"(B) in the case of payments made before January 1, 2021, the payment by an employer, whether paid to the employee or to a lender, of principal or interest on any qualified education loan (as defined in section 221(d)(1)) incurred by the employee for education of the employee, and'

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT; DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.— The first sentence of paragraph (1) of section 221(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting before the period the following: ", or for which an exclusion is allowable under section 127 to the taxpayer by reason of the payment by the taxpayer's employer of any indebtedness on a qualified education loan of the taxpayer".

(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to payments made after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—Business Provisions

SEC. 2301. EMPLOYEE RETENTION CREDIT FOR EMPLOYERS SUBJECT TO CLOSURE DUE TO COVID-19.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an eligible employer, there shall be allowed as a credit against applicable employment taxes for each calendar quarter an amount equal to 50 percent of the qualified wages with respect to each employee of such employer for such calendar quarter.

(b) Limitations and Refundability.—

(1) WAGES TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—The amount of qualified wages with respect to any employee which may be taken into account under subsection (a) by the eligible employer for all calendar quarters shall not exceed \$10,000.

(2) CREDIT LIMITED TO EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The credit allowed by subsection (a) with respect to any calendar quarter shall not exceed the applicable employment taxes (reduced by any credits allowed under subsections (e) and (f) of section 3111 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and sections 7001 and 7003 of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act) on the wages paid with respect to the employment of all the employees of the eligible employer for such calendar quarter.

(3) Refundability of excess credit.

(A) IN GENERAL.—If the amount of the credit under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation of paragraph (2) for any calendar quarter, such excess shall be treated as an overpayment that shall be refunded under sections 6402(a)

over payment that sinable retinated under sections \$402(a) and \$6413(b)\$ of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(B) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, any amounts due to the employer under this paragraph shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision referred to in subsection (b)(2) of such section.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—
(1) APPLICABLE EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The term "applicable employment taxes" means the following:

(A) The taxes imposed under section 3111(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

- (B) So much of the taxes imposed under section 3221(a) of such Code as are attributable to the rate in effect under section 3111(a) of such Code.
- (2) Eligible employer.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "eligible employer" means any employer-

(i) which was carrying on a trade or business during calendar year 2020, and (ii) with respect to any calendar quarter, for which—

- (I) the operation of the trade or business described in clause (i) is fully or partially suspended during the calendar quarter due to orders from an appropriate governmental authority limiting commerce, travel, or group meetings (for commercial, social, religious, or other purposes) due to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), or
- (II) such calendar quarter is within the period described in subparagraph (B).

(B) SIGNIFICANT DECLINE IN GROSS RECEIPTS.—The period described in this subparagraph is the period—

(i) beginning with the first calendar quarter begin-

(ii) beginning with the first calendar quarter beginning after December 31, 2019, for which gross receipts (within the meaning of section 448(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for the calendar quarter are less than 50 percent of gross receipts for the same calendar quarter in the prior year, and

(ii) ending with the calendar quarter following the first calendar quarter beginning after a calendar quarter described in clause (i) for which gross receipts of such employer are greater than 80 percent of gross receipts for the same calendar quarter in the prior

year. (C) TAX-EXEMPT ORGANIZATIONS.—In the case of an organization which is described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code, clauses (i) and (ii)(I) of subparagraph (A) shall apply to all operations of such organization. (3) QUALIFIED WAGES.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified wages" means (i) in the case of an eligible employer for which the average number of full-time employees (within the meaning of section 4980H of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) employed by such eligible employer during 2019 was greater than 100, wages paid by such eligible employer with respect to which an employee is not providing services due to circumstances described in subclause (I) or (II) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii),
- (ii) in the case of an eligible employer for which the average number of full-time employees (within the meaning of section 4980H of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) employed by such eligible employer during 2019 was not greater than 100-

(I) with respect to an eligible employer described in subclause (I) of paragraph (2)(A)(ii),

wages paid by such eligible employer with respect to an employee during any period described in such clause, or

(II) with respect to an eligible employer described in subclause (II) of such paragraph, wages paid by such eligible employer with respect to an employee during such quarter.

Such term shall not include any wages taken into account under section 7001 or section 7003 of the Families First

Coronavirus Response Act.

(B) LIMITATION.—Qualified wages paid or incurred by an eligible employer described in subparagraph (A)(i) with respect to an employee for any period described in such subparagraph may not exceed the amount such employee would have been paid for working an equivalent duration

during the 30 days immediately preceding such period.

