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1.0 – MC Website
Mercy Care’s (herein MC) website is available at www.MercyCareAZ.org and includes information for:

- Mercy Care Complete Care (herein MCCC)
- Mercy Care Long Term Care (herein MCLTC)
- Mercy Care RBHA (herein Mercy RBHA)
- Mercy Care DD (herein Mercy DD)
- Mercy Care Advantage (herein MCA)
- Arizona Department of Child Safety Comprehensive Health Plan (herein Mercy DCS CHP) – Effective 4/1/2021

The website contains valuable information for both providers and members. Some of the key information for our providers includes the following:

MC Provider Manuals
MC has provider manuals available on our website for your review:

- Mercy Care Provider Manual
  - Chapter 100 – Mercy Care Provider Manual – General Terms
  - Chapter 200 - Mercy Care Complete Care, Mercy Care DD and Mercy DCS CHP Provider Manual – Plan Specific Terms
  - Chapter 300 - Mercy Care Long Term Care Provider Manual – Plan Specific Terms
  - Chapter 400 – Mercy Care RBHA Provider Manual – Plan Specific Terms
- Mercy Care Advantage Provider Manual

The MC Provider Manuals all contain valuable information regarding details about the different lines of business, as well as provider responsibilities.

Provider Notifications
Provider Notifications contain recent changes that we want to alert providers to. These could include new regulatory changes, new processes we have established, additional provider education, etc. Provider Notifications are available by clicking on the below links:

- MCCC Provider Notifications
- MCLTC Provider Notifications
Mercy RBHA Provider Notifications
Mercy DD Provider Notifications
MCA Provider Notifications
Mercy DCS CHP Provider Notifications

Provider Forms
The MC website contains plan specific provider forms that are available for your use. These may be accessed by clicking on the below links:
- MCCC Provider Forms
- MCLTC Provider Forms
- Mercy RBHA Forms
- Mercy DD Forms
- MCA Forms
- Mercy DCS CHP Forms

News and Events
Under the News and Events web page on our website, it includes training event information from outside agencies that you may want to be aware of. Please access by clicking the Events button on this web page.

MC’s Provider Newsletter for all plans is also posted quarterly to this web page. Please access by clicking the Newsletter button on this web page.

Reference Material and Guides
The MC website contains plan specific Reference Material and Guides that are available for your use. These may be accessed by clicking on the below links:
- MCCC Reference Material and Guides
- MCLTC Reference Material and Guides
- Mercy RBHA Reference Material and Guides
- Mercy DD Reference Material and Guides
- MCA Reference Material and Guides
- Mercy DCS CHP Reference Material and Guides
1.1 – Claims Mailing Addresses, Electronic Vendors and Contact Information

**Paper Claim Submissions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Claims</th>
<th>Plan Name</th>
<th>Mail To</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical</td>
<td>MCCC</td>
<td>Claims Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MCA</td>
<td>P.O. Box 982975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mercy Care DD</td>
<td>El Paso, TX 79998-2975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mercy DD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mercy DCS CHP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mercy RBHA</td>
<td>Claims Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 982976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>El Paso, TX 79998-2976</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Dental | MCCC      | DentaQuest of Arizona, LLC  |
|        | MCA       | Attention: Claims          |
|        | MCLTC     | P.O. Box 2906              |
|        | Mercy DD  | Milwaukee, WI 53201-2906   |
|        | Mercy RBHA | Dental Claims Department   |
|        |            | P.O. Box 982977            |
|        |            | El Paso, TX 79998-2977     |

| Refunds | All Lines of Business | Mercy Care  |
|         |                       | Attention: Finance Dept.  |
|         |                       | P.O. Box 90640             |
|         |                       | Phoenix, AZ 85066          |

When mailing in a paper claim, a completed claim form needs to be filled out. Complete instructions for filling out a **UB-04** claim or a **CMS 1500 (02/12)** form is included in section **1.2 – Form Types and Instructions**.

- Claims must be legible and suitable for imaging and/or microfilming for permanent record retention. Complete ALL required fields and include additional documentation when necessary.
- The claim form may be returned unprocessed (unaccepted) if illegible or poor-quality copies are submitted or required documentation is missing. This could result in the
claim being voided in our system. A clean claim submission will need to be made within timely filing guidelines in order to prevent the claim from being denied.

**Electronic Claim Submissions**

Please refer to section 1.3 – Electronic Tools and Mercy Care Web Portals for vendor information on submitting your electronic claims.

**Family Planning Questions**

Please refer to section 2.14 - Family Planning Claims for additional information regarding family planning. If you have authorization or claims questions related to family planning, please call:

- Aetna Medicaid Administrators, LLC
  - Phoenix: 602-798-2745
  - Outside Phoenix: 888-836-8147

**Calling the Claims Inquiry Claims Research (CICR) Department**

You may contact the CICR Department by calling 602-263-3000 or 800-624-3879 toll-free.

CICR is available to:

- Answer general questions about claims.
- Assist in resolving problems or issues with a claim, including an incorrect payment amount.
- Assist with claim denials.
- Provide an explanation of the claim adjudication process.
- Help track the disposition of a particular claim, including conducting a check tracer.
- Correct errors in claims processing.
- Assist with coordination of benefits questions.
- Assist with data entry errors.
- Assist with remittance advice or negative balance questions.
- Assist in answering general eligibility questions affecting claims, however, providers must call our Member Services Department at 602-263-3000 or 800-624-3879 toll-free in order to have eligibility corrected.
- Assist in answering general prior authorization questions affecting claims, however, providers must call our Prior Authorization Department at 602-263-3000 or 800-624-3879 toll-free in order to have a prior authorization corrected.
- Assist in answering general provider set-up questions, including pay to issues affecting a claim, however, providers must call our Provider Relations Department at 602-263-3000 or 800-624-3879 toll-free to correct a provider record.
Assist with claim status calls. Claim status calls are limited to 3-member status requests during our peak business hours (between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.) Unlimited status requests will be answered during non-peak hours. Our secure web portal, Mercy Care Web Portal, is available 24/7 for providers to check the status of claims. We strongly encourage our providers to use Mercy Care Web Portal for status of claims. It is convenient and you can use it during off hours. Using Mercy Care Web Portal will make better use of your time and allow us to focus on more complex claim questions for both you and other providers calling in. Please refer to section 1.3 – Electronic Tools and Mercy Care Web Portals, for more tools available to you.

Please be prepared to give the CICR Customer Service Representative the following information:
- Organization Name
- Phone number
- NPI/TIN/PIN
- Claim number (if available)

Additionally, in order to meet HIPAA standards our CICR Department is required to validate three pieces of information on the member you are calling about. If the caller is unable to verify the required information, the CICR Customer Service Representative will only provide general information such as the claim billing address, etc. Information required is as follows:
- Member name and AHCCCS member identification number
- Member’s date of birth
- Date of service

Provider Relations Representative Assignment

Please contact your Provider Relations Representative for questions you have concerning:
- Recent practice or provider updates
- Forms
- To find a participating provider or specialist
- Termination from practice
- Notifying the plan of changes to your practice
- Tax ID change
- Obtaining a Secure Portal Login ID for Mercy Care Web Portal
- Electronic Data Information, Electronic Fund Transfer, Electronic Remittance Advice

In order to determine who your Provider Relations Representative is, please access our For Providers web page. Please scroll to the bottom of the page and under the button named
Provider Relations, you will be able to find a current listing of Provider Relations Representatives.

1.2 – Form Types and Instructions
When submitting paper claims, they must be submitted using the correct claim form type. Below please find a listing of appropriate form types to be used by specific provider types.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Claim Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical and Professional Services</td>
<td>CMS 1500 (02-12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Planning Services – Medical</td>
<td>CMS 1500 (02-12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Planning Service – Hospital Inpatient</td>
<td>UB-04 (CMS-1450)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Planning Service - Outpatient or Emergency Obstetrical Care</td>
<td>CMS 1500 (02-12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obstetrical Care</td>
<td>CMS 1500 (02-12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital Inpatient, Outpatient, Skilled Nursing Facility and Emergency Room Services</td>
<td>UB-04 (CMS-1450)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental Services that are Considered Medical Services</td>
<td>CMS 1500 (02-12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Oral Surgery, Anesthesia)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MC follows AHCCCS instructions on how to fill out each claim form type. This information is available in the AHCCCS Fee for Service Provider Billing Manual. Please review each section for detailed billing instructions:

- Chapter 5 – Billing on the CMS 1500 Claim Form
- Chapter 6 – Billing on the UB-04 Claim Form
- Chapter 7 – Billing on the ADA 2012 Claim Form

1.3 – Electronic Tools and Mercy Care Web Portals
MC strives to continually improve service to our participating network. One way to help improve service is to offer electronic tools to expedite service to our network.

MC offers multiple tools to allow our participating provider network to submit and receive electronic transactions and reports. Electronic transactions and reports reduce the volume of paper and costs associated with such transactions. As a state and federally funded program, MC and contracted providers have the fiduciary responsibility to reduce costs. We are working closely with providers to encourage utilization of electronic tools.
Currently MC offers several electronic tools to our participating provider network to help reduce the administrative burden and costs associated with paper transactions, including:

- Electronic Claims Submission
- Electronic Funds Transfer
- Electronic Remittance Advice

**Electronic Claim Submissions (EDI)**

The benefits of electronic claims submissions include:

- Accurate submission and immediate notification of submission errors (level 2 report)
- Faster processing resulting in prompt payment
- MC pays transaction costs

In order to submit electronic claims, you need the following:

- Agreement with an electronic clearinghouse vendor
- Software in your office or facility to transmit electronic claims

MC works with the following vendors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vendor</th>
<th>Payor ID for Mercy Care Claims</th>
<th>Payor ID for Mercy Care RBHA Claims</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Southwestern Provider Services (SPSI)</strong></td>
<td>CMS 1500: MCP01</td>
<td>MCP01: 33628</td>
<td><a href="http://www.spsi-edi.com">www.spsi-edi.com</a> 817-684-8500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UB-04 - MCPU</td>
<td>33628</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change Healthcare</strong></td>
<td>86052</td>
<td>33628</td>
<td><a href="http://www.changehealthcare.com">www.changehealthcare.com</a> 877-363-3666, Option 1 for Sales</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Coordinating Benefits Electronically

MC accepts secondary claims payment information via EDI submission. There are specific reporting fields that need to be completed in order for that information to be passed into our claims processing system for claim adjudication. You should work with your internal clearinghouse to determine how to send the information to them. MC’s clearinghouse currently passes the information to us using HIPAA compliant 837 transmissions.

Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

The benefits of electronic funds transfer include:

- Automatic deposit of payment for covered services
- Faster receipt of payment
- No paper checks to deposit
- Easier verification of payment

In order to receive electronic funds, transfer you need the following:

- Submit your claims electronically (preferred)
- Bank account number
- A voided check or savings account deposit slip
- A signed Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) Form enrollment form available on MC’s website under the Forms section.

Please Note: MC’s check runs kick off every Friday (with a check date of the following Tuesday of the next week). Electronic Fund Transfers will generally appear in your bank account on Wednesday following the check run. However, on a holiday week when the office is closed on Monday, the money will not appear in your bank statement until Thursday.

MCLTC’s twice weekly check runs will be scheduled to kick off each Wednesday (with a check date of Saturday) and Friday (with a check date of the following Tuesday) of the week. There may be some weeks that do not have a second check run, primarily when a month has 5 weeks
in it. However, on a holiday week when the office is closed on Monday, the money will not appear in your bank statement until Thursday.

Please fax your completed enrollment form to 866-237-0760 or contact Mercy EFT@aetna.com.

**Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA)**
The benefits of electronic remittance advice include:
- Electronic file of processed claims from MC
- Electronically post payments to your Practice Management system
- Faster reconciliation of account receivables
- Simplified reconciliation process
- Received day after electronic funds transfer

In order to receive electronic remittance advice, you need the following:
- Submit your claims electronically (preferred)
- Receive electronic funds transfer (preferred)
- Ability to accept HIPAA standard 835 electronic remit transactions
- Ability to accept direct receipt of 835 transactions via FTP

In order for providers to be able to access the Change Healthcare 835 electronic remit, the form titled Electronic Remittance Advice (ERA) Form needs to be fully filled out and submitted to the MercyCareNetworkManagement@MercyCareAZ.org mailbox. The form is available on the Forms section of MC’s website.

You may request ERA without having EFT, however, we strongly encourage you have EFT to take full advantage of all electronic processes.

You have the option of having your vendor pick up the file for you or you may pick up the file yourself through Payment Manager.

**Process Outline**
- Provider submits fully completed form to MC Provider Relations email box.
- The form is forwarded to Change Healthcare for them to load in their system.
- Change Healthcare notifies MC that the form has been loaded into their system.
- MC then gives the OK to Change Healthcare to turn on the 835 to start the process.
▪ Change Healthcare then sends an email to you providing your login information. The provider will need to contact Change Healthcare after they get their login in order to set up a secure password.

It is best to e-mail the form in a PDF format to MercyCareNetworkManagement@MercyCareAZ.org mailbox. You may choose to fax as well, however, this may cause slight delays.

**Mercy Care Web Portals**
MC also provides secure web-based platforms that enable us to communicate healthcare information directly with providers. Please access our Mercy Care Web Portal (for MCCC, MCLTC, MCDD or MCA) or Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal (for Mercy RBHA). Users can perform transactions, download information, and work interactively with member healthcare information. The following information can be attained from our secure web-based MC Web Portal platform:

▪ **Member Eligibility Search** – Verify current eligibility on one or more members. Please note that eligibility may also be verified through the AHCCCS website.

▪ **Panel Roster** – View the list of members currently assigned to the provider as the primary care provider (PCP).

▪ **Provider List** – Search for a specific health plan provider by name, specialty, or location.

▪ **Claims Status Search** – Search for provider claims by member, provider, claim number, or service dates. Only claims associated with the user’s account provider ID will be displayed.

▪ **Remittance Advice Search** – Search for provider claim payment information by member name, member ID, provider name, provider ID, date of service, or date range or specific claim number. Only remits associated with the user’s account provider ID will be displayed.

▪ **Authorization List** – Search for provider authorizations by member, provider, authorization data, or submission/service dates. Only authorizations associated with the user’s account provider ID will be displayed.

▪ **HEDIS** – Check the status of the member’s compliance with any of the HEDIS measures. “Yes” means the member has measures that they are not compliant with; “No” means that member has met the requirements.

Important provider documents are also available for your use once you sign into either Mercy Care Web Portal or Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal, including the following:
### Web Portal Instructions
- Portal Add User Process
- Web Portal Registration Form
- Current and historical MC Fee Schedules
- Pro-Report Log On

For registration information regarding both portals, please access the [Mercy Care Provider Web Portal Registration Form](#) available on the website under the Forms section.

Non-participating providers may also register for a login ID. Please e-mail or fax your completed form and the signed Provider Web Portal Agreement to MC at:

- E-Mail – MercyCareNetworkManagement@MercyCareAZ.org
- Fax – 1-860-975-3201

Once you have received your login you may access the [Mercy Care Web Portal](#) or the [Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal](#) by clicking on the link.

#### 1.4 – Clean Claim Definition

**MCCC, MCLTC, Mercy RBHA and Mercy DD and Mercy DCS CHP**

MC follows the AHCCCS regulatory definition of a Clean Claim. A “Clean Claim” is defined as a claim that may be processed without obtaining additional information from the provider of service or from a third party but does not include claims under investigation for fraud or abuse or claims under review for medical necessity, as defined by A.R.S. §36-2904.

The receipt date of the claim is included in the MC claim number assigned and reflects the date the claim was received (Julian Date) through the mail or received electronically through direct electronic submission or received by our designated clearinghouse.

**MCA**

MCA follows the CMS regulatory definition of a Clean Claim. A “Clean Claim” is one that does not require MCA to investigate or develop on a prepayment basis. Clean claims must be filed within the timely filing period.

The following bullets are some examples of what are considered clean claims:
- The claim will pass all edits and are processed electronically;
- The claim does not require external development;
• Claims subject to medical review and complete medical evidence is attached by the provider or forwarded simultaneously with EMC records in accordance MCA instructions;
• Are developed on a post-payment basis; and,
• Have all basic information necessary to adjudicate the claim, and all required supporting documentation.

The receipt date of the claim is included in the MC claim number assigned and reflects the date the claim was received (Julian Date) through the mail or received electronically through direct electronic submission or received by our designated clearinghouse.

1.5 – Regulatory Turnaround Times
Both MC and MCA are subject to regulatory requirements regarding the turnaround time of claims from the date the claim is originally received by the plan to the date when the claim is adjudicated. These turnaround times are as follows:

For MCCC, MCLTC, Mercy DD, Mercy RBHA and Mercy DCS CHP

• 95% of all clean claims must be adjudicated within 30 days of receipt of the clean claim for all form types (Professional/Institutional).
• 99% of all clean claims must be adjudicated within 60 days of receipt of the clean claim for all form types (Professional/Institutional).

For MCA

• 95% of all clean claims must be adjudicated within 30 days of receipt of the clean claim for all form types (Professional/Institutional).
• 100% of all clean claims must be adjudicated within 60 days of receipt of the clean claim for all form types (Professional/Institutional).

1.6 – Interest Payments
In the absence of a subcontract specifying other late payment terms, MC is required to pay interest on late payments as specified below:

For MCCC, MCLTC, Mercy DD, Mercy RBHA and Mercy DCS CHP

Hospital Clean Claims – MC is required to pay slow payment penalties (interest) on payments made after 60 day of receipt of the clean claim. Interest shall be paid at the rate of 1% per month for each month or portion of a month from the 61st day until the date of payment (A.R.S. §36-2903.01).
**Long Term Care Clean Claims** - For authorized services submitted by a licensed skilled nursing facility, an assisted living facility/center, Long Term Care provider, or a home and community based Long Term Care provider, MC is required to pay interest on payments made after 30 days of receipt of the clean claim. Interest shall be paid at the rate of 1% per month (prorated on a daily basis) from the date the clean claim is received until the date of payment (A.R.S. §36-2943.D).

**Non-Hospital Clean Claims** – MC is required to pay interest on payments made after 45 days of receipt of the clean claim. Interest shall be paid at the rate of 10% per annum (prorated daily) from the 46th day until the date of payment. The Contractor shall pay interest on all claim disputes as appropriate based on the date of the receipt of the original clean claim submission (not the claim dispute).

MC shall pay interest on all claim disputes as appropriate based on the date of the receipt of the original clean claim submission (not the claim dispute date unless additional information is provided as part of the dispute, in which case the clean date is reflective of the dispute received date). Interest is paid based on the difference between the original paid amount and the additional payment. Interest is reported on your remittance advice.

**For MCA**

The following applies to all claim types. Interest must be paid on clean claims if payment is not made within the applicable number of calendar days (i.e., 30 days) after the date of receipt of the claim. The applicable number of days is also known as the payment ceiling. As an example, a clean claim is received on March 1, 2015, must be paid before the end of business on March 31, 2015. Interest is not payable on the following claims types:

- Claims requiring external investigation or development by MCA;
- Claims on which no payment is due;
- Full denials;
- Interim claims;
- HH PPS RAPs.

Interest is paid at the rate used for §3902(a) of title 31, U.S. Code (relating to interest penalties for failure to make prompt payments). The interest rate is determined by the applicable rate on the day of payment.

This rate is determined by the Treasury Department on a 6-month basis, effective every January 1 and July 1. You may access the Prompt Pay Rates by clicking on the link. Interest is calculated using the following formula:
Payment amount X rate X days divided by 365 (366 in a leap year) = interest payment

The interest period begins on the day after payment is due and ends on the day of payment. Interest is reported on your remittance advice.

For additional information regarding interest payments on non-clean claims, please see the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 1, under Section 80.2.2 – Interest Payment on Clean Non-PIP Claims Not Paid Timely.

1.7 – Prompt Payment Discount
The prompt payment discount only applies to MC Medicaid lines of business and is mandated by regulatory requirement.

In the absence of a subcontract specifying otherwise, MC Medicaid lines of business must apply a quick pay discount of 1% on hospital claims paid within 30 days of the date the clean claim was received (A.R.S. §36-2903.01.G). This only applies to in-state hospitals. It does not apply to out of state hospitals.

1.8 – Timely Filing
Unless a contract specifies otherwise, MC ensures that for each form type (Professional/Institutional) 95% of all clean MC shall not pay:

- Claims initially submitted more than five months (150 days) after date of service for which payment is claimed or after the date that eligibility is posted, whichever date is later; or
- If a claim is originally received within the 5-month time frame, the provider has up to 12 months from the date of service to correctly resubmit the claim in order to achieve clean claim status or to adjust a previously processed claim, unless the claim involves retro-eligibility. If a claim does not achieve clean claim status or is not adjusted correctly within 12 months, MC is not liable for payment. This information is available in the AHCCCS Fee For Service Manual, Chapter 4, General Billing Rules.

Regardless of any subcontract with MC, when one AHCCCS Contractor recoups a claim because the claim is the payment responsibility of another AHCCCS Contractor (the responsible Contractor); the provider may file a claim for payment with the responsible Contractor. The provider must submit a clean claim to the responsible Contractor no later than:

- 60 days from the date of the recoupment,
- 12 months from the date of service, or
• 12 months from date that eligibility is posted, whichever date is later.

The responsible Contractor shall not deny a claim on the basis of lack of timely filing if the provider submits the claim within the timeframes above.

Claim payment requirements pertain to both contracted and non-contracted providers.

For MCA:
• Section 6404 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) states that claims with dates of service on or after January 1, 2010, received later than one year beyond the date of service will be denied by MCA for timely filing.

**1.9 – National Correct Coding Initiative**
MCCC, MCLTC, Mercy RBHA, Mercy DD and MCA, in accordance with AHCCCS, follow the same standards as CMS’s Correct Coding Initiative (CCI) policy and perform CCI edits and audits on claims for the same provider, same recipient, and same date of service. For more information on the Correct Coding Initiative, please review the CMS National Correct Coding Initiative Edits web page.

MC utilizes ClaimCheck as our comprehensive code auditing solution that will assist payors with proper reimbursement, along with Cotiviti. Correct Coding Initiative guidelines will be followed in accordance with both AHCCCS and CMS, in addition to pertinent coding information received from other medical organizations or societies.

Clear Claim Connection (Clear Claim) is a web-based stand-alone code auditing reference tool designed to approximate code editing based on national standards and MC’s comprehensive code auditing solution through ClaimCheck. For further information regarding Clear Claim, please review the disclaimer in the application. It enables MCP to share with our providers the claim auditing rules and clinical rationale inherent in ClaimCheck.

Providers will have access to Clear Claim through MC’s website through a secure login in either the Mercy Care Web Portal or the Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal. Clear Claim coding combinations can be used to review the rationale for editing after a claim has been processed. Coding combinations may also be reviewed prior to submission of a claim so that the provider can view claim auditing rules and clinical rationale beforehand.

Further detail on how to use Clear Claim can be found on the application itself by using the help link. Clear Claims Connection can be found after logging in to either the Mercy Care Web
Portal or the Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal. For additional information regarding Mercy Care Web Portal, please refer to section 1.3 – Electronic Tools and Mercy Care Web Portal.

**Correct Coding**
Correct coding means billing for a group of procedures with the appropriate comprehensive codes. All services that are integral to a procedure are considered bundled into that procedure as components of the comprehensive code when those services:

- Represent the standard of care for the overall procedure, or
- Are necessary to accomplish the comprehensive procedure, or
- Do not represent a separately identifiable procedure unrelated to the comprehensive procedure.

**Incorrect Coding**
Examples of incorrect coding include:

- “Unbundling” - Fragmenting one service into components and coding each as if it were a separate service.
- Billing separate codes for related services when one code includes all related services.
- Breaking out bilateral procedures when one code is appropriate.
- Down-coding a service in order to use an additional code when one higher level, more comprehensive code is appropriate.

