









Art by Charley Harpe



Join in this 4 day free bird count for all ages and levels of birding experience

Become a citizen scientist and help biologists track bird populations during the winter months. Yes! This four day count, February 12 - 15, 2021 will help to collect data on bird movements and be combined with the Christmas Bird Count and Project Feeder Watch data. The information will help to track bird patterns and discover new questions and insights.

Scientists and bird enthusiasts can learn a lot by knowing where the birds are. Now that winter has gripped the continent, what are our birds doing. Bird populations are dynamic, they are constantly in flux. Scientists want to take a snap shot of North American bird populations and YOU can help.

Everyone's contribution is important. All ages and skill levels of birders are asked to participate. It doesn't matter whether you identify, count and report the 5 birds coming to your backyard bird feeder or the 75 species you see during a days outing to a wildlife refuge. Your data will help answer many questions.

"The Great Backyard Bird Count" is a terrific way for individuals, families, schools, and community groups to contribute to a better understanding of birds. In return, you will learn more about birds in the process. It's hard to imagine a more enjoyable and rewarding way to spend a little time enjoying nature and counting birds on a winter day.

GBBC INSTRUCTIONS & SIGN UP AT birdcount.org

- Count birds anywhere you like for at LEAST 15 minutes—or even longer if you wish. Keep track of the kinds of birds you see and how long you watched.
- Make your best estimate of how many birds you saw of each species. For example, 5 Northern Cardinals, 3 American Crows. Huge flocks may be a challenge, but your best guess is still valuable.
- Enter your list(s) online at www.birdCount.org. Put in a new checklist: --for each new day --for each different location --for the same location, same day, if you counted at a different time of day

Note: Look for the "Submit Observations" tab on the Great Backyard Bird Count (or eBird) website. You can start entering bird lists at midnight local time on the first day of the count, anywhere in the world.

It's Easy! Read ahead for specific details about how to set up a free account on the GBBC website or on eBird to enter your list of birds. If you already have an account for the GBBC website, eBird, Project Feeder-watch, Nest-watch, or Yard-Map projects, you can simply use that same login information.

HERE ARE SOME HELPFUL TIPS

TO CREATE A GBBC / E-BIRD ACCOUNT

If you have never participated in the GBBC before, or did not take part in 2020, you'll need to set up an account at www.BirdCount.org or www.ebird.org, providing your name and email and choosing a personal username and password. Additional profile information is optional.

Tip: If you don't want your name to appear on the maps with your birding location(s), go to "Edit My Profile" and put "Anonymous" in the "First Name" field, and "User" in the "Last Name" field. Also choose a general name for your location if you do not want your specific address to be public.

ENTERING DATA Map Your Location

Log in to your account. Choose your country and state/province (if applicable), and county or city (optional), so you can quickly zoom to that location on the Google map. When the map zooms to your location, left-click with your mouse to place a "pin" at the site where you counted birds. Give that location a name (i.e. home, Central Park) in the box in the right-hand column of the page so you can use it again in the future. The larger red pins on the map are "hotspots" marked by others as being good places to find birds. Your personal location pin will be blue and slightly smaller.

TIP: You can zoom in further on the map by double-clicking with your mouse; using the tools on the left side of the map; using the magnifying glass icon; or by using shift + click to draw a box at the desired location.

Date & Effort Fill in the date for the checklist you are submitting and indicate the type of count you did:

- Traveling: You traveled some distance—walking a trail, driving a refuge loop, field birding
- Stationary: You stayed in one place, perhaps watching your feeders from a window
- Incidental: You saw a bird while you were doing something else—birding was not your main activity

Enter your start time, how much total time you spent counting birds, and how many people contributed to this checklist.

TIP: If you get an error message telling you to enter an integer (whole number) in the time section, check to be sure you haven't put in a colon or other punctuation mark in one of the boxes. Also, if you started watching at 7:00 AM, for example, enter 7 in the hour box and **leave the minute box blank**.

Enter Your Birds Next, you will see a list of birds that could be in your area during February. In the boxes, enter your estimate for the number of individuals of each species you saw while you were counting. Use an "x" if you can't estimate the number.

Other Tools to Try Find these tools in the column on the right side of the page at birdcount.org

- Put the species list in alphabetical order
- Show or hide rare species for your area and show or hide subspecies.