(C) ALLOWANCE FOR CERTAIN HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified wages" shall include so much of the eligible employer's qualified health plan expenses as are properly allocable to such

wages

(ii) QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES.—For pur-(1) QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term "qualified health plan expenses" means amounts paid or incurred by the eligible employer to provide and maintain a group health plan (as defined in section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), but only to the extent that such amounts are excluded from the gross income of employees by reason of cortion 106(a) of such Code. of employees by reason of section 106(a) of such Code.

(iii) ALLOCATION RULES.—For purposes of this paragraph, qualified health plan expenses shall be allocated to qualified wages in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe. Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary, such allocation shall be treated as properly made if made on the basis of being pro rata among employees and pro rata on the basis of periods of coverage (relative to the periods to which such wages

(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary

of the Treasury or the Secretary's delegate.

(5) WAGES.—The term "wages" means wages (as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) and compensation (as defined in section 3231(e) of such Code).

(6) OTHER TERMS.—Any term used in this section which is also used in chapter 21 or 22 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall have the same meaning as when used in such chapter.

chapter.

(d) AGGREGATION RULE.—All persons treated as a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of section 52 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or subsection (m) or (o) of section 414 of such Code, shall be treated as one employer for purposes of this section.

(e) Certain Rules to Apply.—For purposes of this section, rules similar to the rules of sections 51(i)(1) and 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall apply.

(f) CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYERS.—This credit shall not apply to the Government of the United States, the government of any State or political subdivision thereof, or any agency or

instrumentality of any of the foregoing.

(g) Election Not to Have Section Apply.—This section shall not apply with respect to any eligible employer for any calendar quarter if such employer elects (at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe) not to have this section apply.

(h) Special Rules.

(1) EMPLOYEE NOT TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT MORE THAN ONCE.—An employee shall not be included for purposes of this section for any period with respect to any employer if such employer is allowed a credit under section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to such employee for such period.

(2) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—Any wages taken into account in determining the credit allowed under this section

shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining the credit allowed under section 45S of such Code.

(3) THIRD PARTY PAYORS.—Any credit allowed under this section shall be treated as a credit described in section 3511(d)(2) of such Code.

- (i) TRANSFERS TO FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE TRUST FUND.—There are hereby appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund established under section 201 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401) and the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account established under section 15A(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 14 231n–1(a)) amounts equal to the reduction in revenues to the Treasury by reason of this to the reduction in revenues to the Treasury by reason of this section (without regard to this subsection). Amounts appropriated by the preceding sentence shall be transferred from the general fund at such times and in such manner as to replicate to the extent possible the transfers which would have occurred to such Trust Fund or Account had this section not been enacted.

 (j) RULE FOR EMPLOYERS TAKING SMALL BUSINESS INTERRUPTION LOAN.—If an eligible employer receives a covered loan under paragraph (36) of section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)), as added by section 1102 of this Act, such employer shall not be eligible for the credit under this section.

not be eligible for the credit under this section.

(k) TREATMENT OF DEPOSITS.—The Secretary shall waive any penalty under section 6656 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 penalty under section 6000 of the internal revenue Code of 1500 for any failure to make a deposit of any applicable employment taxes if the Secretary determines that such failure was due to the reasonable anticipation of the credit allowed under this section.

(1) REGULATIONS AND GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall issue

such forms, instructions, regulations, and guidance as are nec-

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(1) to allow the advance payment of the credit under subsection (a), subject to the limitations provided in this section, based on such information as the Secretary shall require,

(2) to provide for the reconciliation of such advance payment with the amount advanced at the time of filing the return

of tax for the applicable calendar quarter or taxable year,
(3) to provide for the recapture of the credit under this section if such credit is allowed to a taxpayer which receives a loan described in subsection (j) during a subsequent quarter,

(4) with respect to the application of the credit under subsection (a) to third party payors (including professional employer organizations, certified professional employer organizations, or agents under section 3504 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), including regulations or guidance allowing such payors to submit documentation necessary to substantiate the eligible employer status of employers that use such payors, and

(5) for application of subparagraphs (A)(ii)(II) and (B) of subsection (c)(2) in the case of any employer which was not carrying on a trade or business for all or part of the same calendar quarter in the prior year.

(m) APPLICATION.—This section shall only apply to wages paid

after March 12, 2020, and before January 1, 2021.