**Coding Resources and Common Physical Health Modifiers**
MC follows our regulators’ coding practices and guidelines (both CMS and AHCCCS). It is important to follow all coding guidelines in order to avoid claim denials.

In conjunction with the Mercy Care Website and Provider Manuals, you should also reference the AHCCCS Website, as well as the CMS Website, for additional detailed coding information.

Important resources for your use should include the following:

- ICD-10-CM Manual
- HCPCS Level II Manual

It is important to follow coding guidelines outlined in the above manuals in order to avoid claim denials.
Appropriate modifiers must be billed in order to reflect services provided and for claims to pay appropriately. MC can request copies of operative reports or office notes to verify services provided. Common modifier issue clarification is below:

**Modifier 59 – Distinct Procedural Services** - must be attached to a component code to indicate that the procedure was distinct or separate from other services performed on the same day and was not part of the comprehensive service. Medical records must reflect appropriate use of the modifier. Modifier 59 cannot be billed with evaluation and management codes (99201-99499) or radiation therapy codes (77261 -77499).

In addition, there are HCPCS modifiers for selective identification of subsets of Distinct Procedural Services (59 modifier) as follows:
- **XE** – Separate Encounter
- **XS** – Separate Structure
- **XP** – Separate Practitioner
- **XU** – Unusual, Non-Overlapping Service

**Modifier 25 – Significant, Separately Identifiable Evaluation and Management Service by the Same Physician on the Same Day of the Procedure or Other Service** - must be attached to a component code to indicate that the procedure was distinct or separate from other services performed on the same day and was not part of the comprehensive service. Medical records must reflect appropriate use of the modifier. Modifier 25 is used with evaluation and management codes and cannot be billed with surgical codes.

**Modifier 50 – Bilateral Procedure** - If no code exists that identifies a bilateral service as bilateral, you may bill the component code with modifier 50. MC follows the same billing process as CMS and AHCCCS when billing for bilateral procedures. Services should be billed on one line reporting one code with a 50 modifier.

**Modifier 51 – Multiple Procedures** – When multiple procedures, other than E/M services, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation services or provision of supplies (e.g., vaccines) are performed at the same session by the same individual, the primary procedure or service may be reported as listed. The additional procedure(s) or service(s) may be identified by appending modifier 51 to the additional procedure or service code(s). Note: This modifier should not be appended to designated “add-on” codes. MC follows multiple surgical reduction rules and it’s important to know when this is needed.
Providers should list the principal procedure on the first line of the CMS 1500 (02/12) claim form and list the secondary surgeries on subsequent lines with modifier 51, unless the code is an add-on code.

- The principal procedure is reimbursed at 100% of the provider’s contracted rate or billed charges, whichever is less.
- Each secondary surgical procedure is reimbursed at 50% of the provider’s contracted rate or billed charges, whichever is less.

If a claim is received without modifiers to indicate secondary procedures, MC’s bundling system, ClaimCheck, identifies the first procedure on the claim as the principal procedure.

All other surgical procedures, if identified as part of multiple surgical reduction, will have the 51-modifier appended to it and paid at 50% of the provider’s contracted amount or billed charge, whichever is less.

**Modifier 57 – Decision for Surgery** – This must be attached to an Evaluation and Management code when a decision for surgery has been made. MC follows CMS guidelines regarding whether the Evaluation and Management will be payable based on the global surgical period. CMS guidelines found in the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 12 – Physicians/Nonphysician Practitioners indicate:

> “Carriers pay for an evaluation and management service on the day of or on the day before a procedure with a 90-day global surgical period if the physician uses CPT modifier "-57" to indicate that the service resulted in the decision to perform the procedure. Carriers may not pay for an evaluation and management service billed with the CPT modifier "-57" if it was provided on the day of or the day before a procedure with a 0 or 10-day global surgical period.”

**EP Modifier – Service provided as part of a Medicaid early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment [EPSDT] program** – must be appended to CPT code 96110 to receive additional developmental screening tool payment. For additional information please refer to Chapter 3 – Early Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT).

**SL Modifier – State Supplied Vaccine** – If a vaccine is provided through the VFC program, the SL modifier must be added to both the vaccine code and the vaccine
administration code. For additional information please refer to 3.4 – Vaccine for Children Program.

**Modifier AS – Assistant Surgeon** - Per coding standards and guidelines, modifier 80 (Assistant Surgeon) has been end dated as of 03/31/2015 by both AHCCCS and CMS for the following provider types:

- 09 - certified nurse midwife
- 19 – registered nurse practitioner
- 18 - physician’s assistant
- 82 – surgical first assistant

These provider types are to use the modifier AS. For all other provider types, an 80 modifier (Assistant Surgeon) is appropriate to use for claims meeting Assistant Surgeon criteria.

**Modifier GC – Service has been performed in part by a resident under the direction of a teaching physician** -

**Correct Use**

- Append to service that has been completed by a resident in a teaching facility under direction and supervision of a teaching physician.
  - Medicare does not pay for any service furnished by a medical student as defined in Internet Only Manual (IOM), Claims Processing Manual 100-04, Chapter 12, Section 100.
- Append in second modifier field when supervising/teaching anesthesiologist is involved in two concurrent anesthesiology cases with one resident (or “fellow”), he/she may bill usual base units and time for amount of time present with resident throughout pre, intra, and post anesthesia care.

**Incorrect Use**

- Append to service when teaching physician is not involved with any part of care.

**Teaching Physician Documentation**

Teaching physicians shall personally document that they performed the service or were physically present during key or critical portions of the service and their participation in the management of the patient. The physician is able to refer to the resident’s documentation, however, a statement by the attending (teaching) physician is required and must include essential and independent documentation to tie into the resident’s documentation. Without such documentation, no reimbursement can be made.
Examples

- Acceptable
  - Patient become hypoxic and hypotensive. I spent 4 minutes while the patient was in this condition, providing fluids, pressor drugs and oxygen. I reviewed the resident’s assessment and plan of care.

- Unacceptable
  - I saw the patient and agree with the resident.

### Modifier Rates and Fee Schedule

Mercy Care’s fee schedules are large as they contain both AHCCCS’ and Mercy Care’s fee schedules. There are certain modifiers that affect payment and imply a percentage rate payable for the service. Our claims system applies these percentage rates when billed with these modifier codes. This percentage is used industry-wide and includes the following basic information.

Here are the codes that will always pay a percentage but are not visible in our fee schedules:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modifier</th>
<th>Pay Percent</th>
<th>Modifier Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-50</td>
<td>150.00</td>
<td>Bilateral procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-51</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>Multiple procedures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-54</td>
<td>80.00</td>
<td>Surgical care -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-55</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>Postoperative management only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-62</td>
<td>62.50</td>
<td>Two surgeons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-66</td>
<td>33.00</td>
<td>Surgical team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-78</td>
<td>80.00</td>
<td>Unplanned Return to the Operating/Procedure Room by the Same</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-80</td>
<td>20.00</td>
<td>Assistant surgeon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-81</td>
<td>20.00</td>
<td>Minimum assistant surgeon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-82</td>
<td>20.00</td>
<td>Assistant Surgeon (when qualified resident surgeon not available)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Reference (Outside) Laboratory
-90 70.00

### Physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurses
-AS 20.00

### X-ray taken using film
-FX 80.00

### X-ray taken using computed radiography technology/cassette-b
-FY 93.00

### Drug amount discarded/not administered to any patient
-JW 0.01

### Surgical or other invasive procedure on wrong body part
-PA 0.01

### Surgical or other invasive procedure on wrong patient
-PB 0.01

### Wrong surgery or other invasive procedure on patient
-PC 0.01

### Medical direction of two, three or four concurrent anesthesiologists
-QK 50.00

### CRNA service: with medical direction by a physician
-QX 50.00

### Medical direction of one Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist
-QY 50.00

### Two patients served
-UN 50.00

### Three patients served
-UP 33.33

### Secondary Surgery (pay 50PCT) (3rd Procedure)
-Z3 25.00

Please refer to your Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or HCPCS Volume II manual for further detail on all modifier usage.

**1.10 – Resubmission Process**

Providers have 12 months from the date of service to request a resubmission or reconsideration of a claim, otherwise it will be denied for timely filing. A request for review or reconsideration of a claim does not constitute a claim dispute.
Providers may resubmit a claim that:
- Was originally denied because of missing documentation, incorrect coding, etc.
- Was incorrectly paid or denied because of processing errors.

When filing resubmissions or reconsiderations, please include the following information:
- Use the Resubmission Form located under the Forms section of MC’s website.
- An updated copy of the claim. All lines must be rebilled or a copy of the original claim (reprint or copy is acceptable) must be submitted.
- A copy of the remittance advice on which the claim was denied or incorrectly paid.
- Any additional documentation required.
- A brief note describing requested correction.
- Clearly label as “Resubmission” or “Reconsideration” at the top of the claim in black ink and mail to appropriate claims address.

Resubmissions and reconsiderations can be submitted electronically, however, we are unable to accept electronic attachments at this time.

If billing a resubmission electronically, you must submit with:
- Professional Claims - A status indicator of 7 in the submission form location and the Original Claim ID field needs to be filled out.
- Facilities – In the Bill Type field, the last number of the 3-digit code should be a 7.

If you need to submit attachments to your resubmission claims, please submit by paper, as we currently do not accept attachments. This is currently under testing and we will let you know when it is available.

When submitting paper resubmissions, failure to mail and accurately label the resubmission or reconsideration to the correct address will cause the claim to deny as a duplicate.

1.11 – Recoupments
The recoupment of a claim may occur from time to time when needed.

Adjustments to Claims
Any time a claim requires adjustment, our claims system will reverse the original claim and repay on a secondary claim. The difference in payment between these two claims is what you will be paid on your remit. There may be times where the difference in payments results in the provider owing us monies, rather than MC owing additional monies to the provider. This is referred to as a negative balance. Any negative balances will be carried over to the next check.
run and offset by new claims that are submitted from the provider. Please always refer to the upper right-hand corner summary box of your remit for this important information. The Ending Balance section will be the indicator to let you know that you have a negative balance.

Remits may be accessed through Mercy Care Web Portal or the Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal. Please refer to section 1.3 – Electronic Tools and Mercy Care Web Portal in this document for more information.

We recommend that providers wait until all negative balances are recouped before they start to reconcile their AP system.

**Recoupment Reasons**
Recoupments may occur for the following reasons (this list is not all inclusive but contains most common reasons):

- Encounter errors from AHCCCS requiring a corrected claim from the provider.
- Provider billing errors.
- Claims processing or provider set-up errors in our system.
- Inadequate and untimely notification to MC of changes by the provider such as:
  - New ownership
  - Change in Tax ID
  - New physicians with new NPIs
If you have a large negative remit and are in agreement with the amounts, it is best to send us a check for the overpayment. Once received, we will credit this in, which will reduce your negative balance back to zero.

1.12 – Overpayments
Under Section 6402 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act it states:

“Section 6402 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) amends the Social Security Act (SSA) to include a variety of Medicare and Medicaid program integrity provisions that enhance the federal government’s ability to discover and prosecute provider fraud, waste, and abuse. Among the provisions that may have a significant impact on States are newly imposed requirements for health care providers to report any overpayments from Medicaid and Medicare.

Under a new Section 1128J(d) of the SSA, any provider of services or supplies under Medicaid or Medicare must report and return “overpayments,” which the statute defines as “any funds that a person receives or retains under either program “to which the person, after applicable reconciliation, was not entitled.” A “person” is defined as “a provider of services, supplier, Medicaid managed care organization..., Medicare Advantage organization..., or [Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Plan] sponsor.” PPACA § 6402(a). It does not include a beneficiary.

The overpayment must be returned within 60 days from the date the overpayment was “identified,” or by the date any corresponding cost report was due, whichever is later. This provision of the law became effective May 22, 2010.

In order to properly return an overpayment, the individual who has received an overpayment must:

return the payment to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services(Secretary), the State, an intermediary, a carrier, or a contractor, as appropriate, at the correct address; and notify the Secretary, State, intermediary, carrier, or contractor to whom the overpayment was returned the reason for the overpayment in writing.

Failure to return an overpayment has severe consequences. If an overpayment is retained beyond the 60-day deadline, PPACA Section 6402 makes clear that it will be
considered an “obligation” under the FCA. As amended by the Fraud Enforcement Recovery Act of 2009 (FERA), the FCA subjects a person to a fine and treble damages if he or she knowingly conceals or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an “obligation” to pay money to the federal government. PPACA treats Medicaid and Medicare overpayments alike in stating that failing to refund an overpayment will be considered an “obligation” under the FCA."

Whether an overpayment is identified directly by the provider or an overpayment request letter is sent to the provider by MC, the refund along with any supporting documentation should be sent to:

Mercy Care
Attention: Finance Department
P.O. Box 90640
Phoenix, AZ 85066

1.13 – Medical Necessity Reviews
MC medical directors conduct medical review for each case with the potential for denial of medical necessity. The CRN (inpatient) or the prior authorization nurse (outpatient) reviews the documentation for evidence of medical necessity according to established criteria. When the criteria are not met, the case is referred to an MC medical director. The medical director reviews the documentation, discusses the case with the nurse and may call the attending or referring physician for more information. The requesting physician may be asked to submit additional information. Based on the discussion with the physician or additional documentation submitted, the medical director will decide to approve, deny, modify, reduce, suspend or terminate an existing or pending service.

**Important to Note:** Medical Necessity reviews do not take the place of obtaining Prior Authorization when required.

Utilization management decisions are based only upon appropriateness of care and service. MC does not reward practitioners, or other individuals involved in utilization review, for issuing denials of coverage or service. The decision to deny a service request will only be made by a physician.

For inpatient denials, hospital staff is verbally notified when MC is stopping payment. The hospital will receive written notification with the effective date of termination of payment or reduction in level of care. The attending or referring physician may dispute the finding of the
medical director informally by phone or formally in writing. If the finding of the medical director is disputed, a formal claim dispute may be filed according to the established MC claim dispute process.

There may be times where a medical necessity review is requested by the provider following the denial of a claim. In those cases, a request for a medical necessity review, along with appropriate documentation supporting medical necessity should be submitted through the claim’s resubmission process. The claims will be forwarded to our clinical staff for further review. If medical necessity is established for the claim, the claim will be reprocessed for payment.

1.14 – Claim Disputes

MC Claim Disputes

A claim dispute is a dispute involving the payment of a claim, denial of a claim, imposition of a sanction, or reinsurance. A provider may file a claim dispute based on:

- Claim Denial
- Recoupment
- Dissatisfaction with Claims Payment

Important to Note: Claim denials for services that require prior authorization will not be overturned if services were not properly prior authorized prior to claim submission.

Before a provider initiates a claims dispute, the following needs to occur:

- The claim dispute process should only be used after other attempts to resolve the matter have failed, i.e., through the resubmission process.
- The provider should contact the Claims Inquiry Claims Research (CICR) department and/or Provider Relations to seek additional information prior to initiating a claim dispute.
- The provider must follow all applicable laws, policies and contractual requirements when filing.
- According to the Arizona Revised Statute, Arizona Administrative Code and AHCCCS guidelines, all claim disputes related to a claim for system covered services must be filed in writing and received by the administration or the prepaid capitated provider or program contractor:
  - Within 12 months after the date of service.
  - Within 12 months after the date that eligibility is posted.
  - Or within 60 days after the date of the denial of a timely claim submission, whichever is later.
You may submit your claim dispute in writing through the mail or send electronically to us through fax. Not only do we now have the ability to receive disputes by fax, but we can also respond back to our providers via fax, allowing you to receive faster decisions. If you choose to send via fax, please fax your disputes to (602) 431-7443, (602) 453-6098, or Toll-Free (800) 624-3879.

Written claim disputes must be submitted to the MC Appeals Department. Please include all supporting documentation with the initial claim dispute submission. The claim dispute must specifically state the factual and legal basis for the relief requested, along with copies of any supporting documentation, such as remittance advice(s), medical records or claims. Failure to specifically state the factual and legal basis may result in denial of the claim dispute.

MC will acknowledge a claim dispute request within five (5) business days after receipt. If a provider does not receive an acknowledgement letter within five (5) business days, the provider must contact the Appeals Department. Once received, the claim dispute will be reviewed, and a decision will be rendered within 30 days after receipt. MCP may request an extension of up to 45 days, if necessary. If you are submitting via mail, the claim dispute, including all supporting documentation, should be sent to:

Mercy Care
Appeals Department
4500 E. Cotton Center Blvd.
Phoenix, AZ 85040

If a provider disagrees with the MC Notice of Decision, the provider may request a State Fair Hearing. The request for State Fair Hearing must be filed in writing no later than 30 days after receipt of the Notice of Decision. Please clearly state “State Fair Hearing Request” on your correspondence. All State Fair Hearing Requests must be sent in writing to the follow address:

Mercy Care
Appeals Department
Attention: Hearing Coordinator
4500 E. Cotton Center Blvd.
Phoenix, AZ 85040
It’s important to note that once a claim is disputed through this process, it can no longer go through the resubmission process. It must go through the next step, which is for State Fair Hearing.

**MCA Claim Disputes**
Contracted providers with MCA do not have Claim Dispute rights. They must submit claims that they are disputing through the resubmission process.

**1.15 – Diagnosis Coding**
Industrywide, effective October 1, 2015, the ICD-9 code sets used to report medical diagnoses and inpatient procedures were replaced by ICD-10 code sets.

**Manifestation Codes**
There are certain diagnosis codes, called manifestation codes that cannot be billed as the primary diagnosis. Manifestation codes describe the manifestation of an underlying disease, not the disease itself, and therefore should not be used as a principal diagnosis.

MC’s system will deny a claim where a manifestation code is billed as the primary diagnosis code. For a listing of specific manifestation codes, please reference the CMS [ICD-10 Dx Edit Code Lists](#) document. ICD-10 manifestation codes are listed on page 133 – 137.

**1.16 – National Drug Code Claim Requirements**
MC follows all AHCCCS guidance regarding the provider’s responsibility to bill NDC as follows:

The billing requirements for drugs administered in outpatient clinical settings are in accordance with and support of the Federal Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, which mandates that all providers submit the National Drug Code (NDC) on all claims with procedure codes for physician-administered drugs in outpatient clinical settings. These services are currently represented on submitted claims by the use of the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes.

**Background**
The Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (DRA) included new provisions regarding State collection of data for the purpose of collecting Medicaid drug rebates from drug manufacturers for physician-administered drugs. Section 6002 of the DRA adds section 1927(a)(7) to the Social Security Act to require States to collect rebates on physician-administered drugs. In order for Federal Financial Participation (FFP) to be available for these drugs, the State must provide collection and submission of utilization data in order to secure rebates. Since there are often
several NDCs linked to a single HCPCS code, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) deem that the use of NDC numbers is critical to correctly identify the drug and manufacturer in order to invoice and collect the rebates.

**NDC Definition**
The National Drug Code (NDC) is the number which identifies a drug. The NDC number consists of 11 digits in a 5-4-2 format. The first 5 digits identify the labeler code representing the manufacturer of the drug and are assigned by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The next 4 digits identify the specific drug product and are assigned by the manufacturer. The last 2 digits define the product package size and are also assigned by the manufacturer. Some packages will display less than 11 digits, but leading “0’s” can be assumed and need to be used when billing. For example:

\[
\begin{align*}
XXXX-XXXX-XX & = 0XXXX-XXXX-XX XXXX- \\
XXX-XX & = XXXXX-0XXX-XX XXXX-XXXX-X \\
& = XXXXX-XXXX-0X
\end{align*}
\]

The NDC is found on the drug container, i.e. vial, bottle, tube. The NDC submitted to MC must be the actual NDC number on the package or container from which the medication was administered. Claims may not be submitted for one manufacturer when a different manufacturer’s product was administered. It is considered a fraudulent billing practice to bill using an NDC other than the one assigned to the drug administered.

When submitting a Medicaid claim for administering a drug, providers must submit the 11-digit NDC without dashes or spaces between the numbers. Claims submitted with NDCs in any other configuration may fail.

**Providers of “physician-administered” drugs**
Providers of “physician-administered” drugs include any AHCCCS registered provider whose license and scope of practice permits the administration of drugs, such as a medical doctor (MD), Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (DO), Nurse Practitioner (NP), Physician Assistant (PA), Ambulatory Surgery Centers (ASCs), Hospital Outpatient Clinic/Services and Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNFs).

**Exception:** IHS/tribally operated 638 facilities reimbursed at the federally the published all-inclusive rate.

**HCPCS codes and CPT codes that will require the NDC information on the claim submission**
Drugs billed using HCPCS codes include:
- C, J, Q and S codes as applicable.
- Some A codes require NDC information while others do not.
- “Not otherwise classified” (NOC) and “Not otherwise specified” (NOS) drug codes (e.g., J3490, J9999, and C9399).
- CPT codes, 90281-90399 for immune globulins.
- CPT codes 90476-90749 for vaccines and toxoids.

In order to comply with this mandate, providers must do the following:
- Providers must submit a valid 11-digit NDC when billing a HCPCS drug or CPT procedure code as defined above.
- The qualifier "N4" must be entered in front of the 11-digit NDC. The NDC will be submitted on the same detail line as the CPT/HCPCS drug procedure code in the pink shaded area.

Revenue Center Codes affected

To support the NDC claims submission requirements, the following Revenue Center Codes may require a CPT or HCPCS code for administration of the drug and reporting of the specific NDC and quantity:
- 0250-259
- 0262
- 0263
- 0331
- 0332
- 0335
- 0634-0637

NDC quantity to be billed and claims elements required

NDC units are based on the numeric quantity administered to the patient and the unit of measurement. The actual metric decimal quantity administered and the unit of measurement is required for billing. If reporting a fraction, use a decimal point. The units of measurement codes are as follows:
- NDC of the drug administered as described above.
- NDC Unit of Measure:
  - F2 = International Unit.
  - GR = Gram - usually for products such as ointments, creams, inhalers, or bulk.
    - This unit of measure is typically used in the retail pharmacy setting.
  - ML = Milliliter - for drugs that come in vials which are in liquid form.
UN = Unit (each) - for unit of use preparations, generally those that must be reconstituted prior to administration.

- Quantity administered equals number of NDC units.

**Note:** Provider must also continue to submit Revenue Codes, HCPCS Codes and related service units in addition to the required NDC information.

**HCPCS to NDC quantity conversion examples:**

**Note:** Payment is based on the quantity of J codes units administered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS</th>
<th>NDC</th>
<th>QUANTITY CONVERSION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J9305</td>
<td>00002762301</td>
<td>HCPCS code is per 10 mg and the product comes as a dry powder injection 500mg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NDC units are “each vial”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dose was 100 mg, for example</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>HCPCS quantity = 10 and the NDC quantity = 100/500 = 0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Enter: N400002762301 UN0.2 on the [CMS 1500 (02/12)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J3110</td>
<td>00002897101</td>
<td>HCPCS code is for 10mcg and the product comes as 250mdg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NDC units are ml. Dose was 750 mcg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>HCPCS quantity = 75 and the NDC quantity =3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Enter: N400002897101 ML3 on the [CMS 1500 (02/12)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J1745</td>
<td>57894003001</td>
<td>HCPCS code is for 10 mg and product comes as 100mg powder for injection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NDC units are “each vial”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dose was 200 mg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>HCPCS quantity = 20 (20 X 10mg) = 200mg and the NDC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
quantity is 2. This is true even if the dry powder was reconstituted to 20 ml.

Enter: N457894003001 UN2 on the **CMS 1500 (02/12)**.

**Paper Billing Instructions**

All institutional (UB04/837I) and professional (CMS-1500/837P) claims must include the following information:

- NDC and unit of measurement for the drug billed;
- HCPCS/CPT code and units of service for the drug billed; and
- The actual metric decimal quantity administered.

