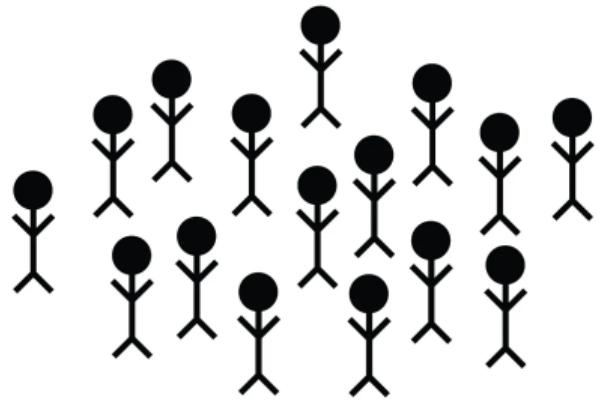
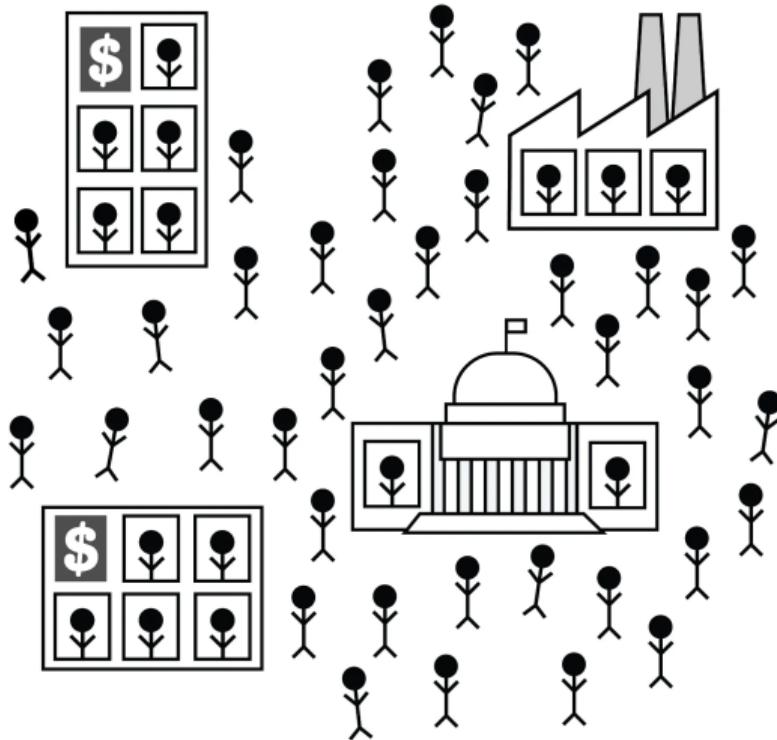


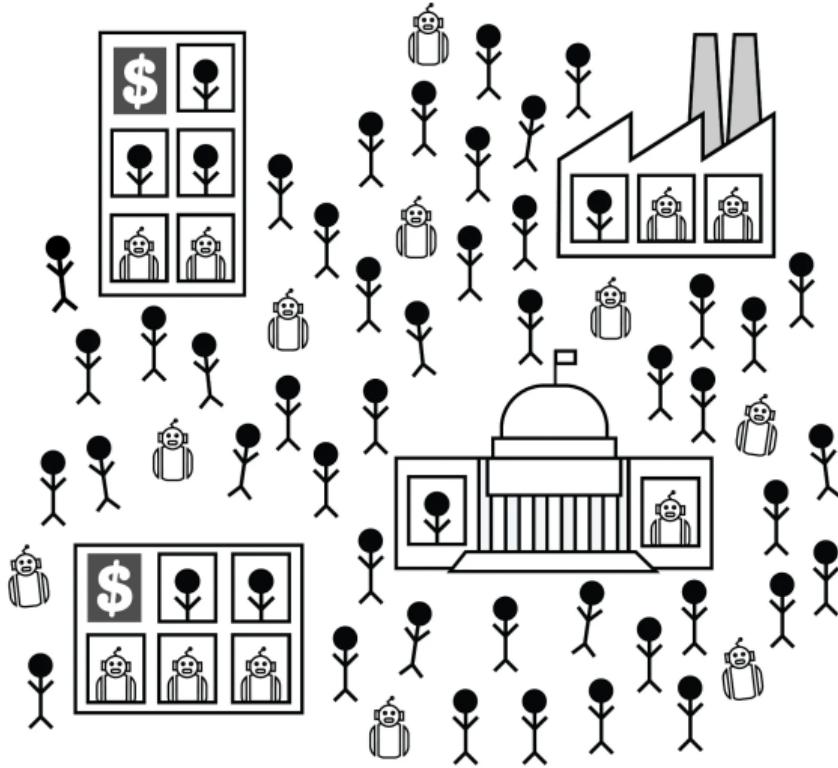
AI and the Economics of Decision-Making: Who's in Charge?