SEC. 2302. DELAY OF PAYMENT OF EMPLOYER PAYROLL TAXES.

(a) IN GENERAL.-

- (a) IN GENERAL.—

 (1) TAXES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the payment for applicable employment taxes for the payroll tax deferral period shall not be due before the applicable date.

 (2) DEPOSITS.—Notwithstanding section 6302 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, an employer shall be treated as having timely made all deposits of applicable employment taxes that the provision of the contract of t taxes that are required to be made (without regard to this section) for such taxes during the payroll tax deferral period if all such deposits are made not later than the applicable date.
- (3) Exception.—This subsection shall not apply to any taxpayer if such taxpayer has had indebtedness forgiven under section 1106 of this Act with respect to a loan under paragraph (36) of section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)), as added by section 1102 of this Act, or indebtedness forgiven under section 1109 of this Act.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the payment for 50 percent of the taxes imposed under section 1401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the payroll tax deferral period shall not be due before the applicable
- date.

 (2) ESTIMATED TAXES.—For purposes of applying section 6654 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to any taxable year which includes any part of the payroll tax deferral period, 50 percent of the taxes imposed under section 1401(a) of such Code for the payroll tax deferral period shall not be treated as taxes to which such section 6654 applies.

 (c) LIABILITY OF THIRD PARTIES.—

 (1) ACTS TO BE REPERIOMED BY ACCUSTS.—For PURPOSES of
- (1) ACTS TO BE PERFORMED BY AGENTS.—For purposes of section 3504 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, in the case of any person designated pursuant to such section (and any regulations or other guidance issued by the Secretary with respect to such section) to perform acts otherwise required to be performed by an employer under such Code, if such employer directs such person to defer payment of any applicable employment taxes during the payroll tax deferral period under this section, such employer shall be solely liable for the payment of such applicable employment taxes before the applicable date for any wages paid by such person on behalf of such employer during such period.

- (2) CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS.-For purposes of section 3511, in the case of a certified professional employer organization (as defined in subsection (a) of section 7705 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) that has entered into a service contract described in subsection (e)(2) of such section with a customer, if such customer directs such organization to defer payment of any applicable employment taxes during the payroll tax deferral period under this section, such customer shall, notwithstanding subsections (a) and (c) of section 3511, be solely liable for the payment of such applicable employment taxes before the applicable date for any wages paid by such organization to any work site employee performing services for such customer during such period. (d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section-
- (1) APPLICABLE EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The term "applicable

employment taxes" means the following:

(A) The taxes imposed under section 3111(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(B) So much of the taxes imposed under section 3211(a) of such Code as are attributable to the rate in effect under section 3111(a) of such Code.

(C) So much of the taxes imposed under section 3221(a) of such Code as are attributable to the rate in effect under section 3111(a) of such Code.

section 3111(a) of such Code.

(2) PAYROLL TAX DEFERRAL PERIOD.—The term "payroll tax deferral period" means the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending before January 1, 2021.

(3) APPLICABLE DATE.—The term "applicable date" means—

(A) December 31, 2021, with respect to 50 percent of the amounts to which subsection (a) or (b), as the case

may be, apply, and

(B) December 31, 2022, with respect to the remaining

such amounts.

(4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate).
(e) TRUST FUNDS HELD HARMLESS.—There are hereby appro-

priated (out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated) for each fiscal year to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors priated) for each fiscal year to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund established under section 201 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401) and the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account established under section 15A(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 231n-1(a)) an amount equal to the reduction in the transfers to such fund for such fiscal year by reason of this section. Amounts appropriated by the preceding sentence shall be transferred from the general fund at such times and in such manner as to replicate to the extent possible the transfers which manner as to replicate to the extent possible the transfers which would have occurred to such Trust Fund had such amendments not been enacted.

(f) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall issue such regulations or other guidance as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, including rules for the administration and enforcement of subsection (c).

SEC. 2303. MODIFICATIONS FOR NET OPERATING LOSSES.

(a) TEMPORARY REPEAL OF TAXABLE INCOME LIMITATION.—

- (1) In General.—The first sentence of section 172(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "an amount equal to" and all that follows and inserting "an amount equal to-
- "(1) in the case of a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2021, the aggregate of the net operating loss carryovers to such year, plus the net operating loss carrybacks to such

year, and
"(2) in the case of a taxable year beginning after December

31, 2020, the sum of—

"(A) the aggregate amount of net operating losses arising in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018, carried to such taxable year, plus

"(B) the lesser of-

"(i) the aggregate amount of net operating losses arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, carried to such taxable year, or

"(ii) 80 percent of the excess (if any) of—

- "(I) taxable income computed without regard to the deductions under this section and sections 199A and 250, over "(II) the amount determined under subpara-
- graph (A)."