**UB04 Claim Form**

To report the NDC on the UB04 claim form, enter the following information into the Form Locator 43 (Revenue Code Description):

- The NDC Qualifier of N4 in the first 2 positions on the left side of the field.
- The NDC 11-digit numeric code, without hyphens.
- The NDC Unit of Measurement Qualifier (as listed above).
- The NDC quantity, administered amount, with up to three decimal places (i.e., 1234.456). Any unused spaces are left blank.

The information in the Revenue Description field is 24 characters in length and is entered without delimiters, such as commas or hyphens.

- Form Locator 44 (HCPCS/Rate/HIPPS code): Enter the corresponding HCPCS code associated with the NDC.
- Form Locator 46 (Serv Units/HCPCS Units): Enter the number of HCPCS units administered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>42. REV. CD.</th>
<th>43. DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>44. HCPCS/RATES</th>
<th>46. SERV. UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0250</td>
<td>N400074115278 ML10</td>
<td>J1642</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CMS 1500 (02/12) Claim Form**

To report the NDC on the **CMS 1500 (02/12)** claim form, enter the following information:
In Field 24A of the CMS 1500 (02/12) form in the shaded area, enter the NDC Qualifier of 4 in the first 2 positions, followed by the 11-digit NDC (no dashes or spaces) and then a space and the NDC Units of Measure Qualifier, followed by the NDC Quantity. All should be left justified in the pink shaded area above the Date of Service.

The billed units in column G (Days or Units) should reflect the HCPCS units and not the NDC units. Billing should not be based off the units of the NDC. Billing based on the NDC units may result in underpayment to the provider.

Example of CMS 1500 (02/12) Paper Claims

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<table>
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<td>24</td>
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<td>B</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>DATE(S) OF SERVICE</td>
<td>Place of Service</td>
<td>EMG</td>
<td>PROCEDURE, SERVICES, OR SUPPLIES (Explain Unusual Circumstances)</td>
<td>CPT/HCPCS</td>
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<td>From</td>
<td>To</td>
<td>MM</td>
<td>DD</td>
<td>YY</td>
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Note: Submission of multiple NDCs per HCPCS is not allowed.
Electronic Billing Instructions

837 Claims Submission for NDC:

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<tr>
<th>Loop</th>
<th>Segment</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
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<tr>
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<td>LIN02</td>
<td>Prod/Serv ID Qualifer</td>
<td>A value of “N4” is expected.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2410</td>
<td>LIN03</td>
<td>Prod/Service ID</td>
<td>An 11-digit NDC number is expected and will be mapped to CPD NDC Prod/Service ID</td>
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<td>2410/2400</td>
<td>CTP04/SV104</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>The quantity is expected and will be mapped to CPD NDC Quantity. If the unit price on segment CTP03 is different than the unit price on the SV102, then map CTP04; otherwise map SV104.</td>
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<td>2410/2400</td>
<td>CTP05/SV103</td>
<td>Composite Unit of Measure</td>
<td>The composite unit of measure is expected and will be mapped to CPD NDC Composite Unit of Measure. If the unit price on segment CTP03 is different than the unit price on the SV203, then map CTP04; otherwise map SV103.</td>
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Note: Submission of multiple NDCs per HCPCS is not allowed.

Remittance Advice if NDC is Submitted Incorrectly
If the NDC billing information is missing or invalid, claims may fail. The claim will need to be resubmitted with the required NDC information and/or correct number of units within the time allowed for potential payment.

For Your Information: Vendor software submitters please check with your vendor to ensure your software will be able to capture the criteria necessary to submit the 837 with the required NDC information.

Please Note: Claims lines billed with an inappropriate NDC or no NDC when required will result in a denial from Mercy Care.

1.17 – Unlisted and Non-Specific CPT and HCPCS Codes Subject to Prepayment Review
MC lines of business has changed the way unlisted and non-specific CPT and HCPCS codes are reviewed and paid.

With a few exceptions listed below, these codes will no longer be managed through the prior authorization process. They will be managed By Report at the time of claim.
submission. That is, records supporting the use of these codes must be submitted with the claim. These claims will pend to our AMA Edit Team who will review for:

- Experimental/Investigational status per relevant Clinical Policy Bulletins
- Medical necessity applying relevant criteria
- Assignment of a more appropriate specific code if one exists
- Approval to pay as submitted

Codes not included in the process change are:

- 41899 - General Anesthesia for dental procedures - Prior Authorization Required
- E1399 and K0108 - wheelchair components and services - Prior Authorization Required
- 90999 - unlisted dialysis procedure - Prior Authorization Required
- Unlisted J codes - Prior Authorization Required

Below please find our Unlisted and Non-Specific CPT and HCPCS codes subject to pre-payment review:

### Unlisted and Non-specific CPT and HCPCS Codes Subject to Prepayment Review

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<td>A9900</td>
<td>DME SUP/ACCESS/SRV-COMPON/OTH HCPCS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A9999</td>
<td>MISCELLANEOUS DME SUPPLY OR ACCESSORY NOS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>B9998</td>
<td>NOC FOR ENTERAL SUPPLIES</td>
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<tr>
<td>B9999</td>
<td>NOC FOR PARENTERAL SUPPLIES</td>
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<tr>
<td>C9399</td>
<td>UNCLASSIFIED DRUGS OR BIOLOGICALS</td>
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<td>E0676</td>
<td>INTERMITTENT LIMB COMPRESSION DEVICE NOS</td>
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<td>E1229</td>
<td>WHEELCHAIR PEDIATRIC SIZE NOS</td>
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<td>DIALYSIS EQUIPMENT NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</td>
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<td>ACCESSORY FOR SPEECH GENERATING DEVICE NOC</td>
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<td>H0047</td>
<td>ALCOHOL AND/OR OTHER DRUG ABUSE SERVICES NOS</td>
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<td>K0462</td>
<td>TEMP REPL PT OWNED EQUIP BEING REPR ANY TYPE</td>
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<td>K0899</td>
<td>PWR MOBILITY DVC NOT CODED DME PDAC/NOT MEET CRIT</td>
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<td>L0999</td>
<td>ADD TO SPINAL ORTHOTIC NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</td>
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<td>SPINAL ORTHOTIC NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L2999</td>
<td>LOWER EXTREMITY ORTHOSES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</td>
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<td>L3649</td>
<td>ORTHOPED SHOE MODIFICATION ADDITION/TRANSFER NOS</td>
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<td>L3999</td>
<td>LOWER EXTREMITY PROSTHESIS NOS</td>
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<tr>
<td>L7499</td>
<td>UPPER EXTREMITY PROSTHESIS NOS</td>
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<tr>
<td>L8499</td>
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<td>Q4050</td>
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<td>Q4082</td>
<td>DRUG OR BIOLOGICAL NOC PART B DRUG CAP</td>
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<td>Q4100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Q5009</td>
<td>HOSPICE/HOME HEALTH CARE PROVIDED IN PLACE NOS</td>
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<td>S5001</td>
<td>PRESCRIPTION DRUG BRAND NAME</td>
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<tr>
<td>S5199</td>
<td>PERSONAL CARE ITEM NOS EACH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S9542</td>
<td>HOME INJ TX NOC W/CARE COORDINATION PER DIEM</td>
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<tr>
<td>S9999</td>
<td>SALES TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T1505</td>
<td>ELECTRONIC MEDICATION COMPLIANCE MANAGE DEVC NOS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T1999</td>
<td>MISC TX ITEMS &amp; SPL RETAIL PURCHASE NOC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5999</td>
<td>SUPPLY NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</td>
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<tr>
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<td>CONTACT LENS OTHER TYPE</td>
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<tr>
<td>V2799</td>
<td>VISION ITEM OR SERVICE MISCELLANEOUS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V5274</td>
<td>ASSISTIVE LEARNING DEVICE NOS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V5299</td>
<td>HEARING SERVICE MISCELLANEOUS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If medical records are not submitted with your claim, the claim will be denied for lack of documentation. You may resubmit the claim with required supporting records.
CHAPTER 2 – PROFESSIONAL CLAIM TYPES BY SPECIALTY

2.0 – Laboratory Services
Sonora Quest Laboratories, a subsidiary of Laboratory Sciences of Arizona, is Mercy Care’s only provider of laboratory services for all lines of business. The Mercy Care Lines of business are as follows:

- Mercy Care Complete Care (MCCC)
- Mercy Care Long Term Care (MCLTC)
- Mercy Care DD (Mercy DD)
- Mercy Care RBHA (Mercy RBHA)
- Mercy Care Advantage (MCA)
- Arizona Department of Child Safety Comprehensive Health Plan (Mercy DCS CHP) – implementation of this line of business effective 4/1/2021

If your practice location does not presently have a relationship with Sonora Quest Laboratories, please contact their Sales Support Department at 602-685-5285. Sonora Quest Laboratories will work closely with your practice to assure a smooth transition takes place. Please feel free to contact Sonora Quest’s website at [http://www.sonoraquest.com/](http://www.sonoraquest.com/) to access current laboratory locations.

Additional requirements for labs are as follows:
- ALL genetic testing requests must be authorized in advance. The prior authorization staff will direct you to the appropriate laboratory service provider for the test that you are requesting.
- Please DO NOT send any MC members or lab specimens drawn in the office to a hospital reference laboratory for services. All laboratory testing can be provided by Sonora Quest Laboratories.
- Since Sonora Quest is Mercy Care’s preferred lab, we only allow the following lab services to be reimbursed in the physician office setting:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Code</th>
<th>CPT Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>81002</td>
<td>Urinalysis, by dip stick or tablet reagent for bilirubin, glucose, hemoglobin ketones, leukocytes, nitrite, pH, protein, specific gravity, urobilinogen, any number of these constituents; non-automated, non-automated, without microscopy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81025</td>
<td>Urine pregnancy test, by visual color comparison methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82270</td>
<td>Blood, occult, by peroxidase activity (e.g., guaiac), qualitative; feces, consecutive collected specimens with single determination, for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82962</td>
<td>Glucose, blood by glucose monitoring device(s) cleared by the FDA specifically for home use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83026</td>
<td>Hemoglobin; by copper sulfate method, non-automated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83036 QW</td>
<td>Hemoglobin; glycosylated (A1C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83037 QW</td>
<td>Hemoglobin; glycosylated (A1C) by device cleared by FDA for home use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83655</td>
<td>Lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83861 QW</td>
<td>Microfluidic analysis utilizing an integrated collection and analysis device, tear osmolarity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85013</td>
<td>Blood count; spun microhematocrit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85014 QW</td>
<td>Blood count; hematocrit (Hct)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85018 QW</td>
<td>Blood count; hemoglobin (Hgb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85610 QW</td>
<td>Prothrombin time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85651</td>
<td>Sedimentation rate, erythrocyte; non-automated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86308 QW</td>
<td>Heterophile antibodies; screening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86328</td>
<td>Immunoassay for infectious agent antibody(ies), qualitative or semiquantitative, single step method (e.g. reagent strip); severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS CoV-2) (coronavirus disease (COVID-19))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86580</td>
<td>Skin test; tuberculosis, intradermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87426 QW</td>
<td>Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay technique, eg, enzyme immunoassay [ELISA], enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay [ELISA], immunochemilumiometric assay [IMCA] qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple-step method; severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus (eg, SARS-CoV, SARS-CoV-2 [COVID-19])</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87210 QW</td>
<td>Smear, primary source with interpretation; wet mount for infectious agents (e.g., saline, India ink, KOH preps)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87804 QW</td>
<td>Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; Influenza</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87880 QW</td>
<td>Infectious agent antigen detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; Streptococcus, group A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.2 - Influenza Guidelines
MC would like to provide you with the latest information regarding influenza vaccine for the current flu season.
You can help your patients reduce their risk for contracting seasonal flu and serious complications by using every office visit or encounter as an opportunity to recommend they take advantage of MC and MCA’s coverage of the annual flu shot.

MC and MCA members have been informed there are several ways they can get their flu shot:

- Visit their PCP.
- Visit a participating pharmacy that offers the flu vaccine, i.e., CVS, Walgreens, Walmart, etc.
- Visit an urgent care facility.
- If the member resides in a Skilled Nursing Facility, the flu shot will be provided directly to the member. Please note that flu shots need to be billed with room and board in order to avoid encounter denials. Claims not billed in this manner will be denied.
- Or call their case manager.

Please always refer to your most recent CPT or HCPCS code guidelines for appropriate billing of claims.

**MCCC, MCLTC, Mercy RBHA, Mercy DD and Mercy DCS CHP Influenza Vaccine Resources**

AHCCCS coverage guidelines for immunizations is in the AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual under 310-M – Immunizations.

**Arizona Vaccine News** is available from the Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS) for current influenza information.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** If the flu vaccine is given as part of the Vaccine for Children’s Program, an SL modifier must be appended to the vaccine code. In addition, administration codes should be billed with 90460-90461 or 90471-90474 codes, not G0008.

For additional information regarding the Vaccine for Children Program, please refer to Section 3.4 – Vaccine for Children Program.

**MCA Influenza Vaccine Resources**

For additional information concerning influenza vaccines, please feel free to refer to the MLN Matters article on the CMS website titled **Vaccine Payment Allowances – Annual Updated for 2021 - 2022.**
2.2 – Synagis Guidelines
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) season typically begins on November 1st of each year and continues through March of the following year. Synagis (palivizumab) injections to prevent RSV may be provided by any provider for MC and submitted with CPT Code 90378 - Respiratory syncytial virus, monoclonal antibody, recombinant, for intramuscular use, 50 mg, each.

Synagis (palivizumab) injections do not require prior authorization.

2.3 – Anesthesia
Anesthesia claims are billed on a 1500 (02-12) form and must include the start and stop time for anesthesia administration, with the total time indicated in the units’ field.

Anesthesia Services Provided in a Physician’s Office
All services provided by a non-participating provider require prior authorization from MC. This includes anesthesia services provided in an office by a non-participating anesthesiologist. While the office where services are rendered may be a participating provider, the non-participating anesthesiologist providing anesthesia services requires prior authorization.

Anesthesia Services Provided in an Inpatient or Outpatient Facility
Anesthesia services are included under the authorization for an inpatient facility or outpatient facility authorization. A separate authorization is not required. If a surgical procedure requiring authorization is not authorized, services will be denied for anesthesia as well.

2.4 – Radiology
eviCore healthcare administers prior authorization services for complex radiology services for MC. Services requiring authorization but performed without authorization may be denied for payment, and you may not seek reimbursement from members.

Prior authorization is required for the following complex radiology services:
- CT/CTA
- MRI/MRA
- PET

Please refer to MC’s Participating Provider Authorization Requirement Search Tool (ProPat) available in our Mercy Care Web Portal or our Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal for the ability to review which services require authorization and which do not. You must have a MC Web Portal login to access this tool.
Services performed in conjunction with an inpatient stay, observation, or emergency room visit are not subject to authorization requirements.

In order to request an authorization from eviCore healthcare, please submit your request online, by phone or by fax to:

- Log onto the [eviCore healthcare Online Web Portal](#).
- Call eviCore healthcare at 888-693-3211.
- Fax an [eviCore healthcare Request Form](#) (available online at the eviCore healthcare Online Web Portal) to 888-693-3210.

**For urgent requests:** If services are required in less than 48 hours due to medically urgent conditions, please call eviCore healthcare’s toll-free number for expedited authorization reviews. Be sure to tell the representative the authorization is for medically urgent care.

eviCore healthcare recommends that ordering physicians secure authorizations and pass the authorization numbers to the rendering facilities at the time of scheduling. eviCore healthcare will communicate authorization decisions by fax to both the ordering physicians and requested facilities. Authorizations contain authorization numbers and one or more CPT codes specific to the services authorized. If the service requested is different than what is authorized, the rendering facility must contact eviCore healthcare for review and authorization prior to claim submission. If not done, this could result in claim denials.

### 2.5 - Obstetrical Billing

**Referrals**

As outlined in the Provider Manual, a woman may self-refer to an OB/GYN for obstetrical care and serves as the member’s PCP while pregnant. A member may also self-refer for gynecological services as well.

Referrals to Maternity Care Health Practitioners may occur in two ways:

- A pregnant member may self-refer to any contracted Maternity Care Practitioner.
- A PCP may refer pregnant members to a contracted Maternity Care Practitioner.

At a minimum, Maternity Care Practitioners must adhere to the following guidelines:

- Coordinate the member’s maternity care needs until completion of the postpartum visits.
- Schedule a minimum of one postpartum visit at approximately six weeks postpartum.
- When necessary, refer members to other practitioners in accordance with the MCP referral policies and procedures.
Schedule return visits for members with uncomplicated pregnancies consistent with the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology standards:

- Through twenty-eight weeks of gestation – once every four weeks
- Between twenty-nine and thirty-six weeks gestation every two weeks
- After the thirty sixth week – once a week
- Schedule first-time appointments within the required time frames
  - Members in first trimester – within seven calendar days
  - Members in third trimester – within three calendar days
  - High-risk Members – within three calendar days of identification or immediately when an emergency condition exists.

**Prior Period Coverage (PPC)**

MC is responsible for reimbursing providers for covered services rendered to recipients during the **Prior Period Coverage (PPC)** time frame. The PPC is the period between the recipients starting date of AHCCCS eligibility and the date of enrollment with a contractor. If the Total OB Package falls within the prior period coverage timeframe, then it is applicable to the Total OB Package reimbursement rules.

**Payment of TOB Package**

MC will reimburse Obstetrics services on a fee for services basis, unless specifically contracted in a different manner. Billing should be in accordance with Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) rules.

The services normally provided in uncomplicated maternity case include antepartum care, delivery and postpartum care. A TOB would normally be billed when a member sees only one OB provider group through the pregnancy and has the same insurance coverage.

A TOB initially starts after a pregnancy diagnosis has been established. Per the American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG), as an example, if a patient presents with signs or symptoms of pregnancy or has had a positive home pregnancy test and is there to confirm pregnancy, this visit may be reported with the appropriate level E/M CPT code. However, if the OB record is initiated at this visit, then the visit becomes part of the TOB package and is not billed separately. If the pregnancy has been confirmed by another physician, you would not bill a confirmation of pregnancy visit.

The confirmation of pregnancy visit is typically a minimal visit that may not involve face to face contact with the physician (for an established patient). The physician may draw blood and
prescribe prenatal vitamins during this initial visit and still report it as a separate E/M service as long as the OB record is not started.

CPT codes used for the TOB package include:

- **59400** – *Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care*
- **59510** – *Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, cesarean delivery, and postpartum care*
- **59610** – *Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care, after previous cesarean delivery*
- **59618** – *Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, cesarean delivery, and postpartum care, following attempted vaginal delivery after previous cesarean delivery*

**Descriptions of Service**
The following descriptions of service and inclusive services come from CPT:

- **Antepartum Care** - includes the initial and subsequent history, physical examinations, recording of weight, blood pressures, fetal heart tones, routine chemical urinalysis and monthly visits up to 28 weeks gestation, biweekly visits to 36 weeks gestation and weekly visits until delivery. Any other visits or services within this time period should be coded separately.
- **Delivery Services** - includes admission to the hospital, the admission history and physical examination, management of uncomplicated labor, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, with or without forceps), or cesarean delivery. When reporting delivery only service (CPT codes 59410, 59515, 59614, or 59622) include delivery services and all inpatient and outpatient postpartum services.
- **Medical Problems** – medical problems complicating labor and delivery management may require additional resources and should be identified by utilizing the codes in the Medicine and Evaluation and Management Services section in CPT, in addition to codes for maternity care.

Medical complications of pregnancy could include:
- Cardiac problems
- Diabetes
- Hyperemesis
- Hypertension
- Neurological problems
Premature rupture of membranes
Pre-term labor
Toxemia
Other medical problems complicating labor and delivery

Surgical complications of pregnancy could include:
- Appendectomy
- Bartholin cyst
- Hernia
- Ovarian Cyst

Other medical complications, i.e., drug abuse
- **Postpartum Care Only Services (59430)** - include office or other outpatient visits following vaginal or cesarean section delivery.

**Multiple Births**
The initial delivery of the first baby will be payable at the appropriate fee for service rate and should be billed with the appropriate CPT delivery code that applies.

Subsequent delivery of each additional baby should be billed with appropriate delivery only code with a 51-modifier appended to each. Those CPT codes are as follows:
- **59409** – Vaginal delivery only (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps)
- **59612** – Vaginal delivery only, after previous cesarean delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps)
- **59514** – Cesarean delivery only
- **59620** – Cesarean delivery only, following attempted vaginal delivery after previous cesarean delivery

The rate payable for each subsequent delivery will be 50% of the allowable amount for the above codes. The only exception to the above is if the provider’s contract specifically addresses a different reimbursement methodology.

**Billing for Multiple Fetal Non-Stress Tests (CPT Code 59025)**
Fetal non-stress tests can be billed with a maximum of two units per visit. AHCCCS does not allow any more than 2 separate fetal non-stress tests per day per fetus. Appropriate billing when 2 separate fetal non stress tests are required is listed below:
- Single pregnancy – no more than 2 units per day
- Twins – no more than 4 units per day
• Triplets – no more than 6 units per day
• Etc.

CPT codes should be billed in the following manner for multiple births to alleviate services being denied as a duplicate (example provided is for twins):

1. Claim line one – 59025 – 1 or 2 (maximum) units
   Claim line two – 59025 – 76 (Repeat Procedure or Service by Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional) – 1 or 2 (maximum) units
   Or
2. Claim line one – 59025 – 1 or 2 (maximum) units
   Claim line two – 59025 – 77 (Repeat Procedure by Another Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional) – 1 or 2 (maximum) units

Total maximum units for the day could be:
• 2 units per line with a total of 4 units per day for twins
• 3 units per line with a total of 6 units per day for triplets
• Etc.

PLEASE NOTE: Claims billing must match medical records. While AHCCCS allows a maximum of 2 units per day, if a physician only performed 1 unit per day per fetus, it must be billed in accordance with services provided by physician.

Broken TOB Package
There may be times when a transfer of care may occur from one provider to another during the course of a pregnancy. If a physician or physician group provides all or part of the antepartum and/or postpartum patient care but does not perform delivery due to a referral to another physician or physician group for delivery, this would be considered a broken TOB package. Those cases require special billing and follow CPT code guidelines as follows:
• For 1 – 3 antepartum care visits, use appropriate E&M CPT code, i.e. 99201 - 99215.
• For 4 – 6 antepartum care visits, use CPT code 59425 – Antepartum care only; 4-6 visits.
• For 7 or more antepartum care visits, use CPT code 59426 – Antepartum care only; 7 or more visits.
• Providers in group practices may not unbundle the global delivery code when a recipient receives OB services from more than one provider in the same group and delivery is performed by a provider in the same group.
Other codes available in CPT that represent broken TOB package include:

**Delivery Only CPT Codes that Include Postpartum Care**

Delivery codes including postpartum care CPT codes are as follows:

- **59410** – *Vaginal delivery only (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps), including postpartum care.*
- **59515** – *Cesarean delivery only; including postpartum care.*
- **59614** – *Vaginal delivery only, after previous cesarean delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps); including postpartum care.*
- **59622** – *Cesarean delivery only, following attempted vaginal deliver after previous cesarean delivery; including postpartum care.*

**Delivery Only CPT Codes**

The following CPT codes will be billed if provider is only billing for delivery services:

- **59409** – *Vaginal delivery only (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps).*
- **59514** – *Cesarean delivery only.*
- **59612** – *Vaginal delivery only, after previous cesarean delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps).*
- **59620** – *Cesarean delivery only following attempted vaginal delivery after previous cesarean delivery.*

**Postpartum Care Only CPT Code**

A provider billing for postpartum care only should bill code **59430** – *Postpartum care only (separate procedure).*

If the provider only billed a portion of the global routine obstetric care, the service is reported with codes that describe that portion of the service as delivery only or postpartum care only, based on the delivery method.

Authorization is no longer required for the TOB package.