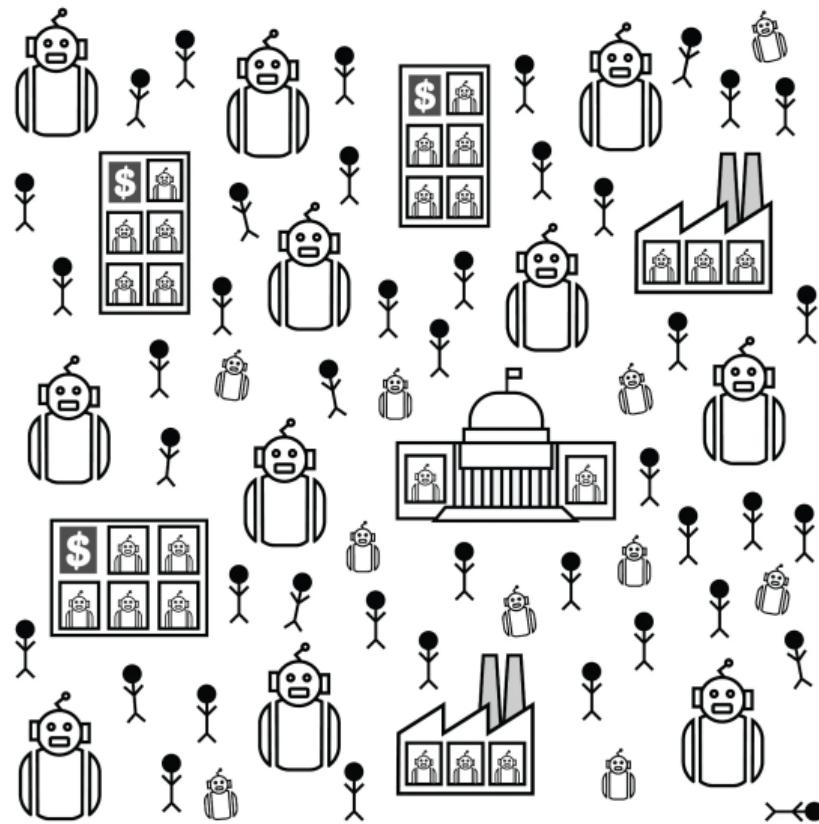
Anton Korinek
University of Virginia and EconTAI