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Section 172(b)(2)(C) of such Code is amended to read as follows:

"(C) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, be reduced by 20 percent of the excess (if any) described in subsection (a)(2)(B)(ii) for such taxable year.".

(B) Section 172(d)(6)(C) of such Code is amended by striking "subsection (a)(2)" and inserting "subsection (a)(2)(B)(ii)(I)".

- (C) Section 860E(a)(3)(B) of such Code is amended by striking all that follows "for purposes of" and inserting "subsection (a)(2)(B)(ii)(I) and the second sentence of subsection (b)(2) of section 172.".
- (b) Modifications of Rules Relating to Carrybacks.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 172(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
 "(D) Special rule for losses arising in 2018, 2019,

AND 2020.-

"(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any net operating loss arising in a taxable year beginning after December

31, 2017, and before January 1, 2021—

"(I) such loss shall be a net operating loss carryback to each of the 5 taxable years preceding the taxable year of such loss, and

"(II) subparagraphs (B) and (C)(i) shall not

apply.

"(ii) Special rules for reits.—For purposes of this subparagraph—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—A net operating loss for a

REIT year shall not be a net operating loss carryback to any taxable year preceding the taxable year of such loss.

"(II) SPECIAL RULE.—In the case of any net operating loss for a taxable year which is not a REIT year, such loss shall not be carried to any

preceding taxable year which is a REIT year.

"(III) REIT YEAR.—For purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'REIT year' means any taxable year for which the provisions of part II of subchapter M (relating to real estate investment

trusts) apply to the taxpayer.

"(iii) SPECIAL RULE FOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.— In the case of a life insurance company, if a net operating loss is carried pursuant to clause (i)(I) to a life insurance company taxable year beginning before January 1, 2018, such net operating loss carryback shall be treated in the same manner as an operations loss carryback (within the meaning of section 810 as in effect before its repeal) of such com-

pany to such taxable year.

"(iv) RULE RELATING TO CARRYBACKS TO YEARS TO WHICH SECTION 965 APPLIES.—If a net operating loss of a taxpayer is carried pursuant to clause (i)(I) to any taxable year in which an amount is includible in gross income by reason of section 965(a), the taxpayer shall be treated as having made the election under section 965(n) with respect to each such taxable

year.
"(v) Special rules for elections under para-

GRAPH (3).—

"(I) SPECIAL ELECTION TO EXCLUDE SECTION
965 YEARS.— If the 5-year carryback period under
clause (i)(I) with respect to any net operating loss in which an amount is includible in gross income by reason of section 965(a), the taxpayer may, in lieu of the election otherwise available under paragraph (3), elect under such paragraph to exclude all such taxable years from such carryback

"(II) TIME OF ELECTIONS.—An election under paragraph (3) (including an election described in subclause (I)) with respect to a net operating loss arising in a taxable year beginning in 2018 or 2019 shall be made by the due date (including extensions of time) for filing the taxpayer's return for the first taxable year ending after the date

of the enactment of this subparagraph.".

(2) Conforming amendment.—Section 172(b)(1)(A) of such Code, as amended by subsection (c)(2), is amended by striking "and (C)(i)" and inserting ", (C)(i), and (D)".

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT RELATING TO SECTION 13302 OF

Public Law 115-97.—
(1) Section 13302(e) of Public Law 115-97 is amended

to read as follows:

"(e) Effective Dates.-

"(1) NET OPERATING LOSS LIMITATION.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (d)(2) shall apply to-

- "(A) taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,
- "(B) taxable years beginning on or before such date to which net operating losses arising in taxable years beginning after such date are carried.
- "(2) CARRYOVERS AND CARRYBACKS.—The amendments made by subsections (b), (c), and (d)(1) shall apply to net operating losses arising in taxable years beginning after
- December 31, 2017.".

 (2) Section 172(b)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

"(A) GENERAL RULE.—A net operating loss for any tax-

able year-

"(i) shall be a net operating loss carryback to the extent provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C)(i), and "(ii) except as provided in subparagraph (C)(ii), shall be a net operating loss carryover—
"(I) in the case of a net operating loss arising

in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2018, to each of the 20 taxable years following the tax-

able year of the loss, and
"(II) in the case of a net operating loss arising in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, to each taxable year following the taxable year of the loss.".