Please refer to MC’s secure web portal, Mercy Care Web Portal or the Mercy Care RBHA Web Portal, under the Mercy Care PA Search Tool for additional prior authorization guidelines for each plan.
**Appropriate Claim Billing Examples**

A change was made to AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual under Chapter 400 under the section titled Maternity Care Provider Requirements that requires a change in how providers bill their services on a claim. The change states:

“3. All maternity care providers will ensure that:
   f. All prenatal and postpartum visits are recorded on claims forms to the Contractor regardless of the payment methodology used.”

Based on this, MC will require that you bill in the following manner:

**Example 1: TOB Package Claims**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates of Service</th>
<th>Place of Service</th>
<th>Procedures, Services or Supplies</th>
<th>$ Charges</th>
<th>Days or Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>From</td>
<td>To</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/19/2013</td>
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<td>11</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>99213</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/14/2013</td>
<td>5/14/2013</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>99213</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>7/9/2013</td>
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<td>9/24/2013</td>
<td>9/24/2013</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>99213</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
All pre- and post-natal care information is necessary in order for MC to report these required statistics to AHCCCS. No dollar amount is billed for the pre- and post-natal dates, as payment is included in the delivery. Only the delivery CPT code would have a billed amount.

Please Note: MC will pay obstetrical claims upon receipt of claim after delivery and will not postpone payment for inclusion of the postpartum visit. Postpartum services must be provided to members within 60 days of delivery utilizing a separate “zero-dollar” claim for the postpartum visit.

**Example 2: Broken OB Package Claims**

**Initial Provider** – Services provided for greater than 7 visits for antepartum care.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates of Service</th>
<th>Place of Service</th>
<th>Procedures, Services or Supplies</th>
<th>$ Charges</th>
<th>Days or Units</th>
</tr>
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<td>9/10/2013</td>
<td>11</td>
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</table>
Second Provider – Patient was out of town and a different doctor not in the same practice delivered the baby and is providing postpartum care.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates of Service</th>
<th>Place of Service</th>
<th>Procedures, Services or Supplies</th>
<th>$ Charges</th>
<th>Days or Units</th>
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All pre- and post-natal care information is necessary in order for MC to report these required statistics to AHCCCS. No dollar amount is billed for the pre- and post-natal dates, as payment is included in the specific CPT code. Only the CPT code for the type of OB package being billed would have a billed amount.

In every broken OB package type, both post-and pre-natal care information needs to be billed in the same manner as the above examples.

Please Note: MC will pay obstetrical claims upon receipt of claim after delivery and will not postpone payment for inclusion of the postpartum visit. Postpartum services must be provided to members within 60 days of delivery utilizing a separate “zero-dollar” claim for the postpartum visit.

Important Note: When billing via a paper claim, the total amount of the claim should be listed on the last page, along with the service that generates payment.

Maternal/Fetal – High Risk Pregnancy
A member may be referred to a maternal/fetal specialist at any time either due to a high-risk pregnancy or as a high-risk medical complication of pregnancy develops. All services provided by a maternal/fetal specialist are paid on a fee for service basis outside of the TOB.
2.6 – Physical, Occupational and Speech Therapy

Physical Therapy (PT)

PT is medically ordered treatments to restore, maintain or improve muscle tone, joint mobility, or physical function and to attain or acquire a particular skill or function never learned or acquired and maintain that function once acquired, per A.R.S. §32-2001.

MC covers medically necessary PT services for members in an inpatient or outpatient setting, when services are ordered by the member’s PCP/attending physician as follows:

- Inpatient PT services are covered for all members who are receiving inpatient care at a hospital, nursing facility or custodial care facility.
- Outpatient
  - Outpatient PT services are covered for members under the age of 21 when medically necessary.
  - Outpatient PT services are covered for adult members, 21 years of age and older (Acute and ALTCS) as specified in A.A.C. R9-22-215 and A.A.C. R9-28-206 as follows:
    - 15 PT visits per benefit year for the purpose of restoring a skill or level of function and maintaining that skill or level of function once restored, and
    - 15 PT visits per benefit year for the purpose of acquiring a new skill or a new level of function and maintaining that level of function once acquired.
      - Medically necessary PT for above visit limitations may be provided in the same contract year but the limits still apply.
      - There are some procedure codes that may apply to both 15 visit limitations.
      - MC must ensure visits are approved as required in this policy.
      - For members under MCA, Medicare cost sharing and outpatient therapy limits apply.
      - A visit is considered to be PT services received in one day.

- Outpatient settings include, but are not limited to:
  - Therapy clinics,
  - Outpatient hospitals units,
  - FQHCs, physicians’ offices, and
  - Home health settings.

- PT services shall be provided by a qualified Physical Therapist or by a qualified individual under the supervision of Physical Therapist within their scope of
practice, and consistent with A.R.S. Title 32, Chapter 19 and ADHS administrative rules, 4 A.A.C. Chapter 24.

- Outpatient PT is not covered as a maintenance regimen. Authorized treatment services include, but are not limited to:
  - The administration and interpretation of tests and measurements performed within the scope of practice of PT as an aid to the member’s treatment,
  - The administration, evaluation and modification of treatment methodologies and instruction, and
  - The provision of instruction or education, consultation and other advisory services.

**Occupational Therapy (OT)**

OT is medically ordered treatments to improve or restore functions which have been impaired by illness or injury, or which have been permanently lost, or reduced by illness of injury, or to attain or acquire a particular skill or function never learned or acquired and maintain that function once acquired. OT is intended to improve the member’s ability to perform those tasks required for independent functioning, per A.R.S. §32-3401.

MC covers medically necessary OT services provided to all members who are receiving inpatient care at a hospital, nursing facility, and custodial care facility when services are ordered by the member’s PCP/attending physician. Inpatient OT consists of evaluation and therapy.

Outpatient OT services are a MC covered benefit, when medically necessary as described below:

- Outpatient OT services are covered for ALTCS members and members under the age of 21, when medically necessary.
- Outpatient OT services are covered for Acute members, 21 years of age and older as follows:
  - 15 OT visits per benefit year for the purpose of **restoring** a skill or level of function and **maintaining** that skill or level of function once restored, and
  - 15 OT visits per benefit year for the purpose of **acquiring** a new skill or a new level of function and **maintaining** that skill or level of function once acquired.

  - Medically necessary OT for both of above may be provided in the same contract year but the 15 visit limits for each OT category above applies.
  - There are some procedure codes that may apply to both visits listed above. MC must ensure visits are approved as required in this policy.
• For MC members who are also Medicare beneficiaries, Medicare cost sharing and the outpatient therapy limits apply.

• A visit is considered to be OT services received in one day. Outpatient settings include, but are not limited to:
  o Therapy clinics,
  o Outpatient hospitals units,
  o FQHCs, physicians’ offices, and
  o Home health settings.

• OT services must be provided by a qualified Occupational Therapist or by a qualified individual under the supervision of an Occupational Therapist within their scope of practice, and consistent with A.R.S. Title 32, Chapter 34 and ADHS administrative rules, 4 A.A.C. Chapter 43.

• OT services may include, but are not limited to:
  o Cognitive training,
  o Exercise modalities,
  o Hand dexterity,
  o Hydrotherapy,
  o Joint protection,
  o Manual exercise,
  o Measuring, fabrication or training in use of prosthesis, arthrosis, assistive device or splint,
  o Perceptual motor testing and training,
  o Reality orientation,
  o Restoration of activities of daily living,
  o Sensory reeducation, and
  o Work simplification and/or energy conservation.

**Speech Therapy (ST)**

ST is the medically ordered provision of diagnostic and treatment services that include evaluation, diagnostic and treatment services that include evaluation, program recommendations for treatment and/or training in receptive and expressive language, voice, articulation, fluency, rehabilitation and medical issues dealing with swallowing.

• MC covers medically necessary ST services provided to all members who are receiving inpatient care at a hospital, nursing facility or custodial care facility when services are ordered by the member's PCP or attending physician. ST provided on an outpatient basis is covered only for members receiving EPSDT services, KidsCare and ALTCS members. **Speech therapy for Mercy DD members are covered for all ages.**
ST shall be provided by a qualified Speech Language Pathologist (SLP) or by a qualified individual under the supervision of an SLP within their scope of practice, and consistent with A.R.S. Title 36, Chapter 17 and ADHS administrative rules, 9 A.A.C. Chapter 16.

The SLP must be identified as the treating provider and bill for services under his or her individual NPI number (a group ID number may be utilized to direct payment).

ST may include:
- Articulation training,
- Auditory training,
- Cognitive training,
- Esophageal speech training,
- Fluency training,
- Language treatment,
- Lip reading,
- Non-oral language training,
- Oral-motor development, and
- Swallowing training

2.7 – Home Health Claims
MC covers medically necessary home health services provided in the recipient's place of residence in lieu of hospitalization. MC also covers home health services for elderly and physically disabled and developmentally disabled MCLTC recipients under Home and Community Based Services.

Covered services include:
- Home health nursing visits
- Home health aide services
- Medically necessary supplies
- Therapy services within certain limits

Home health nursing and home health aide services must be provided on an intermittent basis and ordered by a physician.

All home health services require prior authorization from MC or the MCLTC’s case manager.

All home health agencies must bill for services on a CMS 1500 claim form.

**Home health nursing services**
Home health nursing services must be billed with the following codes:
Mercy Care Claims Processing Manual

2.8 - Well Visits

MC Medicaid Lines of Business
All MC’s Medicaid lines of business covers adult well visits (well exams) such as, but not limited to, well woman exams, breast exams, and prostate exams. These are covered for members 21 years of age and older. Most well visits include a medical history, physical exam, health screenings, health counseling and medically necessary immunizations.
In addition, female members will have direct access to preventive and well care services from a gynecologist within MC’s network, without a referral from a primary care provider.

**MCA Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE)**

The Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) is also known as the “Welcome to Medicare Preventive Visit.” The goals of the IPPE are health promotion and disease prevention and detection. Medicare pays for one IPPE per beneficiary per lifetime for beneficiaries within the first 12 months of the effective date of the beneficiary’s first Medicare Part B coverage period. This service must be billed with CPT code:

**G0402 - Initial preventive physical examination; face-to-face visit, services limited to new beneficiary during the first 12 months of Medicare enrollment**

For additional information regarding the IPPE, please click on the following link from CMS:


**MCA Annual Wellness Visit (AWV)**

Per CMS guidelines for the Annual Wellness Visit (AWV):  *When you provide a significant, separately identifiable, medically necessary Evaluation and Management (E/M) service in addition to the AWV, Medicare may pay for the additional service. Report the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code with modifier -25. That portion of the visit must be medically necessary to treat the beneficiary’s illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member.*

Below are the appropriate CPT billing codes for the Annual Wellness Exams:

- **G0438 - Annual Wellness Visit including a personalized prevention plan of service (initial visit)**
- **G0439 - Annual wellness visit including a personalized prevention plan of service (subsequent visit)**

The following links will take you to the CMS MLN Network and documents that further explain all components of the AWV and the IPPE:

2.9 – Hospice

**MC Medicaid Lines of Business**

Hospice services provide palliative and supportive care for all terminally ill members, as well as their families or caregivers. A physician must certify that the member is terminally ill. Hospice care is limited to those members who are in the final stages of a terminal illness (i.e., members who have a prognosis of death within six months).

The initial physician certification is effective for 90 days. If the member continues to need services, the physician must re-certify for a second 90-day period. Subsequent re-certifications for 60-day periods are required if the member continues to require hospice services.

A hospice uses a medically directed interdisciplinary care team of professionals and volunteers to meet the physical, psychological, social, spiritual, and other special needs which are experienced during the final stages of illness, during dying, and bereavement.

Hospice services include:

- Nursing services
- Respite care
- Bereavement services
- On-call availability for reassurance
- Information and referral for members and families
- Social services
- Pastoral/counseling services
- Dietary services
- Homemaker services
- Home health aide services
- Therapies
- Medical supplies, appliances, and DME
- Pharmaceuticals

Hospice services may be provided in the member's home (a nursing facility can be considered a member's home) or in an inpatient setting.

Home care may be provided on an intermittent, regularly scheduled, and/or an on-call, around the-clock basis according to member and family needs.

Non-institutional hospice services may be provided in the member's home as long as the member’s condition remains stable enough for the member to remain at home.
Billing and Authorization Requirements
Hospice services require authorization for all lines of business.

Hospice providers must bill for services on the UB-92 claim form using bill types 081X - 082X. The last digit must be 1 through 4 or 6 through 8.

Payment is made to a hospice provider for only one of four revenue codes. MC’s reimbursement rates for the four levels of service are all-inclusive rates that include durable medical equipment, medication, and other health care services (physician) related to the recipient’s terminal illness.

Recipients requiring medical services not related to the terminal illness may receive them without having payment for these services included in the all-inclusive rate. Acute medical care services in this instance are non-inpatient services provided to ALTCS eligible recipients who are not covered by Medicare. Acute medical care services must be coordinated between the primary care physician and the case manager.

The following revenue codes may be billed to MC. (NOTE: Medicare claims with A, B, C, or D in the third digit cannot be processed. They refer only to the Notice of Election for Medicare.)

Revenue Code 651 (Routine Home Care Day)
- A routine home care day is a day during which a recipient is at home (or in a nursing facility) and not receiving continuous care.
- Reimbursement is the lesser of the hourly rate multiplied by the hours billed or the per diem rate.
- When hospice care is furnished to a fee-for-service recipient in a nursing facility, the hospice should bill only for the routine home care rate.
- The nursing facility is reimbursed directly by MC for the room and board and other services furnished by the facility.

Revenue Code 652 (Continuous Home Care Day)
- A continuous home care day is a day during which a recipient receives services consisting predominantly of nursing care on a continuous basis at home. Continuous home care is only furnished during brief periods of crisis as necessary to maintain terminally ill recipients at their places of residence. A minimum of eight hours of care must be furnished on a particular day to qualify for the continuous home care rate.
• Home health aide, homemaker services, or both may also be provided on a continuous basis.
• Continuous home care is not available to nursing facility residents.
• Reimbursement is the lesser of the billed charge or the MC hourly rate multiplied by the number of hours billed.

Revenue Code 655 (Inpatient Respite Care Day)
• An inpatient respite care day is a day during which a recipient receives care in an approved facility on a short-term basis. Institutional (inpatient hospice) services may be delivered at the provider’s site or through subcontracted beds in an institutional setting such as a hospital or nursing facility when the recipient's condition is such that care can no longer be rendered in the recipient's home.
• The inpatient rate is paid from the date of admission up to, but not including, the date of discharge.
• For the date of discharge, the appropriate home care rate is paid.
• If the patient dies as an inpatient, the inpatient rate is paid for the date of discharge.
• Payment for the sixth and any subsequent day of respite care is made at the routine home care rate.

Revenue Code 656 (General Inpatient Care Day)
• A general inpatient care day is a day on which a recipient receives general inpatient care for pain control or acute or chronic symptom management that cannot be managed in other settings.
• The inpatient rate is paid from the date of admission up to, but not including, the date of discharge.
• For the date of discharge, the appropriate home care rate is paid.
• If the patient dies as an inpatient, the inpatient rate is paid for the date of discharge.

MCA
According to the Medicare Managed Care Manual, published by CMS, under Chapter 4 – Benefits and Beneficiary Protections, it states the following:

“10.2.1 – Exceptions to Requirement for MA plans to Cover FFS Benefits
(Rev. 115, Issued: 08-23-13, Effective: 08-23-13, Implementation: 08-23-13)
The following circumstances are exceptions to the rule that MAOs must cover the costs of Original Medicare benefits:
Hospice: Original Medicare (rather than the MAO) will pay the hospice for the services received by an enrollee who has elected hospice while enrolled in the plan. For detailed information about services furnished to an enrollee who has elected hospice care, see section 10.4 below.

10.4 - Hospice Coverage
(Rev. 115, Issued: 08-23-13, Effective: 08-23-13, Implementation: 08-23-13)
As defined in 42 CFR § 422.320, an MAO must inform each enrollee eligible to select hospice care about the availability of hospice care if: (1) a Medicare hospice program is located within the plan's service area; or (2) it is common practice to refer patients to hospice programs outside the organization’s service area.

An MA enrollee who elects hospice care but chooses not to dis-enroll from the plan is entitled to continue to receive through the MA plan any MA benefits other than those that are the responsibility of the Medicare hospice. Through the Original Medicare program, subject to the usual rules of payment, CMS pays the hospice program for hospice care furnished to the enrollee and the MAO, providers, and suppliers for other Medicare-covered services furnished to the enrollee.

Table I summarizes the cost-sharing and provider payments for services furnished to an MA plan enrollee who elects hospice.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of Services</th>
<th>Enrollee Coverage</th>
<th>Enrollee Cost-Sharing</th>
<th>Payments to Providers</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hospice program</td>
<td>Hospice program</td>
<td>Original Medicare cost-sharing</td>
<td>Original Medicare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-hospice¹, Parts A &amp; B</td>
<td>MA plan or Original Medicare</td>
<td>MA plan cost-sharing if enrollee follows MA plan rules³</td>
<td>Original Medicare²</td>
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<tr>
<td>Non-hospice¹, Part D Supplemental</td>
<td>MA plan (if applicable)</td>
<td>MA plan cost-sharing if enrollee does not follow MA plan rules³</td>
<td>MAO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1) The term ‘hospice care’ refers to Original Medicare items and services related to the terminal illness for which the enrollee entered the hospice. The term ‘non-hospice care’ refers either to
services not covered by Original Medicare or to services not related to the terminal condition for which the enrollee entered the hospice.

2) If the enrollee chooses to go to Original Medicare for non-hospice, Original Medicare services, and also follows plan requirements, then, as indicated, the enrollee pays plan cost-sharing and Original Medicare pays the provider. The MA plan must pay the provider the difference between Original Medicare cost-sharing and plan cost-sharing, if applicable.

3) Note: An HMO enrollee who chose to receive services out of network has not followed plan rules and therefore pays FFS cost sharing; a PPO enrollee who receives services out of network has followed plan rules and is only responsible for plan cost sharing. The enrollee need not communicate to the plan in advance his/her choice of where services are obtained.

Please see the following resources for additional information:
- The Social Security Act, Section 1853(h)(2)(B); and
- The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 11 - Processing Hospice Claims, Section 30.4"

The only claims payable during the hospice election period by MCA would be additional benefits covered under MCA that would not normally be covered under traditional Medicare-covered services. Please refer to the MCA website under MCA Additional Benefits for a listing of these additional benefits.

Per CMS guidelines, MCA is not responsible for a hospice member’s claims while receiving a reduced CMS capitation payment, which may include dates after a member has revoked their hospice election. This following information is found in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 9 – Coverage of Hospice Services under Hospital Insurance:

“20.2 – Election, Revocation, and Change of Hospice
(Rev. 141, Issue: 03-02-11, Effective: 01-01-11, Implementation: 03-23-11)
Managed care enrollees who have elected hospice may revoke hospice election at any time, but claims will continue to be paid by fee-for-service contractors as if the beneficiary were a fee-for-service beneficiary until the first day of the month following the month in which hospice was revoked. As specified above, by regulation, the duration of payment responsibility by fee-for-service contractors extends through the remainder of the month in which hospice is revoked by hospice beneficiaries.”
While a hospice election is in effect, all Medicare Part A and B services furnished from the election’s effective date to revocation or expiration of the enrollee’s hospice election should be submitted directly to a fee-for-service contractor of CMS, subject to the usual Medicare rules of payment, until the first day of the month following the month in which hospice was revoked.

CMS provides notification of hospice election through eligibility files sent to MCA. In certain cases, MCA may be notified of a retro-election of hospice coverage by CMS, which may require recoupment of claims originally paid by MCA that should have been paid by a fee-for-service contractor of CMS. Recoupments will only be made within 365 days (1 year) from the date the claim is received by MCA or eligibility posting deadline, whichever is later. The claim should then be submitted to the appropriate CMS fee-for-service contractor for consideration.

2.10 – Transportation Claims

MC follows regulatory guidelines for billing transportation claims. Please refer to AHCCCS Fee For Service Manual - Chapter 14 – Transportation or the Medicare Claims Processing Manual – Chapter 15 - Ambulance for additional detail.

**MC**

- **Emergency Transportation**
  - All members are covered for emergency transportation without prior authorization.

- **Non-Emergency Transportation**
  - MC members are eligible to receive medically necessary non-emergency transportation when there is no other means of transportation available. Transportation services include bus tickets, taxis, stretcher vans or wheelchair vans and non-emergency ambulances.
  - Providers may arrange medically necessary non-emergent transportation for MC members by calling Member Services at 602-263-3000 or 800-624-3879, Express Service Code 630.

**MCA**

- **Emergency Transportation**
  - All members are covered for emergency transportation without prior authorization.
  - MCA enrollees are not eligible for non-routine, non-medically necessary transportation, as it is not a Medicare covered benefit. MCA enrollees with either MCPLTC or MCP Acute are eligible for non-emergency transportation under their MCPLTC coverage. This benefit will be paid under MCPLTC/MCP Acute as the primary payor.
Non-Emergency Transportation Program Integrity Reviews
MC, through our external auditing vendor, conducts program integrity reviews of transportation providers as well as other outpatient providers that provide transportation. Non-emergency transportation (NEMT) is an area in which there is potential risk to providers and to the health plans. There has been in the past concern over potential fraud, waste and abuse via non-emergency transportation billing which resulted in AHCCCS publishing some more stringent guidelines in terms of what should be expected in the documentation and who can provide these services.

MC has determined that information regarding NEMT requirements would assist in reminding providers of what is required in terms of the billing guidelines and documentation guidelines for non-emergency transportation services.

Chapter 14 of the AHCCCS FFS Provider Manual states the following:  *When free transportation services are unavailable and an eligible person is unable to arrange or pay for transportation, AHCCCS covers medically necessary non-emergency medical transportation to and from an AHCCCS covered medical or behavioral health service for most recipients. Non-emergency medical transportation is not covered for Emergency Services Program recipients.

*Transportation is limited to the cost of transporting the recipient to the nearest AHCCCS registered provider capable of meeting the recipient’s medical needs. Transportation must only be provided to transport the recipient to and from the required, AHCCCS covered medical or behavioral health service.*

Please note that AHCCCS expects that the services are for covered medical and behavioral health services. Services should be limited to the cost of transporting the member to the nearest AHCCCS registered provider capable of meeting the member’s needs. There may be exceptions related to member choice, etc., but in general, the transportation should be to the nearest AHCCCS registered provider. The AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Services Guide notes the following:

*Transportation services involve the transporting of a person from one place to another to facilitate the receipt of, or benefit from, medically necessary covered behavioral health services, allowing the person to achieve their service plan goals.*

Please note that while this allows the person to receive transportation services to achieve their service plan goals, the services should be for medical necessary covered services and not simply to locations in which the member can benefit for their service plan goals. This could be argued to be anything or any location. We are charged with being good stewards of federal and state
funds and we should be cognizant of utilizing these services in the most conservative manner possible while still allowing the members to benefit from the needed covered services.

For NEMT, there are two different billing scenarios:
- Loaded transportation (the member is with the staff)
- Provider travel (the provider is traveling to where the member is to provide a service)

AHCCCS FFS Manual Chapter 14 states the following regarding loaded mileage:

*Non-emergency transportation providers must bill the number of trips and the number of loaded miles as units of service on the CMS 1500 claim form. Loaded mileage is defined as the distance traveled, measured in statute miles, with a recipient on board the vehicle and being transported to receive medically necessary AHCCCS covered services.*

For all providers, please note that loaded transportation services should be billed with both the appropriate base rate (A0100, A0120) and the associated mileage (S0215). Claims/encounters should not be submitted without both codes for loaded transportation services. Mileage and base rate do not begin until the member is in the vehicle with the driver. The transportation to pick-up the member is not billable in terms of mileage or time.