Sort by frequency: this places the birds in three groups—the ones seen frequently in your area, those seen rarely, and those that have not ever been reported yet.

Are You Reporting Everything? It's important to let us know if you are reporting all the species you were able to identify. You should always choose "Yes" in the right-hand column, unless you are leaving out some species on purpose.

Rare Birds

If you have a bird on your list that you don't find on the main checklist, click "show rare species" in the right column. If the species is not there either, go to "Add a Species" to type the species' name and add it to the list.

Flagged Reports

If you enter a species or a number of birds that is unusual, you will get a message asking you to confirm your report. If you're certain about what you saw, click the "complete" button. Your report will go to a person who reviews reports from your area. **This is a normal part of the process.** You may even be contacted by the reviewer to get more details about your report.

Giving More Details

If you do see something unusual, please tell us more about how you identified the bird. Look for the small "add details" button next to the bird name. It's VERY helpful if you have a digital photo. You can even embed that image with your checklist.

Submit Your List

Hit "Submit" on the lower-right when you're done. You'll see a confirmation page that shows the list you submitted. Click "Email Yourself" at the top-right if you want a copy of your checklist. If you were birding with one or more friends and want them to be able to add the list to their GBBC account (or eBird account) click "Share w/Others in Your Party." DO NOT use this to send them a list to look at if they were not there. Just forward them the list you get for yourself by email.

Submit Another List

If you have another list, select links on the right that allow you to submit from the same location and date, submit from the same area etc.

Correcting/Changing a Report You can always go back to make changes to your checklists, location, or profile. Login to your account and click on the "My eBird" tab on either the GBBC or eBird websites. You'll see a summary of the data you've submitted. On the right side of the page, click "Manage My Observations" to choose individual records to edit. Choose "Manage Locations" to move or rename your mapped birding location(s).

Non-Internet Users:

You may use a computer at a library, school, or simply pick up a GBBC packet from any Wild Bird Habitat Store. You may also request a GBBC packet and Wild Bird Habitat will mail it to you. After the count mail or bring your completed forms to any Wild Bird Habitat Store and your data will be electronically submit by our staff. Mail or return to:

South Lincoln

Wild Bird Habitat Store Alamo Plaza 56th & Hwy 2 Lincoln, NE 68516 (402) 420-2553

North Lincoln

Wild Bird Habitat Store 2 BLKS S of Holdrege 4900 Dudley Street Lincoln, NE 68504 (402) 464-4055

Omaha

Wild Bird Habitat Store Harrison Village Mall 168th & Harrison Omaha, NE 68136 (402) 504-4450



For more information contact any Wild Bird Habitat Store info@wildbirdhabitatstore.com / www.wildbirdhabitatstore.com (402) 420-2553 or Toll Free (800)-606-2553

FREE Useful Birding Tools





allaboutbirds.org/guide





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Where to go Bird Watching in Nebraska

- Nebraska Birding Trails www.nebraskabirdingtrails.com
- Nebraska Flyway www.nebraskaflyway.com
- Nebraska Metro Birding www.nebraskametrobirding.com
- Chicken Dance Trail www.chickendancetrail.com
- Nebraska Ornithology Union www.noubirds.org

Some Tips to Help You Count Birds

Count the birds in your backyard, local park, or other natural area on one or all four count days. You may count in as many different locations as you wish, just make sure to keep separate records and checklist for each area.

Watch the birds for at least 15 minutes on each day that you participate. We recommend watching for 30 minutes or more so that you'll have a good sense of what birds are in your area.

How to count birds in your backyard: Your data will be used by scientists to analyze bird populations so it is very important that everyone count their birds in the exact same way. For each kind (species) of bird that you see, keep track of the highest number of individuals you observe at any one time. Use a "Tally Sheet" to help keep track of your counts. Example of a tally sheet for counting birds:

House Finch: 3, 5, 2, 3 (High count is 5)

Blue Jay: 1, 2, 6, 2 (High count is 6)

Goldfinch: 12, 7, 14, 6 (High count is 14)

Be careful not to count the same bird over and over! Don't add a Blue Jay to your tally every time you see a Blue Jay at the feeder. You could be counting the same individual again and again. Just record the highest number of individual birds you see at one time.

If you are at a lake or wildlife area where you may see large flocks of birds, make your best estimate of the number of each species that you observe and report that data. Just remember to submit a new checklist for each location where you count birds.