(d) Effective Dates.-

- (1) Net operating loss limitation.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply-
 - (A) to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017,
 - (B) to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2017, to which net operating losses arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, are carried.
- (2) CARRYOVERS AND CARRYBACKS.—The amendment made by subsection (b) shall apply to—

 (A) net operating losses arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and

 - (B) taxable years beginning before, on, or after such
- date to which such net operating losses are carried.
 (3) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by subsection (c) shall take effect as if included in the provisions of Public Law 115-97 to which they relate.
- (4) Special rule.—In the case of a net operating loss arising in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2018, and ending after December 31, 2017-
 - (A) an application under section 6411(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to the carryback of such net operating loss shall not fail to be treated as timely filed if filed not later than the date which is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and (B) an election to-
 - (i) forgo any carryback of such net operating loss, (ii) reduce any period to which such net operating
 - loss may be carried back, or (iii) revoke any election made under section 172(b) to forgo any carryback of such net operating loss,

shall not fail to be treated as timely made if made not later than the date which is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2304. MODIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON LOSSES FOR TAXPAYERS OTHER THAN CORPORATIONS.

- (a) In General.—Section 461(1)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:
 - "(1) LIMITATION.—In the case of a taxpayer other than a corporation-
 - "(A) for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2026, subsection (j) (relating to limitation on excess farm losses of certain taxpayers) shall not apply, and
 - "(B) for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2026, any excess business loss of the taxpayer for the taxable year shall not be allowed.".
- (b) Technical Amendments Relating to Section 11012 of PUBLIC LAW 115-97.-
 - (1) Section 461(1)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "a net operating loss carryover to the following taxable year under section 172" and inserting "a net operating loss for the taxable year for purposes of determining any net operating loss carryover under section 172(b) for subsequent taxable years".

 (2) Section 461(l)(3)(A) of such Code is amended-

 - (A) in clause (i), by inserting "and without regard to any deduction allowable under section 172 or 199A"
 - after "under paragraph (1)", and
 (B) by adding at the end the following flush sentence: "Such excess shall be determined without regard to any deductions, gross income, or gains attributable to any trade or business of performing services as an employee.".
 - (3) Section 461(1)(3) of such Code is amended by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C) and by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:
 - (B) TREATMENT OF CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES.
 - "(i) Losses.-Deductions for losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall not be taken into
 - account under subparagraph (A)(i).

 "(ii) GAINS.—The amount of gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets taken into account under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall not exceed the lesser of-
 - "(I) the capital gain net income determined by taking into account only gains and losses attrib-
 - utable to a trade or business, or "(II) the capital gain net income.".
 - (c) Effective Dates.-
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
 - (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by subsection (b) shall take effect as if included in the provisions of Public Law 115-97 to which they relate.

SEC. 2305. MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR PRIOR YEAR MINIMUM TAX LIABILITY OF CORPORATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 53(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended-

(1) by striking "2018, 2019, 2020, or 2021" in paragraph

(1) and inserting "2018 to 2019", and
(2) by striking "2021" in paragraph (2) and inserting "2019".
(b) ELECTION TO TAKE ENTIRE REFUNDABLE CREDIT AMOUNT IN 2018.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 53(e) of such Code is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(5) Special rule.—In the case of a corporation making

an election under this paragraph—

"(A) paragraph (1) shall not apply, and

"(B) subsection (c) shall not apply to the first taxable year of such corporation beginning in 2018.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017. (d) Special Rule.-

(1) In GENERAL.—For purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, a credit or refund for which an application described in paragraph (2)(A) is filed shall be treated as made under section 6411 of such Code.

(2) Tentative refund.-

- (A) APPLICATION.—A taxpayer may file an application for a tentative refund of any amount for which a refund is due by reason of an election under section 53(e)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Such application shall be in such manner and form as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) may prescribe and shall-
 - (i) be verified in the same manner as an application under section 6411(a) of such Code,

(ii) be filed prior to December 31, 2020, and

(iii) set forth—

- (I) the amount of the refundable credit claimed under section 53(e) of such Code for such taxable
- (II) the amount of the refundable credit claimed under such section for any previously filed return for such taxable year, and

(III) the amount of the refund claimed.