For provider travel, the member is not in the vehicle with the staff. The staff is traveling to where the member is to provide a service. This is billed utilizing code A0160 only. Please note as per the AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Services Guide that this code is not billable for the first 25 miles. The first 25 miles are unencountered. The only mileage that can be billed is mileage over the 25-mile threshold. This is true for each segment of the trip. This code is not billable to for travel time/mileage when going to pick up the member for loaded transportation.

In terms of documentation, it was noted during recent audits that many providers are not appropriately capturing the required documentation as noted by Chapter 14 of the AHCCCS FFS Provider Manual (which states that it is the provider’s responsibility to maintain documentation that supports each transport service claimed) and the AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Services Guide. Each NEMT service must have the following documentation noted:
- Complete transport service provider’s name and address
- Printed name and signature of the driver who provided the service
- Vehicle identification (license # and state.)
- Vehicle type (car, van, wheelchair van, stretcher, etc.)
- Recipient’s full name
- Recipient’s AHCCCS ID#
• Recipient’s date of birth
• Complete date of service, including month, day and year
• Complete address of pick up destination
• Time of pick up
• Odometer reading at pick up
• Complete address of drop off destination
• Time of drop off
• Odometer reading at drop off
• Type of trip – one way or round trip
• Escort name and relationship to recipient being transported
• Signature (or fingerprint) of recipient verifying services were rendered

AHCCCS does provide further clarification on the recipient signature. The following requirements should be noted:
• If the member is unable to sign or utilize a fingerprint, the parent/guardian, caretaker/escort or family member can sign for the member. The relationship to the member must be noted.
  o If the member that is unable to sign is traveling alone, the trip report may be signed by the provider at the medical or behavioral health service appointment.
• The driver can never sign for the member.

Please ensure that documentation for NEMT includes all items as noted above. Documentation via a spreadsheet or screenshots of maps does not capture all of the required elements.

In terms of the base rate billed under A0120 – while AHCCCS allows 5 units of this service to be billed per day per member, MC strongly recommends that only 2 units of this service be billed per day – once at the initial pickup and the second unit when the loading occurs to take the member home. While there may be intermittent stops during the trip, there is not sufficient reason to bill those additional units as the intent is not to start the transportation over, but rather to simply reload the member to continue the trip.

Any NEMT service over 100 miles will require submission of a trip ticket or EDI information noting the complete pick-up and drop off locations for review prior to payment. Any NEMT over 100 miles without the required documentation will result in a claim denial.
2.11 – Dental Claims
Effective January 1, 2015, DentaQuest administers dental benefits for MC Medicaid lines of business except for Mercy RBHA. DentaQuest has administrative oversight for the following responsibilities:

- Contracting
- Credentialing
- Patient Management
- Prior Authorization
- Claims
- Customer Service Calls from Providers
- Provider Appeals

MC will administer the following for our members:

- Grievances or Appeals
- Customer Service Calls from Members

Claims with dates of service on or after January 1, 2015 need to be sent to DentaQuest at the following claims address:
  DentaQuest of Arizona, LLC – Attention: Claims
  P.O. Box 2906
  Milwaukee, WI 53201-2906

For electronic claims submissions, DentaQuest works directly with the following Clearinghouses:

- Change Healthcare (888-255-7293)
- Tesla (800-724-7420)
- EDI Health Group (800-576-6412)
- Secure EDI (877-466-9656)
- Mercury Data Exchange (866-633-1090)

You can contact your software vendor to make certain that they have DentaQuest listed as the payor and claim mailing address on your electronic claims. Your software vendor will be able to provide you with any information you may need to ensure that submitted claims are forwarded to DentaQuest. DentaQuest’s Payor ID is CX014.

If you have additional questions regarding your claims for DentaQuest, you may contact them directly at 844-234-9831. They will be happy to assist you.
You may also utilize their Interactive Voice Response (IVR) system 24 hours a day, 7 days a week that provides up-to-date information regarding member eligibility, claim status, and much more. Benefits associated with this program and more detailed information regarding DentaQuest can be found in their Office Reference Manual on-line at www.dentaquestgov.com.

2.12 – Oral Surgery Claims
Oral surgery claims are considered medical in nature and need to be submitted to MC or MCA for claims processing. The claim should be submitted on a CMS 1500 (02/12) Form.

2.13 - Behavioral Health Claims

General Information
Please refer to MC's Provider Manual for further detail regarding Behavioral Health. These can be found in:

- Mercy Care Provider Manual Chapter 200 – Mercy Care Complete Care (MCCC)
- Mercy Care DD (Mercy DD) and Mercy DCS CHP – Plan Specific Terms, Chapter 3 – Behavioral Health
- Mercy Care Provider Manual Chapter 300 – Mercy Care Long Term Care (MCLTC) – Plan Specific Terms, Chapter 4 – Behavioral Health
- Mercy Care Provider Manual Chapter 400 – Mercy Care RBHA – Plan Specific Terms

Available Resources
MC would like to provide you with additional detail that may not be found in the Provider Manual, above. These resources can assist you to accurately submit your behavioral health claims for payment and are available on the AHCCCS website.

AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Service Guide
The AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Service Guide contains a comprehensive review of covered behavioral health services to assist, support and encourage each eligible person to achieve and maintain the highest possible level of health and self-sufficiency. The goals that influenced how covered services were developed include:

- Align services to support a person/family centered service delivery model.
- Focus on services to meet recovery goals.
- Increase provider flexibility to better meet individual person/family needs.
- Eliminate barriers to service.
- Recognize and include support services provided by non-licensed individuals and agencies.
- Streamline service codes.
- Maximize Title XIX/XXI funds.

The guide provides you with detailed information regarding behavioral health billing codes, along with modifiers and the coding rules involved in billing those codes.

**AHCCCS Behavioral Health Diagnosis List**

The [AHCCCS Behavioral Health Diagnosis List](#) is a reference table that contains the Behavioral Health Standard Service set to use when billing ICD-10 behavioral health services. This table is updated yearly.

**Medication Management**

PCPs may provide medication management (prescription of behavioral health medications, monitoring visits, associated laboratory tests) for MC members with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), anxiety, or depression. PCPs that provide treatment and medication management for these diagnoses must follow [Clinical Guidelines](#) adopted by MC for those conditions. The guidelines are kept current and are available on the MC website. MC’s behavioral health coordinators and behavioral health medical director are available for consultation regarding the guidelines.

- MC covers prescriptions of these four behavioral health conditions when on the [Preferred Drug List](#). Prior authorization is required for medications not on the preferred drug list.
- Prescriptions can be filled at any contracted MC pharmacy.

Any member who has a behavioral health condition other than the four disorders listed above, will be covered through MC for medication management and treatment by a behavioral health provider.

The following ICD-10 codes cover the diagnoses that may be treated by a PCP through treatment and medication management:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-10 Diagnosis Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F06.30</td>
<td>Mood disorder due to known physiological condition, unspecified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F06.31</td>
<td>Mood disorder due to known physiological condition with depressive features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F06.32</td>
<td>Mood disorder due to known physiological condition with major depressive-like episode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F06.34</td>
<td>Mood disorder due to known physiological condition with mixed features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F06.4</td>
<td>Anxiety disorder due to known physiological condition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.200</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, unspecified, uncomplicated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.201</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, unspecified, in remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.203</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, unspecified, with withdrawal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.208</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, unspecified, with other nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.209</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, unspecified, with unspecified nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.210</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, cigarettes, uncomplicated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.211</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, cigarettes, in remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.213</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, cigarettes, with withdrawal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.218</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, cigarettes, with other nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.219</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, cigarettes, with unspecified nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.220</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, chewing tobacco, uncomplicated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.221</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, chewing tobacco, in remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.223</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, chewing tobacco, with withdrawal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.228</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, chewing tobacco, with other nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.229</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, chewing tobacco, with unspecified nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.290</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, other tobacco product, uncomplicated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.291</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, other tobacco product, in remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.293</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, other tobacco product, with withdrawal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.298</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, other tobacco product, with other nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17.299</td>
<td>Nicotine dependence, other tobacco product, with unspecified nicotine-induced disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.0</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, single episode, mild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.1</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, single episode, moderate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.2</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, single episode, severe without psychotic features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.4</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, single episode, in partial remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.5</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, single episode, in full remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.8</td>
<td>Other depressive episodes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32.9</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, single episode, unspecified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33.0</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, recurrent, mild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33.1</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, recurrent, moderate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33.2</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, recurrent, severe without psychotic features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33.40</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, recurrent, in remission, unspecified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33.41</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, recurrent, in partial remission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33.42</td>
<td>Major depressive disorder, recurrent, in full remission</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F33.8  Other recurrent depressive disorders
F33.9  Major depressive disorder, recurrent, unspecified
F34.1  Dysthymic disorder
F40.00  Agoraphobia, unspecified
F40.01  Agoraphobia with panic disorder
F40.02  Agoraphobia without panic disorder
F40.10  Social phobia, unspecified
F40.11  Social phobia, generalized
F40.210  Arachnophobia
F40.218  Other animal type phobia
F40.220  Fear of thunderstorms
F40.228  Other natural environment type phobia
F40.230  Fear of blood
F40.231  Fear of injections and transfusions
F40.232  Fear of other medical care
F40.233  Fear of injury
F40.240  Claustrophobia
F40.241  Acrophobia
F40.242  Fear of bridges
F40.243  Fear of flying
F40.248  Other situational type phobia
F40.290  Androphobia
F40.291  Gynephobia
F40.298  Other specified phobia
F40.8  Other phobic anxiety disorders
F40.9  Phobic anxiety disorder, unspecified
F41.0  Panic disorder [episodic paroxysmal anxiety] without agoraphobia
F41.1  Generalized anxiety disorder
F41.3  Other mixed anxiety disorders
F41.8  Other specified anxiety disorders
F41.9  Anxiety disorder, unspecified
F43.0  Acute stress reaction
F48.8  Other specified nonpsychotic mental disorders
F70  Mild intellectual disabilities
F71  Moderate intellectual disabilities
F72  Severe intellectual abilities
F73  Profound intellectual disabilities
F78  Other intellectual disabilities
F79  Unspecified intellectual disabilities  
F84.0  Autistic Disorder  
F90.0  Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, predominantly inattentive type  
F90.1  Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, predominantly hyperactive type  
F90.2  Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, combined type  
F90.8  Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, other type  
F90.9  Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, unspecified type  
F98.0  Enuresis not due to a substance or known physiological condition  
F98.1  Encopresis not due to a substance or known physiological condition

**Coordination of Benefits**

- If a member has MCA as their primary payor, we will coordinate benefits automatically with MC. MC is always the payor of last resort.
- If a member has MCA as their primary payor and the service is not covered by MCA, but covered under the member’s MC Medicaid line of business, we will by-pass coordination of benefits and pay under their MC line of business.
- If a member has traditional Medicare or another Medicare Advantage plan and the service is covered by that plan, the claim will need to be sent to them primarily for payment. Once you receive the Medicare Explanation of Benefits (EOMB):
  - If submitting by paper, submit the claim and EOMB to MC to coordinate benefits.
  - If you are billing electronically, you may submit the primary payor’s payment information in the appropriate reporting fields.

**Appropriate Billing for T1016 – Case Management**

According to the [AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Services Guide](#), HCPCS Code T1016 - *Case management, each 15 minutes*, is a supportive service to provide oversight and/or enhance and assist a member with identified treatment goals and monitor treatment effectiveness.

Activities may include:

- Assistance in maintaining, monitoring and modifying covered services as outlined in the member’s service plan to address an identified clinical need;
- Brief telephone (place of service 02) or face-to-face interactions with a person, family or other involved member of the clinical team for the purpose of offering assistance in accessing an identified clinical service with the goal of addressing a clinical need to enhance or maintain the member’s clinical functioning;
- Assistance in finding and connecting to necessary resources other than covered services to meet basic needs;
- Communication and coordination of care with the person’s family, behavioral
and general medical and dental health care providers, community resources, and other involved supports including educational, social, judicial, community and other State agencies;

- Coordination of care activities related to continuity of care between levels of care (e.g., inpatient to outpatient care) and across multiple services (e.g., personal assistant, nursing services and family counseling);
- Outreach and follow-up of crisis contacts and missed appointments;
- Participation in staffings, case conferences or other meetings with or without the person or their family participating; and
- Other activities as needed that address and or support the member with identified treatment needs.

Case management does not include:

- Administrative functions such as authorization of services and utilization review;
- Outreach and communication that is does not clinical in nature and directly related to the member’s identified treatment needs, clinical presentation and access to services.
- Other covered services listed in the AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Services Guide.

Service Standards/Provider Qualifications
Case management services must be provided by individuals who are qualified behavioral health professionals, behavioral health technicians, or behavioral health paraprofessionals as defined in 9 A.A.C. 10.

If case management services are not provided by behavioral health professionals, these services must be provided under their direction or supervision.

The following code modifiers may be billed with HCPC Code T1016:

- **T1016 HO**  
  *Case Management by Behavioral Health Professional - Office:* Case management services (see general definition above for case management services) provided at the provider’s work site.  
  *Provider Qualifications:* Behavioral health professional  
  *Billing Unit:* 15 minutes
- **T1016 HO**  
  *Case Management by Behavioral Health Professional - Out-of-Office*: Case management services (see general definition above for case management services) provided at a person’s place of residence or other out-of-office setting.  
  **Provider Qualifications**: Behavioral health professional  
  **Billing Unit**: 15 minutes

- **T1016 HN**  
  *Case Management - Office*: Case management services (see general definition above for case management services) provided at the provider’s work site.  
  **Provider Qualifications**: Behavioral health technician or Behavioral health paraprofessional  
  **Billing Unit**: 15 minutes

- **T1016 HN**  
  *Case Management - Out-of-Office*: Case management services (see general definition above for case management services) provided at a person’s place of residence or other out-of-office setting.

- **T1016 GT with Place of Service 02**  
  *Case Management – Telemedicine*

- **T1016 with Place of Service 02**  
  *Case Management Telephonic*  
  **Provider Qualifications**: Behavioral health technician or behavioral health paraprofessional  
  **Billing Unit**: 15 minutes

Please note that T1016 should never be billed with a UD modifier by a provider. HCPCS Code T1016 was never a part of the temporary code set to bill with UD because T1016 has always been allowed as a telephonic service.

Case management can be billed as either a face-to-face service or it can also be billed for non-face-to-face activities. If the provider is billing for a face-to-face activity, they would need to bill it with the GT modifier and the place of service where the member is located, i.e. home. This is a telemedicine service with interactive live video and not telephonic.
In terms of face-to-face qualifiers that would either be in person or via telemedicine with interactive live video, if a provider is indicating a 3 to 5-minute phone call counts as face-to-face service, Mercy Care would have to disagree. That is strictly a telephonic service.

**AHCCCS Billing Limitations**

For case management services the following billing limitations apply:

- Case management services provided by a DLS licensed inpatient, residential or in a therapeutic/medical day program setting are included in the rate for those settings and cannot be billed separately. However, providers other than the inpatient, residential facility or day program can bill case management services provided to the person residing in and/or transitioning out of the inpatient or residential settings or who is receiving services in a day program.
- A single provider may not bill case management for any time associated with a therapeutic interaction, nor simultaneously with any other services.
- Multiple provider agencies may bill for this service during the same time period when more than one provider is simultaneously providing a case management service (e.g., a staffing). In addition, more than one individual within the same agency may bill for this service (e.g., individuals involved in transitioning a person from a residential level of care to a higher (subacute) or lower (outpatient) level of care, staff from each setting may bill case management when attending a staffing. When billing case management in this situation, each staff billing for the service must clearly document their participation in the staffing and unique contribution to the discussion as related to the member’s treatment goal.
- Billing for case management is limited to individual providers who are directly involved with service provision to the person (e.g., when a clinical team comprised of multiple providers, physicians, nurses etc. meet to discuss current case plans).
- Transportation provided to an AHCCCS Behavioral Health Services enrolled member is not included in the rate and should be billed separately using the appropriate transportation procedure codes.

**MC Billing Requirements**

As noted in the [AHCCCS Covered Behavioral Health Services Guide](#), the initial 15 minute unit of service may be billed if 1 minute of service time is completed. Subsequent units of service may not be billed unless the service time exceeds the halfway point of the next 15-minute unit (second unit requires a minimum of 7.5 minutes).

Multiple case management services provided in one day billed under the same AHCCCS Provider ID must be rolled up into one claim line to avoid duplicate claim denials. The
clarification that needs to be made is surrounding what units need to be rolled up and how to roll up those units.

Examples to help clarify:

- **Two BHPs billing for case management on the same day.** As BHPs (in most cases) will have their own AHCCCS Provider ID and will bill under their own ID, those services may be billed individually under each BHP’s AHCCCS Provider ID and no roll up is needed. **Please ensure that there is sufficient reason for more than one staff to be providing case management to the member within the same day (outside of staffings).**

- The same BHP/BHT/BHPP providing more than one case management service within the same day. Those service times should be rolled up when billed and the unit time guidelines should be followed. If more than one service is provided, but the service time for subsequent units does not meet the halfway point requirements to bill additional units, then those additional units are not billable.

- Multiple BHTs/BHPPs billing case management under the clinic ID within the same day. As long as the services are well documented, the roll up for service times would not be necessary and individual units could be billed. **Please ensure that there is sufficient reason for more than one staff to be providing case management to the member within the same day (outside of staffings).**

Please note that the above guidelines do not apply to crisis call centers.

**T1016 - Case Management Review and Billing Concerns**

It’s important to note that MC may periodically audit provider billing practices by reviewing documentation to ascertain claims are being appropriately billed in accordance with MC and AHCCCS guidelines. Documentation must support appropriate billing for this code. If the documentation does not support the billing, additional administrative action may be taken, including the recoupment of the claim and potential reporting to AHCCCS.

Based on review of previous claims submitted and careful review of requested documentation, MC has identified several concerns that may help you avoid inappropriate billing including:

- Multiple case management services provided in one day billed under the same AHCCCS Provider ID must be rolled up into one claim line.
- Administrative functions are not to be billed under case management or any other code.
- Appointment reminders or services that do not include actual clinical intervention should not be billed as case management or any other code.
- Services provided for care coordination or other purposes that do not involve actual clinical intervention should still be documented as contact notes but are not billable.
Phone calls are considered an extension of the office and should be billed with the office place of service.

Staffings should only be billed by individuals directly involved in the member’s care and should only be billed for actual clinical discussion/intervention. Each individual must either write their own note or include their own notes within the body of the main note.

Having one individual dictate the note and having others sign it with the inclusion of a line such as “I participated in this staffing” is not sufficient.

Case management cannot be billed simultaneously with any other services.

Emails can be used in limited circumstances, but the email must be included in the record and should not be the main method of communication with the member.

Voice messages can be billed in limited circumstances. Asking for a return call or appointment reminders are not billable. There should be sufficient documentation to justify the need to bill for the voice message. Listening to voice messages cannot be billed.

T1016 should not be used as a catch-all to bill for services not otherwise billable under other covered service codes.

Quality of the service is what drives billing, not quantity.

Simply because the service meets the time guidelines to bill does not mean it should be billed. The main key is not the time but the intent of the service. Is the intent of the service the delivery of a clinical service/assessment or an administrative function?

Appropriate documentation to support the billing of this service is required.

**Appropriate and Inappropriate Scenarios That Support the Billing of HCPCS Code T1016**

Please remember that accurate documentation must be made to justify billing for T1016. The following are different scenarios of documentation submitted by providers.

**A patient is a no show for an appointment. An outreach call is made after the no show to assess safety and that call lasts two minutes.**

If the case manager’s intent is to outreach because the member missed an appointment and the case manager is asking about any increase in symptoms, immediate needs, status of medication refills, options for next appointment, scheduling the next appointment with confirmation from the member, transportation needs and any other needs between the phone call and next appointment, this detail would need to be in the documentation.

If the case manager calls to reschedule the appointment and asks the member if everything is OK, that does not substantiate billing T1016.
An SMI patient missed their injection today and the care team takes 3 minutes to assess if an amendment and pick up order is warranted.

Clinical intervention intent would be to talk to the member about missing the injection, assessment of symptoms and need for higher level of care, adherence to COT, reason for medications related to wellness, barriers in missing the injection and the plan to get the member in for his/her injection that day. Care coordination with the team related to amendment of a pick-up order would need to be discussed with clinical team/doctor, etc. This detail needs to be documented to bill for T1016.

A 3-minute call to assess an amendment seems too short. Since there is no further documentation, it would be inappropriate to bill for T1016.

Group facilitator calls the transportation company to set up transport for patient to and from group. The call lasts 4 minutes.

This is an administrative function and does not warrant billing for T1016 – case management.

Care coordinator calls the guardian to check on status and complete the CASII. Call lasts 5 minutes.

Is the care manager only asking and recording the CASII score/response from the guardian or is there a clinical intervention/discussion in completing the CASII? What is the purpose of getting the CASII - clinical evaluation of the scores and responses of the guardian and plan of action. Detail would need to be provided.

Substance use patient has a positive UA. Therapist, Care Coordinator, Nurse, and medical provider staff the case to discuss if patient should be detoxed. Staffing takes 2 minutes.

What is the clinical discussion occurring with the group? Positive UA for what? What is the risk of the substance use, considerations of treatment referral and engagement plan with the member? Why did the member relapse? What are the treatment topics being reviewed and discussed to determine the clinical recommendation of detox vs another intervention? This needs to be detailed in the notes to qualify for T1016 billing.

It’s important to remember that time is not the final determining factor in billing T1016. Questions that need to be answered and documented are whether the service is medically necessary and why? The documentation needs to clearly document the need. The key to appropriate documentation is that the content of the note justifies the care coordination (intent of the activity, discussion and outcome as related to the treatment plan for the member).
In addition to the above, AHCCCS provides a [Case Management Services Guide](#) that provides specific scenarios and what you need to ask yourself in order to bill T1016 – Case Management.

**Applied Behavior Analysis**

Behavior Analysis Services are a Mercy Care covered benefit for individuals with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) and/or other diagnoses as justified by medical necessity.

Members must receive ABA services from a provider in Mercy Care’s provider network. Medically necessary services, including ABA, are determined by the member’s Child and Family Team (CFT) or Adult Recovery Team (ART).

Behavior Analysis Services are designed to accomplish one or more of the following:

- increase functional skills,
- increase adaptive skills (including social skills),
- teach new behaviors,
- increase independence and/or reduce or eliminate behaviors that interfere with behavioral or physical health.

Behavior Analysis Services are prescribed or recommended in specific dosages, frequency, intensity, and duration by a qualified Behavioral Health Professional (BHP) as the result of an assessment of the member, the intensity of the behavioral targets, and complexity and range of treatment goals.

Please refer to the [Behavioral Health Services Billing Matrix](#) on the [Medical Coding Resources](#) AHCCCS web page for more information regarding required coding information, including covered settings or other billing/coding information.

Behavioral Analysis providers are required to submit prior authorization for Adaptive Behavior [Treatments](#) (CPT Codes 97153-97158). Adaptive Behavior [Assessments](#) (CPT Codes 97151 and 97152) will not require authorization. Service(s) rendered without authorization may be denied for payment. For Behavioral Analysis services a specific prior authorization form has been developed for initial and re-authorization of services. To access the form and a list of required clinical documentation, visit our website under [Forms](#) web page named Prior Authorization for ABA Services. Prior authorization, if determined medically necessary, is approved for a maximum for 6 months, re-authorization will be required for continued service delivery.

