**TRAINING**

**Pedagogical Materials**
To disseminate planting in agrarian reform territories, pedagogical materials are systematically produced to stimulate theoretical and practical training debate.

**Courses and workshops**
The training process on the environmental issue is promoted in different spaces, from theoretical to practical courses on seedling production in nurseries, seed collection and agroforestry management, among others.

**MOBILIZATION**

**Planting Journeys**
Throughout the year, several tree planting journeys are held in the MST’s settlements and camps.

**Agroecology Collectives**
In the 23 states where the MST is present and in the Federal District, collectives are organized to work on the implementation of the National Plan in settlements, rural schools, training centers and cooperatives.

**Communication**
The MST Page (www.mst.org.br) and the MST social networks are the official communication vehicles of the National Plan. Every day there is content around the environmental issue and also dissemination of actions carried out throughout Brazil.

*Plant Trees, Produce Healthy Food*

**MST PLANTS 100 MILLION TREES ALL OVER BRAZIL!**
The National Plan “Plant Trees, Produce Healthy Food”, launched by the Landless Rural Workers Movement (MST) in 2020, is a call to Brazilian and world society for the urgency of transforming the environment defense into a peoples struggle. Thus, it is possible to face the serious ecological crisis and the deepening of socioeconomic inequalities.

According to the MST, planting trees means harvesting food and water, guarantee dignity, with resistance and life in the countryside and in the city. For this reason, the National Plan reaffirms Peoples Agrarian Reform as a fundamental part of building solutions to the environmental crisis faced by humanity.

The National Plan aims to defend land reform territories and their socio-biodiversity from the advance of the agricultural frontier. The agribusiness destroys the environment, expels people from the countryside, waters and forests, consequently exterminating the knowledge long since developed by traditional peoples.

Each area cared for and defended means conservation, based on a peoples conception of biodiversity, from the different biomes that make up the national territory and that contribute to global ecological sustainability.

The Plan aims to plant 100 million trees in this decade (2020 - 2030) in degraded areas in the countryside and in the city, through the intercropped planting of trees with healthy food.

The planting of native and fruit trees involves peasants and urban workers, both male and female, with women and youth playing a leading role in the collective construction of the biomes reintegration and food sovereignty through agroecological practices.

**UNDERSTAND HOW THE NATIONAL PLAN WORKS!**

**Operating fronts:**

**AGROECOLOGY**

Peoples Network of Agrarian Reform Tree Nurseries and Seed Houses in the biomes

The tree nurseries and seeds houses are fundamental for the planting autonomy and, in the same way, combine the different possibilities of uses, such as the production of native, fruitful, ornamental and vegetable seedlings.

**Agroforestry, productive backyards, polycultures, agrosilvopastoral systems**

The tree planting is also a way to strengthen agroecological production, combining familiar income generation with the guarantee of food sovereignty.