

Doc No: ARC-DOC-011281	Subdiv: 15 - Collection - Procurement	Doc Level: 4 - Tool or Supporting Document	ARC Version: 6.3
Level 4 Subtype: Form	Training Subtype:	Mang Fac: BHQ	

American Red Cross Biomedical Services
Washington, DC 20006

Form: Parental Consent for Blood Donation

- What** Obtain parental consent for the following:
- All donations by 16-year-olds
 - Donations for 17-year-olds if required by state law or by the sponsor
 - All donations by minors that support research
 - All donations by students at high school blood drives in Utah

Who Staff who obtain informed special consent from parents or legal guardians

Instructions

Signed parental consent is required for collections in support of research if required by the Institutional Review Board (IRB) even if parental consent for blood donation is not required by state law.

- Provide the legal guardian with the following information:
 - A student's guide to blood donation ([15.4.ltr413](#))
 - Possible use of donor information and blood samples in medical research ([15.4.ltr408](#))
 - Other information about participating in research, if applicable
- Remove these instructions pages and instruct the parent or legal guardian to complete the form as follows:
 - Print the name of the son, daughter, or ward in the space provided.
 - Print his or her name.
 - Sign the consent form.
 - Date the consent form.
- Affix a whole blood number/donation identification number (WBN/DIN) to the form.

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Revision History

Revision Number	Summary of Revisions
1.0	Initial version. Converted from 14.4.frm005
1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revised instructions to be consistent with form Removed the direction to add regional identifying information. Removed the requirement that both signature lines must be signed for a minor to be permitted to donate apheresis. Added revised Red Cross contact information of 1-800-RED-CROSS (1-800-733-2767) and www.redcrossblood.org for questions or concerns about the blood donation process.
2.12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reformatted the parent/guardian signature boxes This version is the first in eDOCs 2.0. The versioning method for eDOCs 2.0 has different rules than eDOCs 1.0, which is why the versioning is different from this point forward.
3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revised directions for parental consent in support of research Added new block: A Healthy Approach to Donation Revised whole blood and apheresis sections to include information about iron deficiency and recommendations for iron supplementation
4.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reformatted parent/guardian signature fields and added recommendation for 16- and 17-year-old females and 2RBC donations Added ferritin testing to the Donor Screening section Added recommendation that Red cell apheresis donations are limited to 16- and 17-year-old male donors in the Apheresis section
5.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Instruction page: Revised list of required reading by the parent. Revised the list of documents that the parent acknowledges that they have read Information for Parents section: added specific research study sheets to list of documents Added the following statement to Research section of the consent: In order for you to provide informed consent, you must go to https://www.redcrossblood.org/donate-blood/how-to-donate/info-for-student-donors.html and read "Possible Use of Donor Information and Blood Samples in Medical Research" and the research study sheets for your state before signing this parental consent. If you do not have internet access, please call the Donor and Client Support Center at 1-866-236-3276 for information regarding research studies being performed in your state.
6.3	Incorporated 15.4.frm437, Utah High School Blood Drives: Informed Parental Consent

Form: Parental Consent for Blood Donation

Information

This form must be completed by a parent or legal guardian. Parental permission is required for

- All donations by 16-year-olds
- All donations by **any age student** at high school blood drives in Utah
- Donations by 17-year-olds as required by state law or blood drive sponsor

Before giving consent, please read the information on the back of this form and "A Student's Guide to Blood Donation." You should also read "Possible Use of Donor Information and Blood Samples in Medical Research" and the research study sheets for your state, which can be found at <https://www.redcrossblood.org/donate-blood/how-to-donate/info-for-student-donors.html>. If you do not have internet access, please call the Donor and Client Support Center at 1-866-236-3276 for relevant information regarding research studies.

Before donating blood, your child will read "What You Must Know Before Giving Blood," which describes the blood donation process. It explains the importance of accurate and honest answers to health history questions, what happens when a person gives blood, and tips for having a positive donation experience. It also explains why the Red Cross asks questions about sexual contact and identifies profiles of persons who should not donate (because of physical conditions, travel to certain countries, or high-risk behavior). "What You Must Know Before Giving Blood" contains explicit language defining "sexual contact." A copy of this document is on file and available for viewing at your child's school.

Please call us at **1-800-RED-CROSS (1-800-733-2767)** or visit www.redcrossblood.org if you have questions or concerns about the blood donation process.

Parental Consent

I have read and understand

- The information on the back of this form
- "A Student's Guide to Blood Donation"
- "Possible Use of Donor Information and Blood Samples in Medical Research"
- State-specific research-related study sheets
- That red cell apheresis, also known as "Power Reds," is not recommended for 16- and 17-year-old females

By signing below, I authorize my child to donate blood to the American Red Cross. Further, unless indicated by checking the box below, I authorize my child to do so utilizing apheresis technology as described on the reverse of this sheet. (Please use medium-point black pen.)

I do **not** authorize my child to donate blood utilizing apheresis technology as described on the reverse of this sheet.

Donor Name: (son, daughter, or ward): _____

Print Name

Parent/Guardian Name: _____

Print Name

Parent/Guardian Signature: _____

Signature

Today's Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

Optional Parent/Guardian Phone Number: _____

Where you can be reached on day of donation

**For American Red Cross Use Only
WBN/DIN**

Information for Parents

Thank you for allowing your son, daughter, or ward to donate the gift of life. Please read the information below in addition to "A Student's Guide to Blood Donation," "Possible Use of Donor Information and Blood Samples in Medical Research," and any specific research-related study sheets.