The ABA service codes must be billed with the appropriate modifier to identify the experience level of the staff rendering the service.
Modifier tiers:
- BHT/RBT - Less Than bachelor’s degree - Modifier HM
- Trainee, Master, BCaBA - Bachelor Degree Level - Modifier HN
- BCBA - Master’s Degree Level - Modifier HO
- BCBA-D, Licensed Behavior Analyst (LBA) - Doctoral Level - Modifier HP

2.14 - Family Planning Claims
Family planning services are funded and contracted through Aetna Medicaid Family Planning for MC. In order to pay family planning services through the Aetna Medicaid Family Planning fund, the following rules will apply:
- Any service billed with the following primary ICD-10 diagnoses will be paid as family planning:
  - Z30.011 – Encounter for initial prescription of contraceptive pills
  - Z30.012 – Encounter for prescription of emergency contraception
  - Z30.013 – Encounter for initial prescription of injectable contraception
  - Z30.014 – Encounter for initial prescription of uterine contraception
  - Z30.018 – Encounter for prescription of other contraceptives
  - Z30.19 – Encounter for initial prescription of contraceptives, unspecified
  - Z30.02 – Counseling and instruction in natural family planning to avoid pregnancy.
  - Z30.09 – Encounter for other general counseling and advice on contraception
  - Z30.40 – Encounter for surveillance of contraceptives, unspecified
  - Z30.41 – Encounter for surveillance of contraceptive pills
  - Z30.42 – Encounter for surveillance of injectable contraceptive
  - Z30.430 – Encounter for insertion of intrauterine contraceptive device
  - Z30.432 – Encounter for removal of intrauterine contraceptive device
  - Z30.433 – Encounter for removal and reinsertion of intrauterine contraceptive device
  - Z30.49 – Encounter for surveillance of other contraceptives
  - Z30.8 – Encounter for other contraceptive management
  - Z30.9 – Encounter for contraceptive management, unspecified
  - Z31.42 – Aftercare following sterilization reversal
  - Z31.62 – Encounter for fertility preservation counseling
  - Z31.84 – Encounter for fertility preservation procedure
- Any service billed with a modifier of FP will be paid as family planning (if the modifier is valid for the code).
- The following codes will always be paid as family planning regardless of the diagnosis or presence of the FP modifier:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00851</td>
<td>ANES; TUBAL LIGATION/TRANSECTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11976</td>
<td>REMOVAL WITHOUT REINSERTION, IMPLANT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55250</td>
<td>VASECTOMY, UNILATERAL OR BILATERAL (SEPARATE PROCEDURE), INCLUDING POSTOPERATIVE SEMEN EXAMINATION(S)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57170</td>
<td>DIAPHRAGM FITTING.WITH INSTRUCTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58300</td>
<td>INSERT INTRAUTERINE DEVICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58301</td>
<td>REMOVE INTRAUTERINE DEVICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58565</td>
<td>HYSTEROSCOPY BI TUBE OCCLUSION W/PERM IMPLNTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58600</td>
<td>DIVISION OF FALLOPIAN TUBES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58605</td>
<td>LIGATION OR TRANSECTION OF FALLOPIAN TUBE(S), ABDOMINAL OR VAGINAL APPROACH, POSTPARTUM, UNILATERAL OR BILATERAL, DURING SAME HOSPITALIZATION (SEPARATE PROCEDURE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58611</td>
<td>LIGATION OR TRANSECTION OF FALLOPIAN TUBE(S) WHEN DONE AT THE TIME OF CESAREAN DELIVERY OR INTRA-ABDOMINAL SURGERY (NOT A SEPARATE PROCEDURE) (LIST SEPARATELY IN ADDITION TO CODE FOR PRIMARY PROCEDURE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58615</td>
<td>OCCLUSION OF FALLOPIAN TUBE, DEVICE</td>
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<tr>
<td>58661</td>
<td>LAPAROSCOPY, SURGICAL; WITH REMOVAL OF ADNEXAL STRUCTURES</td>
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<td>58670</td>
<td>LAPAROSCOPY, TUBAL CAUTERY</td>
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<td>58671</td>
<td>LAPAROSCOPY, TUBAL BLOCK</td>
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<td>59840</td>
<td>INDUCED ABORTION, BY DILATION AND CURETTAGE</td>
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<td>DIAPHRAGM FOR CONTRACEPTIVE USE</td>
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<td>A4267</td>
<td>CONTRACEPTIVE SUPPLY</td>
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A4269 CONTRACEPTIVE SUPPLY
J1050 DEPO-PROVERA INJ 1MG
J7297 LEVONORGESTREL-RELEASING INTRAUTERINE CONTRACEPTIVE SYSTEM, 52 MG, 3 YEAR DURATION
J7298 LEVONORGESTREL-RELEASING INTRAUTERINE CONTRACEPTIVE SYSTEM, 52 MG, 5 YEAR DURATION
J7300 INTRAUTERINE COPPER CONTRACEPTIVE
J7301 LEVONORGESTREL-RELEASING INTRAUTERINE CONTRACEPTIVE SYSTEM, (SKYLA), 13.5 MG
J7302 LEVONORGESTREL-RELEASING INTRAUTERINE CONTRACEPTIVE SYSTEM, 52 MG
J7303 CONTRACEPTIVE SUPPLY, HORMONE CONTAINING VAGINAL RING, EACH
J7304 CONTRACEPTIVE SUPPLY, HORMONE CONTAINING PATCH, EACH
J7306 LEVONORGESTREL (CONTRACEPTIVE) IMPLANT SYSTEM, INCLUDING IMPLANTS AND SUPPLIES
J7307 ETONOGESTREL (CONTRACEPTIVE) IMPLANT SYSTEM, INCLUDING IMPLANT AND SUPPLIES

ALL OTHER CONTRACEPTIVE DRUGS, SUPPLIES, AND ITEMS IDENTIFIED WITH AN NDC CODE

- Claims for medical services will only be accepted on Form 1500 (02/12).
- Inpatient hospitalizations, outpatient surgery and emergency department facility claims should be filed on CMS UB-04 Form.
- Family Planning services may be billed with other services on the same claim. When billed on the same claim though, a provider will receive two remits, one for family planning services and one for non-family planning services, as these services are paid out of separate funds.
- Family Planning claims may be submitted electronically.

Providers must submit the following information:

- AHCCCS Provider ID number.
- Family planning service diagnosis (all claims must have).
- Explanation of Benefits from other insurance (including Medicare).
- Correctly signed and dated sterilization consent forms.
- The 30-day waiting period can be waived for emergent or medically indicated reasons.
- Operative reports for surgical procedures.
- Use HCPCS “J” codes, and provide the drug administered, NDC code and the dosage for injected substances.
Anesthesia claims require an ASA code for surgery with the appropriate time reflected in minutes.

- For Family Planning Services Extension Program members, x-ray and lab charges will be paid as family planning if they are related to family planning. There must be a Family Planning Service diagnosis.
- A separate claim must be submitted for each date of service.

If you have authorization or claims questions related to family planning, please call:
Aetna Medicaid Administrators LLC
602-798-2745: Phoenix
888-836-8147: Outside Phoenix

2.15 – Podiatry
Medically necessary foot and ankle care is covered for persons age 21 and older when provided by a podiatrist or podiatric surgeon, when ordered by the primary care provider, attending physician or practitioner, for MC eligible members. The member’s medical record must document the order for the podiatrist service. The podiatrist or podiatric surgeon must be an AHCCCS registered provider.

When billing for a podiatrist’s services, the CMS 1500 field 17 must have Qualifier DK and the ordering provider’s name. Field 17b must have the ordering provider’s NPI. Podiatrist claims will be denied if these fields are blank or the ordering provider is not an AHCCCS registered provider.

In accordance with A.R.S. 32-801, podiatric physicians and surgeons may perform amputations of the partial foot and toe but are excluded from performing an amputation of the leg or entire foot and are excluded from administering an anesthetic other than local.

**Foot and Ankle Care Limitations**
Coverage for medically necessary routine foot care must not exceed two visits per quarter or eight visits per contract year (this does not apply to EPSDT members). A “contract year” is defined as October 1-September 30.

Coverage of mycotic nail treatments will not exceed one bilateral mycotic nail treatment (up to ten nails) per 60 days (this does not apply to EPSDT members).
Neither general diagnoses such as arteriosclerotic heart disease, circulatory problems, vascular disease, venous insufficiency or incapacitation injuries or illnesses such as rheumatoid arthritis, CVA (stroke) or fractured hip are diagnosis under which routine foot care is covered.

Bunionectomy is covered only when the bunion is present with overlying skin ulceration, or neuroma secondary to bunion (neuroma to be removed at same surgery and documented by pathology report).

Bunionectomies are not covered if the sole indications are pain and difficulty finding appropriate shoes.

**Foot and Ankle Care Prior Authorization Requirements**

Prior Authorization is not required for evaluation and management services. Elective surgical services are subject to Prior Authorization requirements. Please refer to our ProPat listing to determine if Prior Authorization is necessary.

**2.16 – HEDIS Measures**

HEDIS (Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set) is a health care performance measurement tool used by more than 90 percent of America's health plans to measure performance on important dimensions of health care and services. Mercy Care Advantage uses HEDIS results to make improvements in our quality of care and service.

HEDIS measures address a broad range of important health issues. Among them are the following:

- Adult BMI Assessment (ABA)
- Care for Older Adults (COA)
- Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)
- Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP)
- Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC)
- Medication Reconciliation Post-Discharge (MRP)
- Transitions of Care (TRC)

Click on the items below for additional information on these HEDIS measures and the HEDIS medical record review process:

- [2020 HEDIS Billing Guide and Tips](#)
- [Accessing Gaps in Care Reports within Provider Deliverable Manager](#)
- [NCQA HEDIS® and Quality Compass®](#)
- [HEDIS Frequently Asked Questions](#)
In addition to the above, Mercy Care’s Network Management Department has conducted recent webinars regarding the following:

- Comprehensive Diabetes Care
- Gaps in Care Report
- Transitions of Care
- Colorectal Cancer Screenings

Please click on the links to view these presentations in their entirety. These presentations are also available on our Provider Training and Education webpage under Network Management Webinars.

### 2.17 – Social Determinants of Health
As appropriate within their scope of practice, providers should be routinely screening for, and documenting, the presence of Social Determinants. Information about any Social Determinants should be included in the member’s chart. Any Social Determinant ICD-10 diagnosis codes that are identified should be included on the submitted claims for Mercy Care members, in order to comply with state and federal coding requirements. **We strongly encourage the use of these ICD-10 codes, to give a complete picture of the member, as a whole, and their needs.**

Mercy Care appreciates the fact that our providers are billing Social Determinants of Health diagnosis codes as we requested back in 2018. However, we wanted to let you know that the Social Determinants of Health diagnosis codes should **never** be billed as the primary diagnosis code. These codes are always secondary. Mercy Care will deny claims where a Social Determinant of Health ICD-10 code is billed as a primary diagnosis code until a corrected claim is re-submitted.

For a list of ICD-10 codes relevant to Social Determinants of Health, please see our current 2021 Social Determinants of Health ICD-10 Diagnosis Codes. The list of Social Determinants of Health codes may be added to or updated on a quarterly basis. Providers should remain current in their use of these codes.
For more information regarding Social Determinants of Health, please reference the AHCCCS Fee For Service Manual, Chapter 4, General Billing Rules, on page 15, under Social Determinants.

These same billing rules apply to Mercy Care Advantage as well.

2.18 – Telehealth
Mercy Care covers medically necessary, non-experimental and cost-effective services provided via telehealth. There are no geographic restrictions for telehealth; services delivered via telehealth are covered in both rural and metropolitan regions.

Telehealth may include healthcare services delivered via asynchronous (store and forward), remote patient monitoring, teledentistry, or telemedicine (interactive audio and video). See the AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual Policy 320-I for definitions related to telehealth services.

The following list is not comprehensive; some of the services that can be covered via real time telehealth include, but are not limited to:

- Behavioral Health
- Cardiology
- Dentistry
- Dermatology
- Endocrinology
- Hematology/Oncology
- Home Health
- Infectious Diseases
- Inpatient Consultations
- Medical Nutrition Therapy (MNT)
- Neurology
- Obstetrics/Gynecology
- Oncology/Radiation
- Ophthalmology
- Orthopedics
- Office Visits (adult and pediatric)
- Outpatient Consultations
- Pain Clinic
- Pathology & Radiology
- Pediatrics and Pediatric Subspecialties
• Pharmacy Management
• Rheumatology
• Surgery Follow-Up and Consultations

The following services are covered via asynchronous telehealth (store and forward):
• Behavioral Health
• Cardiology
• Dermatology
• Infectious Disease
• Neurology
• Ophthalmology
• Pathology
• Radiology

**Modes of Service Delivery**

Service delivery via telehealth can be done via teledentistry, remote patient monitoring, telemedicine, or asynchronous (store and forward).

• Telehealth means services delivered via:
  - Asynchronous (store and forward);
  - Remote Patient Monitoring;
  - Teledentistry; or
  - Telemedicine (real-time interactive audio and video).

• Asynchronous or “Store and Forward” means the transmission of recorded health history (e.g. pre-recorded videos, digital data, or digital images, such as x-rays and photos) through a secure electronic communications system between a practitioner, usually a specialist, and a member or other practitioner, in order to evaluate the case or to render consultative and/or therapeutic services outside of a synchronous (real-time) interaction. As compared to a real-time member care, asynchronous care allows practitioners to assess, evaluate, consult, or treat conditions using secure digital transmission services, data storage services, and software solutions.

• Remote Patient Monitoring is the personal health and medical data collection from a member in one location via electronic communication technologies, which is transmitted to a provider in a different location for use in providing improved chronic disease management, care, and related support. Such monitoring may be either synchronous (real-time) or asynchronous (store and forward).

• Teledentistry is the acquisition and transmission of all necessary subjective and objective diagnostic data through interactive audio, video or data communications by an
AHCCCS registered dental provider to a dentist at a distant site for triage, dental treatment planning, and referral.

- Telemedicine is the practice of synchronous (real-time) health care delivery, diagnosis, consultation, and treatment and the transfer of medical data through interactive audio and video communications that occur in the physical presence of the patient.
- Distant site means the site at which the provider delivering the service is located at the time the service is provided via telehealth.
- Originating site means the location of the AHCCCS member at the time the service is being furnished via telehealth or where the asynchronous service originates. This is considered the place of service.

**Telehealth Conditions and Limitations**

At the time of service delivery via real time telehealth an individual who is familiar with the member’s condition may be present with the member. This is called a telepresenter. **Telepresenter services are not billable.**

All services provided via telehealth must be medically necessary, non-experimental, and cost-effective for the diagnosis or treatment of a member’s medical or behavioral health condition.

**Telehealth Service Information**

**Behavioral Health**

Behavioral health telehealth services are covered for Title XIX (Medicaid) and Title XXI (KidsCare) members.

Covered behavioral health services can include, but are not limited to:

- Diagnostic consultation and evaluation
- Psychotropic medication adjustment and monitoring
- Individual and family counseling, and
- Case management.

For real time behavioral health services, the member’s physician, case manager, behavioral health professional, or tele-presenter may be present with the member during the consultation, but their presence is not required.

Covered behavioral health services via asynchronous telehealth can include:

- Naturalistic Observation Diagnostic Assessment (NODA).
Non-Emergency Medical Transportation (NEMT)
Non-emergency medical transportation is covered to transport a Title XIX or Title XXI member to and from the originating site, in order to receive an AHCCCS covered medically necessary consultation or treatment.

Office Setting
Prolonged preventive services, beyond the typical service of the primary procedure, that require direct patient contact and occur in either the office or another outpatient setting are covered under telehealth. The following codes are examples:

- G0513 Prolonged preventive service(s) (beyond the typical service of the primary procedure) in the office or other outpatient setting requiring direct patient contact beyond the usual service; first 30 minutes (listed separately in addition to code for preventive service).
- G0514 Prolonged preventive service(s) (beyond the typical service of the primary procedure) in the office or other outpatient setting requiring direct patient contact beyond the usual service; each additional 30 minutes (listed separately in addition to code for preventive service).

Telehealth Billing Information
Claim Form
Claim Form Services shall be billed on a CMS 1500 claim form.

Providers
Telehealth, including Teledentistry services, may be provided by AHCCCS registered providers, within their scope of practice.

Place of Service (POS) **NOTE: To be used when billing on the CMS 1500 Claim form at the Capped FFS Rate.

The Place of Service (POS) listed on the CMS 1500 claim form shall be the originating site (where the AHCCCS member is located or where the asynchronous service originates).
- i.e. A member is located at a Rural Health Clinic (originating site) and the individual provider (who will submit the claim) is located in their office (distant site). The POS listed on the claim (submitted by the individual provider) will be POS 72 (Rural Health Clinic).

NOTE: There is no POS field on the UB-04 Claim Form.
Codes
For a complete code set of services, along with their eligible place of service and modifiers, that can be billed as telehealth please visit the AHCCCS Medical Coding Resources web page at:

https://www.azahcccs.gov/PlansProviders/MedicalCodingResources.html

Modifiers
GT - Real time (interactive audio and video) telehealth services must be billed using the “GT” modifier to designate the service being billed as a telehealth service.

GQ - Asynchronous (“store and forward”) telehealth services must be billed using the “GQ” modifier to designate the service being billed as a telehealth service.

For a full list of available POS and appropriate modifiers, refer to the AHCCCS Medical Coding Resources webpage at:

https://www.azahcccs.gov/PlansProviders/MedicalCodingResources.html

Medicare Dual Claims
For Medicare Dual members, claims may be submitted with the POS listed as 02 (Telemedicine) to comply with Medicare guidelines. The POS 02 (Telemedicine) will designate the service being provided as a telehealth service.

- i.e. A member is located at Rural Health Clinic (originating site) and the individual provider (who will submit the claim) is located in their office (distant site). The POS listed on the claim (submitted by the individual provider) will not be POS 72 (Rural Health Clinic) but will instead be listed as POS 02.

NOTE: Medicare’s telehealth coverage, conditions and limitations may vary from Medicaid’s. However, for members with Medicare as the primary payer a claim must be submitted to Medicare first. The EOB would then be submitted to AHCCCS along with the claim. For additional information about the submission of claims for Medicare Dual members, including crossover claims, please refer to Chapter 9, Medicare/Other Insurance Liability, of the Fee-for-Service Provider Billing Manual.
Additional Information

For additional information on telehealth services, please refer to the AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual, AMPM 320-I, Telehealth Services.

The following codes have been approved to be billed in our system with an effective date of 7/1/2021. All scope of practice, coding, documentation, and policy requirements must be met for all codes submitted to AHCCCS.

- 99446 Interprofessional telephone/Internet/electronic health record assessment and management service provided by a consultative physician, including a verbal and written report to the patient's treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional; 5-10 minutes of medical consultative discussion and review.
- 99447 Interprofessional telephone/Internet/electronic health record assessment and management service provided by a consultative physician, including a verbal and written report to the patient's treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional; 11-20 minutes of medical consultative discussion and review.
- 99448 Interprofessional telephone/Internet/electronic health record assessment and management service provided by a consultative physician, including a verbal and written report to the patient's treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional; 21-30 minutes of medical consultative discussion and review.
- 99449 Interprofessional telephone/Internet/electronic health record assessment and management service provided by a consultative physician, including a verbal and written report to the patient's treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional; 31 minutes or more of medical consultative discussion and review.
- 99451 Interprofessional telephone/Internet/electronic health record assessment and management service provided by a consultative physician, including a written report to the patient's treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional, 5 minutes or more of medical consultative time. 99452 Interprofessional telephone/Internet/electronic health record referral service(s) provided by a treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional, 30 minutes.

2.19 – Continuous Glucose Monitoring

A Local Coverage Determination (LCD) for the allowance of payment for Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGM) to all Mercy Care Medicaid programs has been made. This is in accordance with provisions outlined in CMS Pub. 100-03, (Medicare National Coverage Determinations Manual), Chapter 1, Section 40.2, CMS Ruling 1682R.

This applies to the following devices:
**Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGM)**

Continuous glucose monitoring systems make continuous measurements of glucose levels. Most systems consist of a sensor that is attached to the back of the arm or abdomen. The sensor has a very thin wire that is inserted subcutaneously. The wire measures the glucose level in interstitial fluid that exists between the cells. The sensor is attached to a transmitter that sends the glucose readings to a wireless receiver. The receiver is a small computerized device that records and stores the glucose readings.

**Home Blood Glucose Monitors (BGM)**

Glucometers used for patients with all types of diabetes mellitus to monitor blood glucose and are available in a variety of models with various features, including digital read-out, memory, result print-out, easy specimen capture, and many others.

**Coverage Criteria**

CGM devices covered by Mercy Care under the DME benefit are defined in CMS Ruling 1682R as therapeutic CGMs.

Therapeutic CGMs and related supplies are covered by Mercy Care when all of the following coverage criteria (1-6) are met:

1. The beneficiary has diabetes mellitus; and
2. The beneficiary has been using a CGM and performing frequent (four or more times a day) testing; and
3. The beneficiary is insulin-treated with multiple (three or more) daily injections of insulin or a Medicare-covered Continuous Subcutaneous Insulin Infusion (CSII) pump; and
4. The beneficiary’s insulin treatment regimen requires frequent adjustment by the beneficiary on the basis of BGM or CGM testing results; and
5. Within six (6) months prior to ordering the CGM, the treating practitioner has an in-person visit with the beneficiary to evaluate their diabetes control and determined that criteria (1-4) above are met; and
6. Every six (6) months following the initial prescription of the CGM, the treating practitioner has an in-person visit with the beneficiary to assess adherence to their CGM regimen and diabetes treatment plan.
When a therapeutic CGM (code K0554) is covered, the related supply allowance (code K0553) is also covered.

If any of coverage criteria (1-6) are not met, the CGM and related supply allowance will be denied as not reasonable and necessary.

The supply allowance (code K0553) is billed as 1 Unit of Service (UOS) per thirty (30) days. Only one (1) UOS of code K0553 may be billed to Mercy Care at a time. Billing more than 1 UOS per 30 days of code K0553 will be denied as not reasonable and necessary.


Claims for a BGM and related supplies, billed in addition to an approved CGM device (code K0554) and associated supply allowance (code K0553), will be denied.

All therapeutic CGM devices billed to Mercy Care using HCPCS code K0554 must be reviewed for correct coding. CGM systems that have not been reviewed and listed on the Product Classification List for HCPCS code K0554 will be denied as incorrect coding.