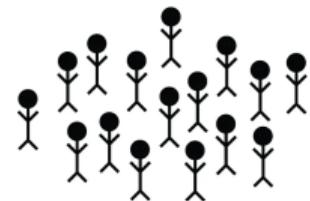
AEA 2026



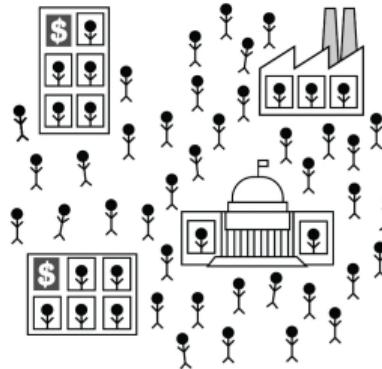




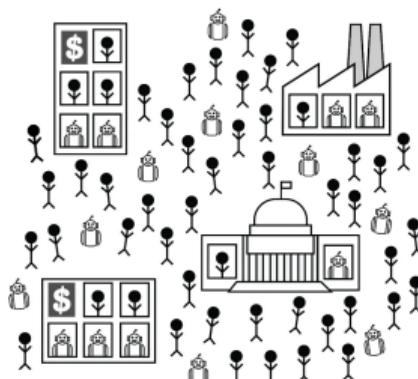




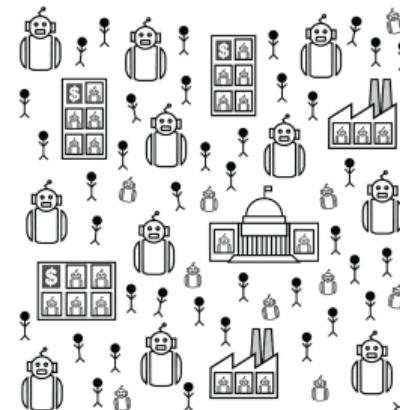
A



B



C



D

AI Joins the Governance Ecosystem

The Story So Far

| Era | Governance Challenge |
|---|---|
| A. Humans alone | Coordinating individuals |
| B. + Artificial entities (governments, corporations, markets) | Enabled massive scale—but developed “interests of their own” |
| C. + AI systems | New actors that evolve faster than we can govern them and increasingly operate without humans in the loop |
| D. + Advanced AI? | Systems beyond human comprehension and direct control |

Source: Bullock, Chen, Himmelreich, Hudson, Korinek, Young & Zhang (2024), “Introduction,” *Oxford Handbook of AI Governance*

The Trajectory of Economic Agency

From Tool → Advisor → Agent → Autonomous Actor

| Stage | Human Role | Examples Today |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| AI as calculator | Human decides, AI computes | Spreadsheets, optimization |
| AI as advisor | AI recommends, human approves | Credit scoring, search ranking |
| AI as delegated agent | Human sets objectives, AI decides | Algorithmic trading, ad pricing |
| AI as autonomous actor | AI interprets/sets objectives | Frontier AI systems, AGI? |

We are rapidly moving from Stage 2 → Stage 3.

Economics has thought a lot about Stages 1–2, but barely begun thinking about 3–4.

Aligned with Whom?

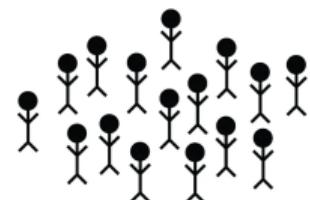
Growing AI agency raises the stakes on AI alignment

| | Direct Alignment | Social Alignment |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Question | Does the AI accomplish <i>the operator's</i> goals? | Does the AI serve <i>society's</i> goals? |
| Problem source | Technical: specification, communication, implementation | Governance: externalities, conflicting interests |
| Solution | Better engineering | Better institutions |

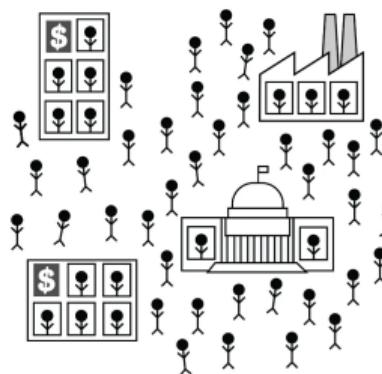
Examples:

- Screening algorithm maximizes screening efficiency but encodes bias → *direct ✓, social ×*
- Recommendation engine maximizes engagement but polarizes → *direct ✓, social ×*

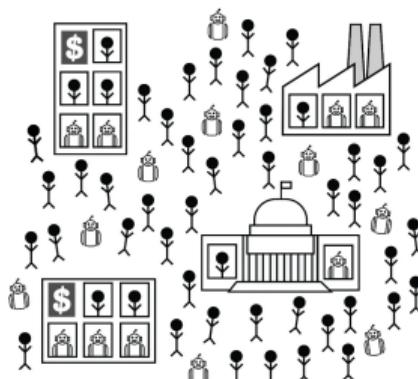
Source: Korinek & Balwit (2024), "Aligned with Whom? Direct and Social Goals for AI Systems," in Bullock et al. (eds.), *Oxford Handbook of AI Governance*, Oxford University Press



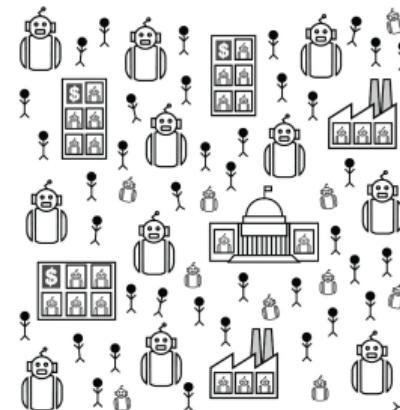
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