

Catholic Trivia 4-24-26 Answers:

1. Generally, non-Catholics cannot take Communion in a Catholic Church because the Catholic Church views it as a sign of full unity in faith, belief, and practice, which is not fully realized with other denominations. While non-Catholics may not receive, they are welcome to join the communion procession and receive a blessing by approaching with their arms crossed over their chest.
2. Most mainline Protestant churches have two sacraments: baptism and holy communion (Lord's Supper, or similar names).
3. Orthodox Churches (Greek, Russian, Ukrainian, etc.) have seven sacraments like Catholics do.
4. Catholics should not receive Holy Communion in non-Catholic churches even if they say you are welcome to do so. Church law, specifically Canon 844, dictates that Catholics should only receive the Eucharist from Catholic ministers because receiving communion signifies unity with that denomination's teachings and lack of belief in the Real Presence as understood by Catholics.
5. In specific, rare circumstances (e.g., danger of death or grave, authorized need), exceptions might be made, but not for simply being at a Protestant service. Such rare exceptions would require specific authorization from one's pastor or bishop.