**EQUIPMENT - CODES AND DESCRIPTIONS**

- E0607 - HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR
- E0620 - SKIN PIERCING DEVICE FOR COLLECTION OF CAPILLARY BLOOD, LASER, EACH
- E2100 - BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR WITH INTEGRATED VOICE SYNTHESIZER
- E2101 - BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR WITH INTEGRATED LANCING/BLOOD SAMPLE
- K0554 - RECEIVER (MONITOR), DEDICATED, FOR USE WITH THERAPEUTIC GLUCOSE CONTINUOUS MONITOR SYSTEM

**ACCESSORIES/SUPPLIES – CODES AND DESCRIPTIONS**

- A4233 - REPLACEMENT BATTERY, ALKALINE (OTHER THAN J CELL), FOR USE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR OWNED BY PATIENT, EACH
- A4234 - REPLACEMENT BATTERY, ALKALINE, J CELL, FOR USE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR OWNED BY PATIENT, EACH
- A4235 - REPLACEMENT BATTERY, LITHIUM, FOR USE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR OWNED BY PATIENT,
• A4236 - REPLACEMENT BATTERY, SILVER OXIDE, FOR USE WITH MEDICALLY NECESSARY HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR OWNED BY PATIENT, EACH
• A4244 - ALCOHOL OR PEROXIDE, PER PINT
• A4245 - ALCOHOL WIPES, PER BOX
• A4246 - BETADINE OR PHISOHEX SOLUTION, PER PINT
• A4247 - BETADINE OR IODINE SWABS/WIPES, PER BOX
• A4250 - URINE TEST OR REAGENT STRIPS OR TABLETS (100 TABLETS OR STRIPS)
• A4253 - BLOOD GLUCOSE TEST OR REAGENT STRIPS FOR HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR, PER 50 STRIPS
• A4255 - PLATFORMS FOR HOME BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITOR, 50 PER BOX
• A4256 - NORMAL, LOW AND HIGH CALIBRATOR SOLUTION / CHIPS
• A4257 - REPLACEMENT LENS SHIELD CARTRIDGE FOR USE WITH LASER SKIN PIERCING DEVICE, EACH
• A4258 - SPRING-POWERED DEVICE FOR LANCET, EACH
• A4259 - LANCETS, PER BOX OF 100
• A9275 - HOME GLUCOSE DISPOSABLE MONITOR, INCLUDES TEST STRIPS
• A9276 - SENSOR; INVASIVE (E.G., SUBCUTANEOUS), DISPOSABLE, FOR USE WITH INTERSTITIAL CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORING SYSTEM, ONE UNIT = 1 DAY SUPPLY
• A9277 - TRANSMITTER; EXTERNAL, FOR USE WITH INTERSTITIAL CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORING SYSTEM
• A9278 - RECEIVER (MONITOR); EXTERNAL, FOR USE WITH INTERSTITIAL CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORING SYSTEM
• K0553 - SUPPLY ALLOWANCE FOR THERAPEUTIC CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITOR (CGM), INCLUDES ALL SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES, 1 MONTH SUPPLY = 1 UNIT OF SERVICE

2.20 – CMS Opioid Treatment Program (OTP)
As of January 1, 2020, Mercy Care pays Opioid Treatment Programs (OTPs) through bundled payments for opioid use disorder (OUD) treatment services in an episode of care provided to people with Mercy Care Advantage Part B (Medical Insurance). Under the OTP benefit, Medicare covers:
• U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications
• Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable)
• Substance use counseling
• Individual and group therapy
• Toxicology testing
• Intake activities
• Periodic assessments

CMS released guidelines effective 01/01/2021 for billing Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) providers. While CMS requires billing for the freestanding OTP services on a UB-04 form, Mercy Care Advantage would like to continue to have providers bill services on a CMS-1500 form as the facility.

OTP services include:
• G2067- G2080
• G2215- G2216

Other important billing information:
• Outpatient Hospitals are allowed to bill via UB04 as it is required.
  o There is a new Condition Code for a provider based OTP: 89
  o Hospital-based providers bill OTP services on TOB 013X and 085X effective January 2021
  o Use Revenue Codes 090x-091x, 0949 on TOB 013x, 085x, or 087x, when billing for OTP services.
• For the OTP freestanding/ facility services billed for those codes listed, Place of Service 58 should be billed.

Please review the Opioid Treatment Programs (OTPs) Medicare Billing and Payment Fact Sheet for additional information.
CHAPTER 3 – EARLY PERIODIC SCREENING AND DEVELOPMENTAL TESTING (EPSDT)

3.0 – Early Periodic Screening and Developmental Testing (EPSDT) General Overview
Providers have several responsibilities regarding Early Periodic Screening and Developmental Testing (EPSDT). These responsibilities are outlined in detail in our provider manuals. Outlined below are general claims billing requirements for EPSDT services.

3.1 – Well Child Visits
Children may receive additional inter-periodic screening at the discretion of the provider. MC does not limit the number of well-child visits that members under age 21 receive. Claims should be billed with the following ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes (effective 10/1/15 and after) based on age appropriateness:

**Codes to Identify Well-Child Visits – Ages 0 – 15 Months**

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**Codes to Identify Well-Child Visits – Ages 3 – 6 Years**

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**Codes to Identify Well-Care Visits – Adolescents**

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<tr>
<th>CPT Codes</th>
<th>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>99383-99385, 99393-99395</td>
<td>Z00.21, Z00.129, Z02.89, Z00.8, Z00.5, Z00.70, Z00.71</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Well Child Visits for sports and other activities should be based on the most recent EPSDT Well Child Visit, as the annual Well Child Visits are comprehensive and should include all of the services required for sports or other activities. AHCCCS does not cover sports or other physicals solely for that purpose. If it can be combined with a regularly scheduled EPSDT visit, it is covered, though no additional payment would be allowable for completing the school or other organization paperwork that would allow the child to participate in the activity.
3.2 – Developmental Screening Tools

The following developmental screening tools are available for members at their 9, 18 and 24 month EPSDT visit:

- **Ages and Stages Questionnaires™ Third Edition (ASQ)** is a tool which is used to identify developmental delays in the first 5 years of a child’s life. The sooner a delay or disability is identified, the sooner a child can be connected with services and support that make a real difference.

- **Ages and Stages Questionnaires®: Social-Emotional (ASQ:SE)** is a tool which is used to identify developmental delays for social-emotional screening.

- The **Modified Checklist for Autism in Toddlers (M-CHAT)** may be used only as a screening tool by a primary care provider, for members 16-30 months of age, to screen for autism when medically indicated.

- The **Parents’ Evaluation of Developmental Status (PEDS)** may be used for developmental screening of EPSDT-aged members.

Providers may bill for this service as long as the following criteria is met:

- The member’s EPSDT visit is at either 9, 18, or 24 months;
- Prior to providing the service, the provider is required to complete the required training for the developmental screening tool being utilized and submit a copy of the training certificate to CAQH.
- The appropriate CPT code and modifier – 96110-EP - is billed. Copies of the completed tools must be retained in the medical record.

3.3 – PCP Application of Fluoride Varnish

According to the **AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual (AMPM) under Policy 431 - EPSDT Oral Health Care**, a change was made that advises the Physician, Physician’s Assistant or Nurse Practitioner must perform an oral health screening as part of the EPSDT physical examination. Please refer to this document if you have further questions about this change.

Physicians who have completed the AHCCCS required training may be reimbursed for fluoride varnish applications completed at the EPSDT visit for recipients who are at least 6 months of age, with at least 1 tooth eruption. Additional applications occurring every 6 months during an EPSDT visit, up until the recipient’s 2nd birthday, will also be reimbursed.

AHCCCS recommended training for fluoride varnish application is located at the [Smiles For Life](#) website under Training Module 6 that covers caries risk assessment, fluoride varnish and counseling. Upon completion of the required training, providers should submit a copy of their
certificate to CAQH. This certificate will be used in the credentialing process to verify completion of training necessary for reimbursement.

Please use the following CPT code for billing this service:

99188 – Application of topical fluoride varnish by a physician or other qualified health care professional.

3.4 - Vaccines for Children Program
EPSDT covers all child and adolescent immunizations. Immunizations must be provided according to the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines and be up-to-date. Providers are required to coordinate with the Arizona Department of Health Services’ (ADHS) Vaccine for Children Program (VFC) to obtain vaccines for MCP members who are 18 years of age and under.

Additional information can be attained by calling Vaccine for Children at 602-364-3642 or by accessing their website.

Arizona law requires the reporting of all immunizations administered to children under 19 years old. Immunizations must be reported at least monthly to ADHS. Reported immunizations are held in a central database, the Arizona State Immunization Information System (ASIIS) that can be accessed online to obtain complete, accurate records.

Federal vaccines can no longer be used to immunize privately insured children. Although a newborn may be eligible for Medicaid, hospitals cannot make an absolute determination that a newborn is not also eligible for private insurance at the time that this immunization would be administered. Because of this, the hospitals face the potential of administering VFC vaccines to newborns against the federal requirements. Since many hospitals have dis-enrolled from the VFC program due to this new policy, newborns who are delivered at the facilities may not receive the birth dose of the Hepatitis B vaccine.

MC requests that all primary care providers and pediatricians caring for newborns review each member’s immunization records fully upon the initial visit, and subsequent follow-up visits, regardless of where the child was delivered. It is our intention to ensure that the newborns receive all required vaccines, and that those who have not received the birth dose of the Hepatitis B vaccine in the hospital be “caught up” by their primary care provider.
Claims Coding
Providers must add the modifier SL (State Supplied Vaccine) to the following CPT Codes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90460</td>
<td>Immunization administration through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90461</td>
<td>Immunization administration through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90471</td>
<td>Immunization administration (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); 1 vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90472</td>
<td>Immunization administration (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90473</td>
<td>Immunization administration by intranasal or oral route; 1 vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90474</td>
<td>Immunization administration by intranasal or oral route; each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This differs from previous instructions where the SL modifier was only added to the vaccine CPT code itself.

- If the vaccine is provided through the VFC program, the SL modifier must be added to both the vaccine code and the vaccine administration code.
- Do not add the SL modifier to vaccine and administration codes used to report services provided to members who are over 18 years of age or for vaccines that are not covered under the VFC program administered to children.

If the provider individually administers more than one vaccine, the provider can bill for the administration of each vaccine, provided the additional vaccines are administered through a separate injection. The provider will not be paid for additional toxoids in the same syringe.

Providers cannot divide vaccines commonly administered in a single injection in order to report multiple administrations. When medically necessary and appropriate to administer a second injection, a second administration fee may be paid.
AHCCCS has opened the add-on code 90461 and will pay a maximum of one unit for that code. No additional payment is made for additional toxoids in the same syringe for that code.

Under VFC, the CPT code identifying the vaccine or toxoid given should be identified with the appropriate CPT code to identify the vaccine, the SL modifier, and the charge listed as $0.00. The CPT code identifying the administration should be identified with the appropriate CPT code to identify the administration code, the SL modifier, and the charge appropriate for the administration.

**SY Modifier**

Key points regarding the **SY Modifier** — **Persons who are in close contact with member of high-risk population (use only with codes for immunizations)** are listed below.

- AHCCCS published a notice on their website on August 19, 2020 stating that effective September 1, 2020, a 10% FFS rate increase would be applied to vaccine codes 90630-90756 and Q2034 in addition to vaccine administration codes 90460-90474. The notice advises that for CPT codes related to the administration of the influenza vaccine, modifier SY needs to be used when billing that code to receive the 10% rate increase.
- The codes listed in the AHCCCS notice covered under VFC are CPT 90630, 90672, 90674, 90685, 90686, 90687, 90688, 90689, 90694 and 90756. Vaccine administration codes billed in conjunction with these vaccines require an SL modifier only. AHCCCS has built in the 10% rate increase to the codes.
- Codes listed that are not covered under VFC are CPT 90653, 90655, 90656, 90657, 90658, 90660, 90662, 90673, 90682 and HCPCS Q2034. If used for a VFC aged member, vaccine administration codes billed in conjunction with these vaccines require an SY modifier.
- Adults receiving any of the services identified by the vaccination codes listed in the AHCCCS notice should be billed with an SY modifier on the vaccination administration codes in order to receive the 10% increase.
- Further clarification was provided by AHCCCS under the COVID-19 FAQ section for Flu Shots, where it was updated on 10/1/20 to state that vaccine admin codes should not be billed with two different modifiers. They should be billed with either the SY (for adults, or for children for vaccines not covered by VFC) or the SL modifier (for children for vaccines covered by VFC).
- The SY modifier should not be appended to the vaccine code. It is to be used on the vaccination administration codes only (CPT 90460-90474). Providers should not append both the SL and the SY modifier to a vaccine administration code.
CHAPTER 4 – INPATIENT CLAIMS

4.0 – MC APR-DRG Pricing Information Summary for Medicaid Lines of Business
In accordance with AHCCCS, effective October 1, 2014, MC determines Medicaid reimbursement for most acute care hospital inpatient services for the majority of Arizona hospitals and out-of-state hospitals using a Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) payment methodology. Specifically, All Patient Refined Diagnosis Related Groups (APR-DRGs) created by 3M Health Information Systems is used to categorize each inpatient stay. Each inpatient hospital claim is assigned an APR-DRG code and each DRG code is assigned a relative weight which is intended to indicate the average relative amount of hospital resources required to treat patients within that DRG category.

MC follows AHCCCS guidelines when it comes to pricing APR-DRG’s. For additional detail regarding this, please refer to:

AHCCCS APR-DRG Payment System Design Payment Policies

All details and rules regarding how APR/DRG are priced can be found in this document.

Additional information may also be found in the AHCCCS Fee for Service Manual – Chapter 11 – Hospital Services.

4.1 – MCA DRG Pricing
MCA claims are processed in accordance with traditional Medicare pricing – MS-DRG. MS-DRGs are billed for inpatient discharges and payments are adjusted under the IPPS based on appropriate weighting factors assigned to each DRG. Under the IPPS, MCA pays for inpatient hospital services on a rate per discharge basis that varies according to the DRG to which a beneficiary's stay is assigned. The formula used to calculate payment for a specific case multiplies an individual hospital's payment rate per case by the weight of the DRG to which the case is assigned. Each DRG weight represents the average resources required to care for cases in that particular DRG, relative to the average resources used to treat cases in all DRGs.

For more information on how MS-DRGs are calculated, please visit the CMS web page:

MS-DRG Classifications and Software
CHAPTER 5 – FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTERS (FQHC) PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM (PPS) PROCESSING

5.0 – FQHC PPS Overview
AHCCCS, along with MC pays FQHCs an all-inclusive per visit PPS rate on a per claim basis, which replaces the current methodology of reimbursing claims through a fee for service methodology. This will affect MCA as well.

FQHCs and FQHC Look-Alikes must register under the provider type of C2 and obtain a unique NPI number not already associated with another active AHCCCS provider ID for each clinic covered by the CMS FQHC, FQHC-LA or RHC designation. If necessary, a new NPI can be obtained at: https://nppes.cms.hhs.gov/NPPES/Welcome.do. It is important to note that claim submissions must be billed with the rendering provider’s NPI in box 19 of the 1500 (02-12) claim form. Failure to bill with that NPI number will result in the claim being denied.

Per AHCCCS, an FQHC/RHC Visit is defined as a face-to-face encounter with a licensed AHCCCS-registered practitioner during which an AHCCCS-covered ambulatory service is provided when that service is not incident to another service.

According to AHCCCS, a group therapy modifier (HQ) is will not be considered as an FQHC visit. In order for an encounter to be “face-to-face”, it must also be “one-on-one”.

Multiple encounters with more than one practitioner within the same discipline, i.e., dental, physical, behavioral health, or with the same practitioner and which take place on the same day and at a single location, constitute a single visit unless the patient, subsequent to the first encounter, suffers illness or injury requiring additional diagnosis or treatment. In this circumstance, the subsequent encounter is considered a separate visit. A service which is provided incident to another service, whether or not on the same day or at the same location, is considered to be part of the visit and is not reimbursed separately.

5.1 – FQHC PPS – MC Billing
All FQHC, FQHC-LA, and RHC visits must be billed using the Form 1500 (02-12) or the 2012 ADA Form. For purposes of reimbursing visits, MC has adopted HCPCS code T1015 – Clinic visit/encounter, all-inclusive for reporting physical health, behavioral health, and dental visits. A claim for a FQHC, FQHC-LA or RHC visit must include all appropriate procedure codes describing the services rendered in addition to HCPCS visit code T1015.
A visit will be identified by, and reimbursement for the visit will be associated with, HCPCS code T1015; all other services reported on the claim will be bundled into the visit and valued at $0.00. T1015 is reimbursable at the established AHCCCS PPS rate for each FQHC and should be billed using that rate. We follow all regulatory requirements for FQHC billing.

5.2 – FQHC PPS - MCA Billing
All FQHC and RHC visits must be billed using the UB-04 Form. A visit will be identified by, and reimbursement for the visit will be associated with the following HCPCS codes; all other services reported on the claim will be bundled into the visit and valued at $0.00. Current reimbursement rates for the following codes are as follows:

- Established patients - $89.00 per visit
- New patients - $105.00 per visit

For purposes of reimbursing visits beginning 4/1/2015, MCA will be using Medicare specific codes as follows:

- **G0466** – Federally qualified health center (FQHC) visit, new patient; a medically-necessary, face-to-face encounter (one-on-one) between a new patient and a FQHC practitioner during which time one or more FQHC services are rendered and includes a typical bundle of Medicare-covered services that would be furnished per diem to a patient receiving a FQHC visit
- **G0467** - Federally qualified health center (FQHC) visit, established patient; a medically-necessary, face-to-face encounter (one-on-one) between an established patient and a FQHC practitioner during which time one or more FQHC services are rendered and includes a typical bundle of Medicare-covered services that would be furnished per diem to a patient receiving a FQHC visit
- **G0468** – Federally qualified health center (FQHC) visit, IPPE or AWV; a FQHC visit that includes an initial preventive physical examination (IPPE) or annual wellness visit (AWV) and includes a typical bundle of Medicare-covered services that would be furnished per diem to a patient receiving an IPPE or AWV
- **G0469** – Federally qualified health center (FQHC) visit, mental health, new patient; a medically-necessary, face-to-face mental health encounter (one-on-one) between a new patient and a FQHC practitioner during which time one or more FQHC services are rendered and includes a typical bundle of Medicare-covered services that would be furnished per diem to a patient receiving a mental health visit
- **G0470** – Federally qualified health center (FQHC) visit, mental health, established patient; a medically-necessary, face-to-face mental health encounter (one-on-one) between an established patient and a FQHC practitioner during which time one or more
FQHC services are rendered and includes a typical bundle of Medicare-covered services that would be furnished per diem to a patient receiving a mental health visit.

Certain services are not considered FQHC services either because they are 1) not included in the FQHC/RHC benefit; or 2) are not a Medicare benefit. These services include:

- **Medicare Excluded Services** – This includes physical checkups, dental care, hearing tests, eye exams, etc. A full listing of Medicare excluded services can be found in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual – Chapter 16 – General Exclusions from Coverage under Section 10 – General Exclusions from Coverage.

  **Please Note:** MCA offers additional benefits that are not normally covered by traditional Medicare. Please refer to our Additional Benefits web page for detail regarding these services. While these are not part of the FQHC/RHC services, they should be billed and will be processed separately from FQHC.

- **Technical Component of an FQHC/RHC** – This includes diagnostic tests such as the technical component of x-rays, EKGs and other tests.

- **Laboratory Services** – This does not include venipunctures.

- **Durable Medical Equipment** – This include crutches, hospital beds and wheelchairs used in the patient’s place of residence, whether rented or purchased.

- **Ambulance Services**

- **Prosthetic Devices**

- **Body Braces**

- **Practitioner Services at Certain Other Medicare Facility**

- **Tele-Health Distant Site Services**

- **Hospice Services**

The above services are not part of the FQHC/RHC services, and as such they should be billed and will be processed separately from the FQHC payment.

**5.3 – FQHC PPS - Dual Eligible Claims Billing**

Since CMS billing requirements are different from AHCCCS billing requirements, we will require the initial claim sent to MCA be billed according to the instructions above in the MCA Billing section. Once you have received the remit, please rebill the service following billing instructions in the MC Billing Section and submit with the MCA remit you previously received. Claims must be billed in this fashion in order for us to properly encounter claims to our regulators.
5.4 – Services Provided by a Behavioral Health Technician

Allow FQHC reimbursement at the PPS visit rate for allowable services provided by a BHT only when those services qualify as *incident to* the services of an FQHC practitioner consistent with federal requirements. This does not include case management.

Services “incident to” a visit means:
- Services and supplies that are an integral, though incidental, part of the physician’s or practitioner’s professional service (examples: medical supplies; venipuncture; assistance by auxiliary personnel such as a nurse or medical assistant); or
- Diagnostic or therapeutic ancillary services provided on an outpatient basis as an adjunct to basic medical or surgical services (Examples: x-ray; medication; laboratory test).

Behavioral Health Technician (BHT) services, excluding case management, may qualify as an FQHC/RHC visit when those services qualify as services incident to the services of an FQHC/RHC practitioner consistent with 42 CFR 405.2462.

(Group therapy does not qualify as an FQHC service, since it is not a face-to-face encounter. For a visit to qualify as a face-to-face encounter the visit must be one-on-one, disqualifying group therapy from being a PPS-eligible service.)

For BH services that are not incident to a professional service, PPS payment under the T1015 is not allowable. If a provider wants to provide BH services without a qualifying service, they must register as an outpatient behavioral health clinic (provider type 77) and bill under the clinic ID.

The professional service must be a under the category of Behavioral Health Medical Professional (BHMP) and may not include services provided under the credentials of a Behavioral Health Professional (BHP) (i.e. counseling, assessment).

Please note that even though a Behavioral Health Professional may be required to sign off on a Behavioral Health Technician’s documents this does not count as a professional service or an incident to service.

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1 Effective for dates of service on and after 04/01/2015 AHCCCS pays the all-inclusive per visit PPS rate on a per claim basis for providers registered as Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) and Rural Health Clinics (RHC), replacing the previous method of reimbursing claims reported under individual FQHC/RHC employed practitioners by the capped fee-for-service fee schedule and annually reconciling to the PPS rate.
2 BHMP credentials include MD, DO, MD
3 BHP credentials include LISAC, LMSW, LAC
T1015 may be billed up to 3 times per day per member – once for behavioral health professional services, once for physical health professional services and once for dental professional services.

The AHCCCS FFS Provider Manual is attached for reference. Please click on the link to view in detail.

5.5 – FQHC PPS - Billing Resources
Additional information regarding FQHC PPS billing is available at the AHCCCS website as follows:

Fee for Service Provider Manual – Chapter 10 Addendum FQHC/RHC

Additional information regarding FQHC PPS billing is available at the CMS website as follows:

http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/FQHCPPS/index.html
CHAPTER 6 – SKILLED NURSING FACILITY CLAIMS

6.0 – Skilled Nursing Facilities General Information
In this section we are providing an overview of Skilled Nursing Facilities related to MC’s authorization requirements and claims payment rules. For additional information regarding Skilled Nursing Facilities, please refer to our Mercy Care Provider Manual Chapter 300 – Mercy Care Long Term Care (MCLTC) – Plan Specific Terms which also contains valuable information.

6.1 – Roles and Responsibilities
Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNF) and MC have defined roles and responsibilities necessary to provide quality services. The roles and responsibilities outlined below are intended to assist facilities in the delivery of quality care to MC and MCA members and to clarify processes that will facilitate prompt and accurate reimbursement for delivered covered services.

SNF Roles and Responsibilities
- **Obtain Authorization from MC for the following services:**
  - Sub-Acute Services (Skilled) - MC Concurrent Review Nurse (CRN)
  - Custodial Services (MCLTC) - MCLTC Case Manager
  - Specialty Levels of Care (wandering dementia, ventilator, high respiratory, behavioral health units) MCLTC Case Manager
  - Bed Holds (MCLTC) – MCLTC Case Manager
- **Communicate with MCLTC Case Manager**
  All MCLTC members are assigned to a MCLTC Case Manager. The SNF must communicate all changes in medical condition, level of care, hospitalizations, deaths, discharges, and presentation of 30 day notices to the Case Manager.
- **Submit Claims**
  - Submit claims meeting timeliness standards
  - Submit claims on correct billing forms
  - Manage accounts receivables by regularly checking Mercy Care Web Portal, the secured MC web portal. SNFs must register and receive a password to access this secured site. Additional information regarding the Mercy Care Web Portal is contained in the Provider Manuals.
  - Do not submit spreadsheets to Claims or Provider Relations, unless requested to do so by MC.
  - All resubmissions of claims must meet timeliness standards and be clearly marked as a resubmission, with blue or black ink, as indicated in the Provider Manual.
Follow appropriate appeal/resubmission steps as outlined in each plan’s Provider Manual with regard to any claim that cannot be resolved in order to maintain timely filing rights.

**Coordinate Discharge**
- Sub-Acute Stays (Skilled) – Coordinate with the MC Medical Management SNF CRN and the MCLTC Case Manager if the member is a MCLTC member.
- Custodial Stays (MCLTC) – Coordinate with MCLTC Case Manager.

**MC Roles and Responsibilities**
- **Respond to Authorization Requests in a Timely Manner**
  The Prior Authorization Department will respond to authorization requests within 24 hours of the request.
- **MCLTC Case Manager**
  - Each MCLTC member has an assigned case manager.
  - Case managers serve as a point of contact for member issues.
- **Claims Payment**
  - Claims will be paid timely.
  - Interest will be paid on MCLTC claims that are not paid within the timelines set forth by contract.
  - Adhere to state and federal guidelines when responding to claims disputes and follow appeals process.

