



SAFETY PAGES

October 2021
Safety Pages:

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Remember if you have any safety suggestions, questions or concerns please let us know. In addition, if you have a safety topic that you would like covered in a Safety Page for training purposes let us know and we will develop one. Topics to our inventory of monthly Safety Pages are continually being added.



The OHBA/SAIF Safety Pages are an ongoing series of pages, designed to provide a selection of safety topics each month to OHBA members. Please use these pages to add to (or start) either a Safety Committee file or manual for your company. Some of the Safety Pages will be on general topics and others will be for Owner/Supervisors. The Owner/Supervisor Safety Pages will be on topics based more on compliance or suggested management safety practices.

IMPORTANT NOTICE OF RESPONSIBILITY

The Oregon Home Builders Association Safety Committee's purpose is to provide safety guidelines, information and resources to help our members work more safely and reduce jobsite accidents. Full and active monthly participation in safety meetings using the OHBA Safety Committee's agendas, topics and checklists will only meet safety committee requirements. It remains your responsibility to comply with all aspects of safety rules and regulations.

Brad Nanke, Oregon Home Builders Association, Safety Consultant
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OHBA Safety Pages: Fire Prevention

Accidental fires are an unusual occurrence in most workplaces. It is easy to take for granted some of the everyday hazards that, if overlooked, can contribute to the occurrence of these fires. Here are some general tips to help prevent accidental fires at work, as well as at your home:



- Dispense flammable liquids only in areas free from sparks, flames, and other sources of ignition.
- Keep all containers of flammable liquids closed or covered when they are not in use. And return them to their designated storage area when you are done using them;
- When dispensing flammable liquid from one container into another, bond the two containers together and ground one. This helps prevent the build-up of static electricity, which can create a spark and ignite the vapors;
- Discard all rags and waste materials that are impregnated with flammable or combustible liquids, oil, or grease in covered, self-closing metal containers (should be colored red), and empty these containers into designated receptacles at the end of your shift;
- Keep all wastepaper, cardboard, and similar combustible materials cleaned up and placed in designated waste receptacles. Letting these items accumulate on the floor or other work areas creates an unnecessary fire hazard;
- Only use flame or spark-producing equipment, such as welders, torches, and grinders, in designated areas. Special approval of management must be obtained to use this type equipment in areas where it is not normally used (discuss your company's "hot-work permit", if you have one);



- Smoking is allowed only in designated areas. Always dispose of butts in designated receptacles (if you have implemented a smoking ban at your site, discuss that instead);
- Make certain to avoid stacking materials too close to fire sprinkler heads, as doing so can affect their ability to disperse water adequately when activated; usually we must maintain a minimum of 18 inches of clearance below the level of the sprinkler heads;
- Make sure portable fire extinguishers remain fully charged and accessible at all times.



regulations or standards. The Members remain responsible for their own operations, safety practices and procedures and should consult with legal counsel as they deem appropriate.

The information we provide is not intended to include all possible safety measures and controls. In addition, the safety information we provide does not relieve the Members of its own duties and obligations with regard to safety concerns, nor does Oregon Home Builders Association guarantee to the Members or others that the Member's property, job sites and/or operations are safe, healthful, or in compliance with applicable laws,

Employer: _____ Project: _____

Date: _____ Time: _____ Shift: _____

Number in crew: _____ Number attending: _____

Safety or Health issues discussed. Include recent accident investigations and hazards involving tools, equipment, the work environment, work practices and any Safety or Health recommendations:

Follow up on recommendations from last safety meeting:

Record of those attending:

Name: (please print)	Signature:	Company:
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Supervisor's remarks: _____

Supervisor: _____ (Print) _____ (Signature)

OHBA Safety Pages: Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters

If you have power tools and/or extension cords on your job sites, you must take steps to ensure that these tools are properly grounded to prevent injury. This Safety Page topic covers the two options available to you to comply with this requirement.

OR-OSHA has written these rules dealing with ground fault circuit interrupter protection. This rule will provide increased safety for construction workers using electrical equipment and tools, and provides uniformity in what is required by Oregon Building Codes. The following is the OAR 437-003-0404 in Division 3/K.

437-003-0404 Branch circuits.

(1) General. Use ground fault circuit interrupters specified in (2) below **OR** an assured equipment grounding conductor program as in (3) below. These requirements are in addition to any other requirements for equipment grounding conductors.

(2) All 125-volt, single-phase, 15-, 20-, and 30-ampere receptacles on construction sites that are for temporary power and are available for use by employees must have approved ground-fault circuit interrupters.

