

Name:	
Date of Birth:	Blood Type:
Emergency Contact (relationship):	
Phone 1:	Phone 2:
Known Allergies:	
MORE INFORMATION ON INSIDE	

Loeys-Dietz
Syndrome Foundation

PO Box 22468 • Baltimore, MD 21203
www.loeysdietz.org

**Important information
for medical professionals
available**



EMERGENCY +

EMERGENCY

ALERT CARD

**THIS PERSON IS AT RISK FOR
AORTIC & ARTERIAL DISSECTION**

☐	Patient has allergic disease: Treat w/ Benadryl first. Reserve Epi-Pen for life-threatening episodes.
☐	Patient has difficult airway
☐	Patient has cervical spine instability
☐	Patient's current aneurysms:

OCULAR: RETINAL DETACHMENT is associated with sudden visual field loss. Although retinal detachment is not life threatening, unrecognized/unreated detachment can result in blindness. Therefore, sudden visual disturbance warrants emergency evaluation.

PULMONARY: SPONTANEOUS PNEUMOTHORAX results from rupture of pulmonary blebs. Symptoms include chest, neck or back pain exacerbated by deep breathing, or difficult breathing due to **HEMOPTYSIS**. Hollow organ rupture or tear of the spleen or uterus has been reported rarely. Bowel rupture may be a very rare complication.

HOLLOW ORGAN RUPTURE: Hollow organ rupture or tear of the spleen or uterus has been reported rarely. Bowel rupture may be a very rare complication.

IMAGING (CTA, MRA, echocardiography) to confirm or exclude dissection, for stabilization, and appropriate treatment. Stroke symptoms may present with neck artery dissections.

EMS (call) to the nearest hospital for aortic dissection warrant activation of **EMS (call)**, and transport to the nearest hospital for aortic dissection, for stabilization, and appropriate treatment. Stroke symptoms may present with neck artery dissections.

CARDIOVASCULAR: AORTIC or ARTERIAL DISSECTION is a potentially life threatening complication related to aortic aneurysm. Symptoms of aortic dissection include sudden severe chest pain, migrating to the chest, neck, back, abdomen and/or an extremity. Some individuals with aortic dissection have reported nausea, vomiting, shortness of breath, and collapse. Symptoms of aortic dissection warrant activation of **EMS (call)**, and transport to the nearest hospital for aortic dissection, for stabilization, and appropriate treatment. Stroke symptoms may present with neck artery dissections.

ARTERIAL (head through pelvis) DISSECTION significantly increases risk for **AORTIC & ARTERIAL DISSECTION** and other complications.

If this patient presents for emergency services, the following problems should be promptly considered:

This patient has LOEYS-DIETZ SYNDROME, an aggressive aneurysm syndrome that significantly increases risk for AORTIC & ARTERIAL (head through pelvis) DISSECTION and other complications.

CURRENT MEDICATIONS:

Medication	Dosage	Frequency	Prescribed By	Reason

SURGICAL HISTORY:

Procedure	Date	Surgeon

PHYSICIANS:

Name	Office	Specialty	Phone	Fax

ICE