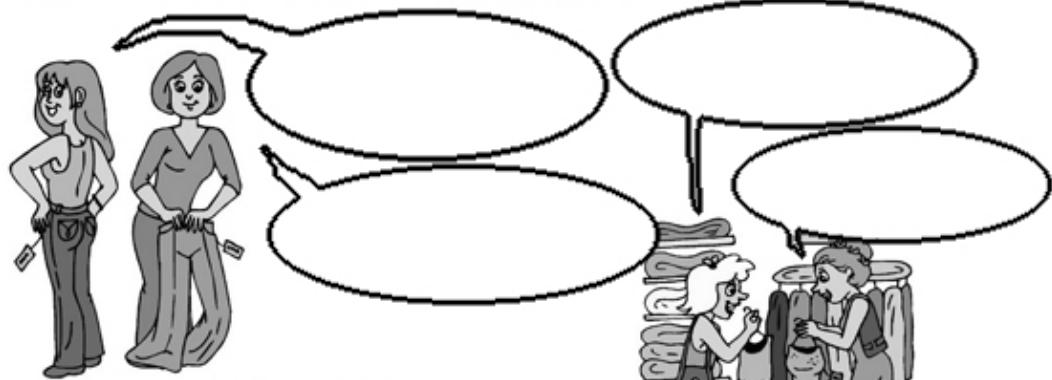
(8) A blanket is very comfortable.

WRITING: EDITING

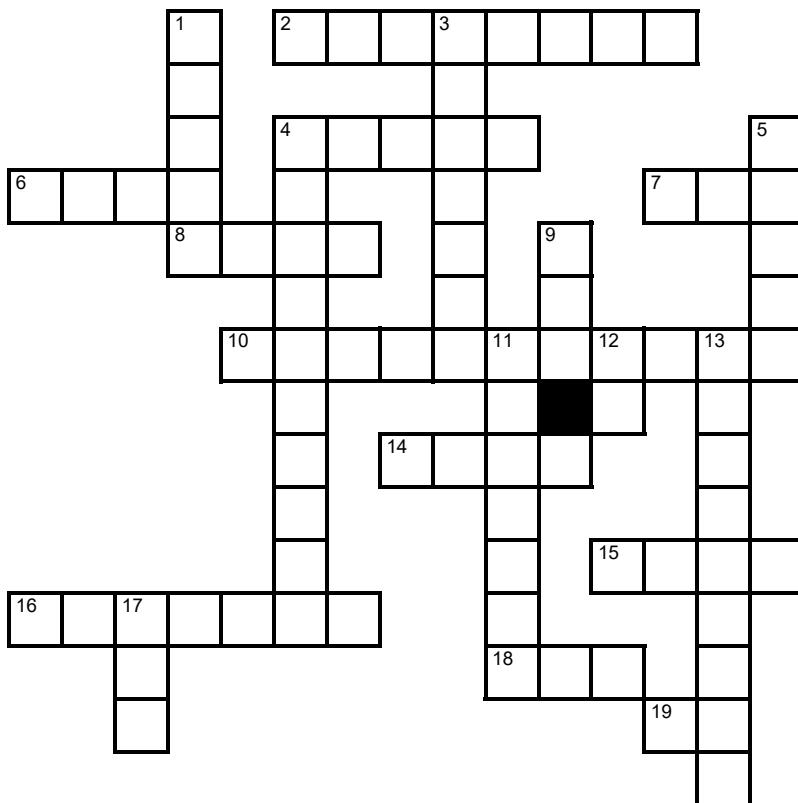
There are ten mistakes in the following paragraph. Find them and correct them.

Teachers! Write your own paragraph to emphasize points you taught for this section.

WHAT ARE THEY SAYING?



VOCABULARY REVIEW: SHOPPING CROSSWORD



Across:

2. If an item is on sale you get a _____.
 4. Has lots of space.
 6. Money that you carry on you.
 7. \$700.00 ____ a pair of pants. That's expensive!
 8. It's more affordable ____ the other one.
 10. Cozy.
 14. How ____ is it?
 15. It's ____ to install.
 16. The tie ____ your shirt.
 18. Something you leave if your waiter was good.
 19. ____ that's \$25.00.

Down:

1. You said \$43.99, ____ ?
 3. The total ____ ____ \$55.47.
 4. Not expensive and not cheap.
 5. I'll ____ a check.
 9. Would you like to ____ it on your credit card?
 11. Here's your ____ and your change.
 12. The hamburger is not as healthy ____ the vegetarian sub.
 13. I like your sweater. It ____ ____ on you.
 17. Money that the government collects.