Chart for Determining the Applicability for the Federal Independent Dispute Resolution (IDR) Process

The No Surprises Act establishes a Federal Independent Dispute Resolution (IDR) process that providers, emergency facilities, and providers of air ambulance services and group health plans and health insurance issuers in the group and individual market, as well as Federal Employees Health (FEHB) Carriers, may use following the end of an unsuccessful open negotiation period to determine the out-of-network (OON) rate for certain covered services. The Federal IDR process may be used to determine the OON rate for "qualified IDR items or services," which include:

- Emergency services (including post-stabilization services)¹;
- Nonemergency items and services furnished by OON providers at certain in-network health care facilities², and
- Air ambulance services furnished by OON providers of air ambulance services.

The Federal IDR process **does not apply** to items and services payable by Medicare, Medicaid, the Children's Health Insurance Program, or TRICARE.

The Federal IDR Process also **does not apply** in cases where a specified state law or All-Payer Model Agreement under Section 1115A of the Social Security Act provides a method for determining the total amount payable under a group health plan or group or individual health insurance coverage with respect to the OON items and services furnished by the provider or facility.

The Federal IDR Process will apply to self-insured plans sponsored by private employers, private employee organizations, or both in all states, **except in** cases in which a self-insured plan has opted into a specified state law, in a state that permits these plans to opt in, or an All-Payer Model Agreement applies. Similarly, the Federal IDR Process will apply to health benefits plans offered under 5 U.S.C. 8902 in all states, **except in** cases where an Office of Personnel Management (OPM) contract with an FEHB Carrier includes terms that adopt the state process.

The chart below provides a high-level summary to assist in determining whether the Federal IDR process or a state law or All-Payer Model Agreement applies for determining the out-of-network rate. If your state is in the "Bifurcated Process" column you should review the state law or All-Payer Model Agreement and, if necessary, consult with the proper state authorities on whether the state or the Federal IDR process applies to the particular payment dispute at issue.

In instances where this document indicates that the Federal IDR process, or a state process, applies in that state, that process also applies to providers and facilities in that state. Also, where the plan or issuer and provider or facility are in different states, the Federal IDR process will apply.

² See 26 CFR 54.9816–3T, 29 CFR 2590.716–3 and 45 CFR 149.30

¹ See 26 CFR 54.9816-4T(c)(2); 29 CFR 2590.716-4(c)(2) and <u>45 CFR 149.110(c)(2)</u>.

Disclaimer: This communication was printed, published, or produced and disseminated at U.S. taxpayer expense

State Process*	Federal IDR Process	Bifurcated Process*
Alaska	Alabama	California
Georgia	Arizona	Colorado
Maine	Arkansas	Connecticut
Michigan	District of Columbia	Delaware
	Hawaii	Florida
	Idaho	Illinois
	Indiana	Maryland
	Iowa	Missouri
	Kansas	Nebraska
	Kentucky	Nevada
	Louisiana	New Hampshire
	Massachusetts	New Jersey
	Minnesota	New Mexico
	Mississippi	New York
	Montana	Ohio
	North Carolina	Texas
	North Dakota	Virginia
	Oklahoma	Washington
	Oregon	
	Pennsylvania	
	Rhode Island	
	South Carolina	
	South Dakota	
	Tennessee	
	Utah	
	Vermont	
	West Virginia	
	Wisconsin	
	Wyoming	
	American Samoa	
	Guam	
	Northern Mariana Islands	
	Puerto Rico	
	U. S. Virgin Islands	

IMPORTANT NOTE:

*Self-insured plans sponsored by private employers, private employee organizations or public payers in these states that **have not** opted into the state process should use the Federal IDR process. Similarly, FEHB carriers that **do not** have contract terms with OPM to use a state process should also use the Federal IDR process.