(a) GFI protection must be at the outlet end of the circuit. Extension cords or other devices with listed ground-fault circuit interrupter protection for personnel identified for portable are acceptable.

(3) Assured equipment grounding conductor program: Receptacles more than 125-volt, single-phase, 30-amperes must have protection that complies with (2) above, or an assured equipment grounding conductor program that complies with the following:

(a) A written description of the program, including the employer's specific procedures. The program must be at the job site for inspection and copying by the Administrator and any affected employee.

(b) The employer must designate one or more competent persons (defined in §1926.32(f)) to implement the program.

(c) Before each day's use, visually inspect each extension cord, or other device, and any equipment connected by cord and plug, for external defects, such as deformed or missing pins or insulation damage, and for signs of possible internal damage. Extension cords, devices and receptacles not exposed to damage are exempt from this inspection. Do not use damaged or defective equipment.

(d) Do these tests on all extension cords, other devices and receptacles that are not part of the permanent wiring of the building or structure, and cord- and plug-connected equipment required to be grounded:

(A) Test all equipment grounding conductors for continuity.

(B) Test each receptacle or plug to assure the equipment grounding conductor is connected to its proper terminal.

(e) Do all required tests:

(A) Before first use;

(B) Before first use after repair;

(C) Before use after any incident that reasonably could cause damage (for example, when a cord set is run over);
and

(D) At intervals not longer than 3 months. Inspect fixed extension cords, other devices and receptacles not exposed to damage at least every 6 months.

(f) Record all tests required in this paragraph. This test record must identify each receptacle, cord set, and cord- and plug-connected equipment that passed the test and indicate the last date of testing or the test interval. Keep this record by means of logs, color coding, or other effective means. Keep the record until replaced by a newer record. The record must be available on the job site for inspection by the Administrator and any affected employee.

Employers will have to provide GFCI equipment for the employees, unless the General Contractors supply GFCI-equipped temporary power for the job that will meet these requirements. It would be a good idea for Sub-Contractors to test the electrical supply to ensure it is GFCI equipped. This type of tester is readily available for only a few dollars. If, however, the General Contractor does not supply GFCI-equipped temporary power, then you must supply it for your employees. If you have any questions or need help with this rule call OR-OSHA technical resources at 503-378-3272 or 800-922-2689.



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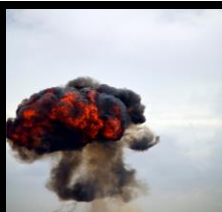
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OHBA Safety Pages: Gasoline Safety

- Never use or store around an open flame, pilot lights, portable heaters or other ignition sources!
- Never smoke or permit smoking while being dispensed or near storage location!
- Never use to start, restart or accelerate a fire!
- Never refill gasoline engines when hot!
- Never use as a hand cleaner!
- Never use as a solvent to clean things!
- Always store in proper safety cans that are rated for gasoline and DOT approved!
- Never store in glass or plastic bottle containers!
- Dispense in a well-ventilated area!
- Remove clothing that has been soaked by gasoline!
- Limit the amount in the workplace!



1 gallon of gasoline = 20 sticks of dynamite!

An ignited gasoline fireball can reach temperatures of 15,000 degrees F.



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OHBA Safety Pages: Housekeeping

The lack of proper housekeeping on the job is one safety hazard common to all construction sites and manufacturing shops. Good housekeeping is one item that can help improve not only the safety on the job, but also the morale and productivity of the job.



- Helps to limit potential of slips, trips and falls from spills or cluttered floor or ground areas.
- Increases production and efficiency of the operation. Time is not spent maneuvering over or around someone else's mess or looking for proper tools and materials.
- Helps to prevent a fire that could cause an injury and/or shut down the job site.
- Creates a good "first impression" of workplace environment and reflects well on the quality of work.
- Keep scrap lumber with protruding nails separate from other debris; bend nails over or remove from lumber.
- Keep all waste debris in neat piles and away from the immediate work area.
- Store materials only in their designated areas.
- Place trash barrels where needed to eliminate food and other lunch debris.
- Keep tools and equipment stored neatly.
- Keep extension cords from being trip hazards. If necessary, run them overhead; same applies to air compressor hoses.
- Don't let trash and debris build up. If it does, make an extra effort to get it cleaned up.

Good Housekeeping Can:

- Help to prevent minor injuries like cuts, punctures, slivers.
- Help prevent major accidents like slips, trips, falls and fires.
- Also help to prevent strains and sprains from not having to lift, push or pull material or equipment from around or over debris.



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