(B) ALLOWANCE OF ADJUSTMENTS.—Within a period of 90 days from the date on which an application is filed under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) shall—

(i) review the application, (ii) determine the amount of the overpayment, and

(ii) apply, credit, or refund such overpayment, and (iii) apply, credit, or refund such overpayment, in a manner similar to the manner provided in section 6411(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(C) CONSOLIDATED RETURNS.—The provisions of section 6411(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 Code shall

apply to an adjustment under this paragraph to the same extent and manner as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) may provide.

SEC. 2306. MODIFICATIONS OF LIMITATION ON BUSINESS INTEREST.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by redesignating paragraph (10) as paragraph (11) and by inserting after paragraph (9) the following new para-

"(10) Special rule for taxable years beginning in 2019 AND 2020.-

"(A) IN GENERAL.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii) or (iii), in the case of any taxable year beginning in 2019 or 2020, paragraph (1)(B) shall be applied by substituting '50 percent' for '30 percent'.

"(ii) Special rule for partnerships.—In the case of a partnership-

"(I) clause (i) shall not apply to any taxable

"(I) clause (i) shall not apply to any taxable year beginning in 2019, but "(II) unless a partner elects not to have this subclause apply, in the case of any excess business interest of the partnership for any taxable year beginning in 2019 which is allocated to the partner under paragraph (4)(B)(i)(II)—

"(aa) 50 percent of such excess business interest shall be treated as business interest which notwithst anding paragraph (4)(B)(ii) is

which, notwithstanding paragraph (4)(B)(ii), is paid or accrued by the partner in the partner's first taxable year beginning in 2020 and which is not subject to the limits of paragraph (1),

"(bb) 50 percent of such excess business interest shall be subject to the limitations of paragraph (4)(B)(ii) in the same manner as any other excess business interest so allocated.

"(iii) ELECTION OUT .-- A taxpayer may elect, at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe, not to have clause (i) apply to any taxable year. Such an election, once made, may be revoked only with the consent of the Secretary. In the case of a partnership, any such election shall be made by the partnership and may be made only for taxable years beginning in 2020.

"(B) ELECTION TO USE 2019 ADJUSTED TAXABLE INCOME

FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN 2020.

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), in the case of any taxable year beginning in 2020, the taxpayer may elect to apply this subsection by substituting the adjusted taxable income of the taxpayer for the last taxable year beginning in 2019 for the adjusted taxable income for such taxable year. In the case of a partnership, any such election shall be made by the partner-

ship.

"(ii) Special rule for short taxable years.-If an election is made under clause (i) for a taxable year which is a short taxable year, the adjusted taxable income for the taxpayer's last taxable year beginning in 2019 which is substituted under clause (i) shall be equal to the amount which bears the same ratio to such adjusted taxable income determined without

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regard to this clause as the number of months in the short taxable year bears to 12".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018.

SEC. 2307. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS REGARDING QUALIFIED IMPROVEMENT PROPERTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended-

(1) in subsection (e)-

- (A) in paragraph (3)(E), by striking "and" at the end of clause (v), by striking the period at the end of clause (vi) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following new clause:
- "(vii) any qualified improvement property.", and
 (B) in paragraph (6)(A), by inserting "made by the taxpayer" after "any improvement", and
 (2) in the table contained in subsection (g)(3)(B)—

- (A) by striking the item relating to subparagraph (D)(v), and
- (B) by inserting after the item relating to subparagraph (E)(vi) the following new item:

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect as if included in section 13204 of Public Law 115 - 97.

SEC. 2308. TEMPORARY EXCEPTION FROM EXCISE TAX FOR ALCOHOL USED TO PRODUCE HAND SANITIZER.

- (a) In General.—Section 5214(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended-
 - (1) in paragraph (13), by striking the period at the end
 - and inserting "; or", and

 (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

 "(14) with respect to distilled spirits removed after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021, free of tax for use in or contained in hand sanitizer produced and distributed in a manner consistent with any guidance issued by the Food and Drug Administration that is related to the outbreak of virus SARS-CoV-2 or coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19).".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to distilled spirits removed after December 31, 2019.

 (c) APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS.—Any distilled spirits or
- product described in paragraph (14) of section 5214(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) shall not be subject to any requirements related to labeling or bulk sales under—
 - (1) section 105 or 106 of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act (27 U.S.C. 205, 206); or
 - (2) section 204 of the Alcoholic Beverage Labeling Act of 1988 (27 U.S.C. 215).