A Healthy Approach to Donation

Healthy habits can improve the donation experience. Blood donors should eat a nutritious, well-balanced diet containing foods rich in iron and high in vitamin C. Before a blood donation, blood donors should get enough rest, eat a good meal, and drink plenty of fluids. After donating, we recommend that some donors, including donors 16 to 18 years old, take a multivitamin with iron to help replace the iron lost during their blood donation. We hope that a positive donation experience encourages your teen to become a lifelong donor!

Donor Screening

- We will conduct a confidential interview in which we will ask your son, daughter, or ward questions about his or her health and medication use, sexual behavior, travel, and other risk factors for infectious diseases.
- We will test every donation for HIV (the virus that causes AIDS), hepatitis B and hepatitis C viruses, and other infectious diseases.
- If any test result or response to a donor-screening question suggests that your son or daughter is disqualified from donating blood in the future or may have an infectious disease, we will mark his or her donor record accordingly. When required, we report donor information, including test results, to health departments and regulatory agencies.
- The tests are very sensitive and detect most infections, but it is also possible that donors who are not infected will have falsely positive results. We are required to notify and disqualify donors even if subsequent test results indicate the donor is not infected.
- Whole blood and red cell apheresis (Power Red) donors will also be tested for ferritin, a test for iron stores. Donors will be notified of ferritin test results that are outside our acceptable ranges.
- We will communicate test results that disqualify a donor from future donation directly with the donor. We maintain the confidentiality of information we obtain about a donor and we will release a donor's confidential information to his or her parents only with the donor's consent.

Whole Blood Donation

- Each donation uses a new, sterile needle to collect about a pint of blood from a vein in the donor's arm.
- Most donors feel fine before and after donating blood, but some donors may have a lightheaded or dizzy feeling; an upset stomach; a black and blue mark, redness, or pain where the needle was inserted; fainting or loss of consciousness and injury from related falls; or very rarely, nerve or artery damage. Young, first-time, and low-weight donors are more likely to experience reactions than other donors.
- Iron is lost through blood donations. Low iron, also known as iron deficiency, may lead to health problems, including anemia (not enough red blood cells or hemoglobin). Healthy iron levels are important for overall health, physical and mental development, and maintaining strength and energy. To help replace iron lost through blood donation, we recommend that some donors, including donors 16 to 18 years old, take a multivitamin with 18 mg of iron for 60 days after each whole blood donation or for 120 days after each Power Red donation.
- For more information about iron and a healthy blood donation, please visit our Web site at <http://www.redcrossblood.org/iron>. If a donor chooses to take iron, we recommend that the donor tell his or her health care provider.

Apheresis

- Apheresis is a type of automated blood donation procedure in which we collect specific components of the donor's blood. We place a new sterile needle in one or both of the donor's arms and use a machine to draw blood and separate it into different parts. The desired blood components are removed while the remainder and extra fluids are returned to the donor.
- Apheresis has the same risks as whole blood donation (see above). In addition, citrate, used during apheresis to prevent blood clotting, may cause chills, tingling sensations, feelings of anxiety, tremors, muscle cramping, numbness, nausea, vomiting, and/or convulsions. Donors may be given oral calcium supplements during the apheresis procedure to manage these symptoms. Very rarely, donors can experience allergic reactions (for example, skin rashes, hives, localized swelling, and/or flushing), air in the bloodstream, infection, or other complications.
- Red cell apheresis, also known as "Power Reds," is used to collect red blood cells. Red cell apheresis is not recommended for 16- and 17-year-old females. Red cell apheresis donations are limited to 16- and 17-year-old male donors. As with whole blood donation, iron is lost through apheresis donation. See "Whole Blood Donation" for information about iron and iron replacement.
- Apheresis can also be used to collect platelets or plasma. Repeated donation may result in iron depletion. The iron loss in five platelet or plasma apheresis donations is approximately equivalent to the iron loss in one whole blood donation. See "Whole Blood Donation" above for recommendations on iron replacement.

Research

- We may confidentially and anonymously use the information or leftover blood samples we collect from donors for medical research, such as research on ways to increase the safety of the blood supply.
- By giving your son, daughter, or ward permission to donate blood, you are also consenting to the use of the donation and donor information for this type of research.
- In order for you to provide informed consent, you must go to <https://www.redcrossblood.org/donate-blood/how-to-donate/info-for-student-donors.html> and read "Possible Use of Donor Information and Blood Samples in Medical Research" and the research study sheets for your state before signing this parental consent. If you do not have internet access, please call the Donor and Client Support Center at 1-866-236-3276 for information regarding research studies being performed in your state.

SIGNATURE PAGE

Date (GMT)	Signed by
2019/11/11 18:31:17	Cheryl.VanLeer@redcross.org
For Department	
Justification	Documents are approved.

2019/11/11 18:49:15	Yvette.Miller@redcross.org
For Department	
Justification	Documents are approved.

2019/11/12 05:16:51	Tanya.Frazier@redcross.org
For Department	edox_qa_system
Justification	Documents are approved.

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