### 6.2 – Skilled Nursing Facility Authorizations Requirements

MC requires prior authorization for selected acute outpatient services and planned hospital admissions.

Concurrent Review Nurses must authorize all skilled stays for MC and MCA skilled stays. The Concurrent Review Nurses also authorize custodial stays for all MC Members.

MCLTC case managers authorize custodial stays for all MCLTC members.

When requesting an authorization for a skilled stay for inpatient SNF admission, sufficient information must be provided or MC will not be able to generate the prior authorization. In order to expedite the prior authorization process, please be prepared to provide the following information when calling:
- Facility face sheet
- Admit date
• Admit diagnosis
• Which services will be rendered

When making a request for a continued authorization, please complete the request on the **Skilled Stay Continued Authorization Request Form**. It is available on the MC website at [www.MercyCareAZ.org](http://www.MercyCareAZ.org). Missing or inaccurate information may delay important processing of the review and ultimately, the payment of the claim. The request will be reviewed for clinical information to certify the continuation of the stay (intensity of need versus intensity of services being rendered).

The Continued Authorization Request Form must contain the following:
• Date of admission
• Diagnosis
• Reason for the admission
• Services the member receiving
• Plan of care
• Member baseline functional level (usually available by the second week PT/OT has completed the initial evaluation)
• Functional progress that has been made since last request in the space provided
• Estimated length of stay
• Discharge plan
• Status of MCPLTC application
• Status change

**MC – Acute Stay**
Medical management issues an authorization for the MC Acute members’ stay and the level of care for all skilled and all custodial stays.

AHCCCS policy states that AHCCCS members who have not been determined eligible for ALTCS are covered for up to 90 days of nursing facility coverage per contract year (October 1 – September 30). The 90 days of AHCCCS acute care coverage for SNF services begins on the day of admission, even if the member is insured by a third party insurance carrier, including Medicare.

SNFs should work with the member and their family to begin the ALTCS application procedure as quickly as possible.
• Sub-Acute (Skilled) Stay
  o The SNF calls the MC SNF Authorization Line at 602-263-3000 for initial authorization for
    SNF placement.
  o The SNF must have clinical information available for the authorization nurse or designee
to determine if admission meets sub-acute service.
  o The SNF nurse or designee will issue an authorization number to the SNF with an
    approved length of stay and level of care.
  o For continued stay requests, the SNF must fax to the SNF review line or call the SNF
    Authorization Line with clinical information to support continued stay.
  o The SNF can use their form or MCP’s [Skilled Stay Continued Authorization Request]
    Form to submit requests. This must be done at least 3 days prior to end date of
    authorization.
  o MC CRN or designee will render a decision within 24 hours of receipt of clinical
    information.
  o The purpose of concurrent review is to reach an agreement between MC and the SNF at
    the time the member is in the SNF.
  o If the SNF disagrees with the level of care or length of stay after the member has been
    discharged, the SNF must appeal.
  o If MC Acute secondary applies to Medicare Fee for Service (FFS) or another Medicare
    Advantage Plan or other primary insurance the following applies:
      ▪ No authorization is required for co-pay, co-insurance or deductible
      ▪ Claims need to be billed separately

• Custodial Stay
  o Medical Management issues the authorization and notifies the SNF.
  o MC Acute secondary to Medicare
    ▪ Authorization is entered if we are notified.
    ▪ Medical Management follows members for possible MCLTC transition (for
      tracking purposes only).

MCLTC/Non-Medicare

• Sub-Acute (Skilled) Stay
  o For new admissions from the hospital, Medical Management will notify SNF of sub-acute
    (skilled) stay and give level of care and authorization number.
  o For members currently in the nursing home who have had a change of treatment and
    now qualify for sub-acute level, the nursing home will call the assigned MCP CRN and
    provide substantiating information.
MCP’s SNF CRN will communicate with the MCLTC Case Manager when the member is no longer in a sub-acute (skilled) stay.

- **Custodial Stay and Specialty Units (Ventilator, Respiratory, Wandering Dementia Units, Behavioral Health Units)**
  - MCLTC Case Manager determines level of care based on supporting documentation.
  - MCLTC Case Manager creates an authorization and notifies SNF.
  - There is no secondary payor for custodial care. Other commercial carriers will not cover a custodial stay. MC pays 100% of contracted rate minus member’s Share of Cost (SOC).

**MCLTC/Medicare**

- **Sub-Acute (Skilled) Stay**
  - No authorization is required for co-pay, co-insurance or deductible.
  - Claims need to be billed separately.

- **Custodial Stay and Specialty Units (Ventilator, Respiratory, Wandering Dementia Units, Behavioral Health Units)**
  - MCLTC Case Manager determines level of care based on supporting documentation.
  - MCLTC Case Manager creates an authorization and notifies SNF.
  - There is no secondary payor for custodial care. Other commercial carriers will not cover a custodial stay. MC pays 100% of the contracted rate less member’s Share of Cost (SOC).

**MCA**

- **Sub-Acute (Skilled) Care**
  - The SNF calls the MC SNF Prior Authorization Line at 602-263-3000 for initial authorization for SNF placement.
  - The SNF must have clinical information available for the authorization nurse or designee to determine if admission meets sub-acute service.
  - The Concurrent Review Nurse or designee will issue an authorization number to the SNF at that time, with an approved length of stay.
  - SNF must give MCA the RUGS code after the MDS assessment is reviewed.
    - RUGS code must be given within 14 days of admission to skilled stay or at the point of discharge if the stay is less than 14 days.
    - Claims payment cannot be made if there is no RUGS code reported.
    - If the RUGS code changes within the stay of the member, the SNF must fax the SNF review line, 602-414-7252, with the updated RUGS code.
    - If a claim is billed with RUGS code(s) different than initially provided, the claim will deny.
For continued stay requests, the SNF must fax to the SNF review line or call the SNF prior authorization line with clinical information to support continued stay.

- The SNF may use their internal form or the MCA Skilled Stay Continued Authorization Request form to submit their request. This must be submitted at least 3 days prior to end date of authorization. MCA CRN or designee will render a decision within 24 hours of receipt of clinical information.
- After a determination has been made by MCA that the enrollee no longer meets the criteria and must be discharged, the SNF is responsible for serving the Notice of Medicare Non Coverage (NOMNC) to the enrollee at least 2 days in advance of the services ending and retain the NOMNC in their records.
- If an enrollee decides to appeal the discharge, the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) will contact the plan asking for medical records supporting the discharge decision and MCA is required to provide those records by the end of the day of request.
- If the QIO overturns the appeal, the QIO will notify MCA of the discharge date for the enrollee and MCA is responsible for payment through that date. If QIO concurs with MCA, the enrollee is financially responsible if he/she chooses to remain in the facility beyond the discharge date.
- MC is responsible for co-insurance, co-pay or deductible.
  - No authorization is required
  - SNF must bill with appropriate Medicaid revenue code(s)

6.3 – Skilled Nursing Facility Bed Hold Authorizations and Claims Billing
Payment for bed-hold authorization will require approval by a MCLTC Case Manager. It is important to note that bed holds must be billed on a separate claim form from their SNF stay, using a UB-04. An example of this would be a member is in a SNF from 1/1/15 – 1/31/15, however, on 1/15/15 – 1/20/15, they were hospitalized. We would need three claims submitted as follows:

1/1/15 – 1/14/15 – Normal SNF Billing on a UB-04
1/15/15 – 1/20/15 – Bed Hold Days Billing on a UB-04
1/21/15 – 1/31/15 – Normal SNF Billing on a UB-04

Since these are covered under separate authorizations, they require separate claims.

The facility must provide the reason for the bed hold and the anticipated length of leave. There are two types of leave that can be authorized for a bed hold for MCLTC members; short term hospitalization leave and therapeutic leave. Members under the age of 21 may use any
combination of bed hold days and therapeutic leave days per contract year with a limit of 21 days per contract year (October 1 – September 30).

- **Short Term Hospitalization Leave**
  A bed hold may be authorized when short-term hospitalization is medically necessary. The total number of days available for each member over the age of 21 is limited to 12 days per contract year (October 1 – September 30).

- **Therapeutic Leave**
  This service may be authorized due to a therapeutic home visit to enhance psychosocial interaction or on a trial basis as part of discharge planning. The total number of therapeutic leave days available for each member over the age of 21 is limited to 9 days per contract year (October 1 – September 30).

### 6.4 - Durable Medical Equipment

All durable medical equipment (DME) is included in the SNF per diem rate except for customized equipment and specialty beds.

- **Customized Equipment** - Customized DME may be provided to members by a contracted MC DME provider if the items are ordered by the member’s primary care provider and authorized by MC.

- **Specialty Mattresses** - A specialty mattress such as a low air loss or high air loss mattress must be medically necessary and requires prior authorization. SNFs must obtain prior authorization through the MC Prior Authorization Department.

- **Specialty Beds** – Hill-Rom is the maker of Clinitron Beds (many models). Hill-Rom no longer bills Managed Care/Insurance Payors.
  - When a doctor orders an Air Fluidized Bed, any DME provider that supplies Air Fluidized Beds (Any Brand even Hill-Rom Brands) can fill that request as long as Prior Authorization is received from Mercy Care.
    - Most DME providers bill Mercy Care directly.
    - If a DME provider does not bill Mercy Care and is supplying the bed to a Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF), then there is a way the SNF can bill the Mercy Care for the cost of the bed and then directly reimburse the DME vendor by invoice.

- **Routine equipment** is included in the per diem paid to the SNF and should be provided by the SNF. This includes bariatric durable medical equipment.

Some of the more common DME items used are listed below. This list is not all-inclusive and serves as general reference only. Any DME items not listed require Prior Authorization.
## DME in a Nursing Facility

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>MCA Non-Custodial</th>
<th>MCA Custodial</th>
<th>Acute/ALTCS/DDD Non-Custodial</th>
<th>Acute/ALTCS/DDD Custodial</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air Fluidized Bed (i.e. Clinitron) and Powered Air Flotation Bed</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>See above instructions regarding Clinitron beds. Authorization required.</td>
<td>See above instructions regarding Clinitron beds. Authorization required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bariatric Bed, Wheelchair, etc.</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in Bariatric per diem rate. Other per diem rates: Separately payable to DME company with authorization</td>
<td>Included in Bariatric per diem rate. Other per diem rates: Separately payable to DME company with authorization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedside Commode</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cane/Crutches</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cushions</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feeding Pumps</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foot Cradles</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geri-Chairs (Non-Customized)</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## GENERAL CLAIMS/BILLING GUIDELINES FOR ALL PLANS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>MCA Non-Custodial</th>
<th>MCA Custodial</th>
<th>Acute/ALTCS/DDD Non-Custodial</th>
<th>Acute/ALTCS/DDD Custodial</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glucose Monitors (i.e. Accu-Chek)</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating/Cooling Pads</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital Beds (Electric &amp; Manual)</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV Pole</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Covered under Part B when used in conjunction with Enterals</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifts</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Misc. Supplies – emesis basins, bed pans, catheters, surgical dressings, etc.</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Part B: Enterals, gravity kits, syringe kits, pump kits, tubes, pumps, dressings, parenteral nutrition, trach supplies, osteomy supplies, catheters</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nebulizer</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>MCA Non-Custodial</th>
<th>MCA Custodial</th>
<th>Acute/ALTCS/DDD Non-Custodial</th>
<th>Acute/ALTCS/DDD Custodial</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Powered Pressure-Reducing Air Mattress (Alternating), Other mattresses, mattress overlays and/or pads</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suction Machine</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walker</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheelchairs (All Non-Customized)</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
<td>Included in per diem rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheelchairs (Customized)</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Separately payable to DME company with authorization</td>
<td>Separately payable to DME company with authorization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wound Vac.</td>
<td>Included in per diem or RUG rate</td>
<td>Not covered in SNF</td>
<td>Separately payable to DME company with authorization</td>
<td>Separately payable to DME company with authorization</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*For MCA – If a facility is licensed for skilled care then the services for DME are not covered even if the member is in a custodial stay.

**6.5 – Therapy Authorizations and Claims Payment**

When MC, MCLTC or MCA is the primary payor, the SNF must use contracted therapy providers. Therapies do not require prior authorization while in a SNF. For a listing of contracted therapy providers, please visit the MC Provider Directory located on our website under [Find A Provider](#).
MC Acute Stay
All covered therapy services are included in the per diem rate. The SNF must arrange or provide covered therapy services for MC Acute members residing in its facility.

MCLTC Stay
Covered therapy services are included in the per diem rate. The SNF should arrange or provide covered therapy services for MCLTC members residing in its facility.

MCLTC members may receive covered therapy services more than once per day.

MCA
- When a SNF is paid under PDPM, therapies are included in the RUGS reimbursement.
- For SNFs outside of Maricopa County on per diem contracts, therapy is included as part of the per diem rate.

Medicare Exception: The only exception to this is when traditional Medicare is the primary payor but there is no Medicare Part A Coverage. Those claims will need to be split on two claims between inpatient services and the ancillary therapy services. This is due to the fact that Medicare pays for Part B ancillary services when there is no Part A coverage. You should bill Medicare for the Medicare Part B covered services. Once you receive Medicare’s Explanation of Benefits, submit the claim with the Medicare EOB separate from the Medicare non-covered inpatient stay.

6.6 – Insertion of PICC Lines
MC pays for PICC line insertion. The physician/nurse practitioner who administers the PICC line must be AHCCCS registered. The Skilled Nursing Facility should not bill directly for this service.

6.7 - Share of Cost
Share of Cost (SOC) is the dollar amount a member must contribute toward the cost of their care and typically applies to MCLTC members residing in SNFs. The amount of the SOC is determined by AHCCCS. The member is notified of this amount and the SOC is paid to the facility by either the member or their representative, regardless of payment received from other payors or insurance. Additional information regarding SOC includes:
- SOC begins on the first day of the month following placement of the member but may start at a later date depending on AHCCCS processes. SOC is the first money used towards the per diem. SOC is not prorated for partial months.
- One hundred percent (100%) of the SOC for the month of discharge is refunded by the SNF to the member upon discharge if the member is discharged to the community.
If the member is discharged to another SNF, the SOC amount will be applied to the per diem rate for the days the member was in the first facility. If any SOC money remains, this money should be applied to the second SNF.

If the member or the member’s designated payee fails to pay the member’s SOC within the facility’s established time requirements, the facility should proceed with its usual collection methods (i.e., reminder telephone call), and notify the case manager.

If payment is 30 days overdue, the facility shall contact the MCLTC case manager and will also contact the member and/or representative and send a collection letter.

### 6.8 – Prior Period Coverage

Prior Period Coverage refers to the period of time from the effective date of AHCCCS eligibility to the day before the member is enrolled with the program contractor. MC is retroactively liable for payment of covered services received by the member during Prior Period Coverage. In addition:

- AHCCCS is solely responsible for determining if a member is eligible for Prior Period Coverage and also in assigning the Prior Period Coverage eligibility dates.
- MC is not responsible for payment of non-covered services during the Prior Period Coverage period.
- SNFs should refer to the AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual, Chapter 300, Policy 310 of the Medical Policy for AHCCCS Covered Services.

### 6.9 – General Claim Submission Guidelines

**MCLTC/MC Acute**

- MC shall compensate the SNF according to their contract for the provision of Covered Services to eligible members. Reimbursement and service descriptions are also found in the contract with MC.
- Claims for skilled or custodial stays should be billed on a UB-04 claim form.
- Levels of Care are determined as follows:
  - The appropriate level of care will be determined by the MC Concurrent Review Nurse utilizing MC criteria.
  - All Covered Therapy Services are included in the per diem rate. The SNF shall arrange or provide Covered Therapy Services for members while residing in its facility.
  - Pharmacy is not included in the per diem rate. The SNF shall use a contracted pharmacy to obtain medications.
  - Daily documentation in the medical chart of continued need for sub-acute level of care is required.
  - The SNF must notify MC Staff within 24 hours when a member no longer requires sub-acute level of care services.
Levels of Care are defined as follows:

- **Level I – Custodial** - Member must be pending ALTCS eligibility. Additionally, the member must be awaiting surgery, on tube feeding or oxygen dependent (or identified as new occurrence of need). Level I may include up to one hour per day of therapy (PT/OT/ST).

- **Level II - Sub-Acute** - This includes all components of Level I plus any combination of the following must be provided; simple wound care, administration of IV fluids or antibiotics, small volume nebulizer (at 5 or greater) or any therapy up to 2 hours per day (PT/OT/ST). Please note that Level II or greater may go to a Level III.

- **Level III - Intensive Sub-Acute** - This includes all components of Level I and II, plus any combination of the following must be provided: complex wound care/decubitus, total parenteral nutrition or tracheotomy care or any therapy up to 3 hours per day (PT/OT/ST). An RN charge nurse is required to be on the station where the Level III members are located 24 hours a day.

- **Level IV - Vent Care/Dialysis** - This includes all components of Level I, II and III, plus ventilator with tracheotomy care or dialysis on site.

**Billing for a Skilled Stay (Acute)**

Billing for a Skilled Stay incorporates the following criteria:
- Must require skilled nursing (6 days/week) and/or skilled rehabilitation (5 days/week).
- Must be ordered by a physician.

Revenue Codes 0191-0194 will be used for skilled care stays and billed in accordance with the authorization received:
- 0191 – Level I
- 0192 – Level II
- 0193 – Level III
- 0194 – Level IV

**Billing for a Custodial Care Stay**

A Custodial Care Stay incorporates the following criteria:
- Non-medical assistance -- either at home or in a nursing or assisted-living facility -- with the activities of daily life (such as bathing, eating, dressing, using the toilet) for someone who's unable to fully perform those activities without help.
Revenue Codes 0191-0194 will also be used for custodial care stays and billed in accordance with the authorization received:
- 0191 – Level I
- 0192 – Level II
- 0193 – Level III
- 0194 – Level IV
- 0199 - Respite or LOA’s (manually priced)
- 0183-0185 - Bed Holds (no changes)

**Condition Code 63 in the authorization issued by Case Management will identify the level of care as custodial:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old Description</th>
<th>Old Service Codes</th>
<th>New Service Codes &amp; Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOC 1</td>
<td>081</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOC 2</td>
<td>082</td>
<td>0192 LOC 2 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOC 3</td>
<td>083</td>
<td>0193 LOC 3 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Respiratory Services</td>
<td>071/080</td>
<td>0194 LOC 4 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Condition Code 62 in the authorization issued by Case Management will identify the level of care as behavioral health or a more complex member:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old Description</th>
<th>Old Service Codes</th>
<th>New Service Codes &amp; Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wandering Dementia</td>
<td>073</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Complex CC Wandering Dementia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH Troublesome</td>
<td>077</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Complex CC 62 BH III - T Troublesome</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH Stepdown</td>
<td>076</td>
<td>0192 LOC 2 Complex CC 62 BH II - Stepdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH Standard</td>
<td>075</td>
<td>0193 LOC 3 Complex CC 62 BH I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH High Acuity</td>
<td>074</td>
<td>0194 LOC 4 Complex CC 62 BH High Acuity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Value code A8 in the authorization issued by Case Management will identify the level of care as bariatric:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old Description</th>
<th>Old Service Codes</th>
<th>New Service Codes &amp; Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bariatric</td>
<td>070</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Bariatric VC A8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bariatric Level II</td>
<td>072</td>
<td>0192 LOC 2 Bariatric VC A8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Condition Code 71 in the authorization issued by Case Management will identify the level of care as staff assisted dialysis:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old Description</th>
<th>Old Service Codes</th>
<th>New Service Codes &amp; Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Staff Assist Dialysis</td>
<td>079</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Staff Assisted Dialysis CC71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Authorization Crosswalk**

Always check with your Case Manager if you have any questions regarding the level of care authorized.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Previous Description</th>
<th>Previous Revenue Codes</th>
<th>After Date of Service 1/1/17, Coding and Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOC 1</td>
<td>0081</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wandering Dementia</td>
<td>0073</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Complex CC 62 Wandering Dementia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH Troublesome</td>
<td>0077</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Complex CC 62 BH III – Troublesome</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bariatric Level 1</td>
<td>0070</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Bariatric VC A8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Assist Dialysis</td>
<td>0079</td>
<td>0191 LOC 1 Staff Assisted Dialysis CC71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOC 2</td>
<td>0082</td>
<td>0192 LOC 2 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH Stepdown</td>
<td>0076</td>
<td>0192 LOC 2 Complex CC 62 BH II – Stepdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bariatric Level 2</td>
<td>0072</td>
<td>0192 LOC 2 Bariatric VC A8 (Permission needed to use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Acute Level 3</td>
<td>0193</td>
<td>0193 LOC 3 Sub-Acute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOC 3</td>
<td>0083</td>
<td>0193 LOC 3 Custodial CC 63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH Standard</td>
<td>0075</td>
<td>0193 LOC 3 Complex CC 62 BH I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vent</td>
<td>0194</td>
<td>0194 LOC 4 Vent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Respiratory Services</td>
<td>0071/0080</td>
<td>0194 LOC 4 Custodial CC 63 High Respiratory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BH High Acuity</td>
<td>0074</td>
<td>0194 LOC 4 Complex CC 62 BH High Acuity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNF Respite</td>
<td>0199</td>
<td>0199 Respite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Helpful Information**

- Revenue Codes 0191-0194 are to be used for all levels of care.
- Condition/value codes will be included in all new authorization descriptions as well as the revenue code.
- Condition/value codes are **NOT** mandatory on the claims billed. This will require manual intervention on our part to process the claim. If the authorization indicates a condition/value code and it is not billed by the SNF, MC will use the authorization to price the claim manually or through an IT process.
• **IF** SNFs bill the condition/value code on the claim, the claim will process faster without manual intervention, which means faster payment to the provider.

**MCA**
• MCA submission of claims is based on the terms of the MCA contract for RUGS reimbursement.
• The secondary claims for MC Acute services will automatically cross over. You only need to bill the services once.
• Claims for RUGS reimbursement should be billed on a UB-04 claim form.
CHAPTER 7 – INTEGRATED CLINICS

An Integrated Clinic is a provider licensed by the Arizona Department of Health Services as an Outpatient Treatment Center which provides both behavioral health services and physical health services.

For the contracting year October 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017 (Contract Year Ending (CYE) 2017), providers which are registered with AHCCCS as Integrated Clinics1 (IC) during CYE 2017 may qualify for a Value Based Payment (VBP) Differential Adjusted Rate for selected services for those dates of service in CYE 2017 that coincide with the provider’s registration as an Integrated Clinic. The VBP Differential Adjusted Fee Schedule, which represents a positive adjustment to the AHCCCS Fee-For-Service rates, distinguishes providers who have committed to supporting designated actions that improve patients’ care experience, improve members’ health, and reduce cost of care growth. This fee schedule is currently limited to dates of service in CYE 2017. MC has implemented this required change by AHCCCS.

VBP Differential Adjusted Rates will be paid for select physical health services and will provide an increase of 10% over the AHCCCS Fee-For-Service rates for the same services. MC, as well as Mercy Maricopa Integrated Care is also required to provide a 10% increase over their contracted rates as well. Physical health services which qualify for the increase include Evaluation and Management (E&M) codes, vaccine administration codes, and a global obstetric code, which are all allowable as of April 1, 2016 for providers registered with AHCCCS as Integrated Clinics. The specific list of codes which are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>59400</td>
<td>Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy and/or forceps) and postpartum care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90471</td>
<td>Immunization administration (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous or intramuscular injections; 1 vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90472</td>
<td>Immunization administration (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous or intramuscular injections; each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90473</td>
<td>Immunization administration by intranasal or oral route; 1 vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90474</td>
<td>Immunization administration by intranasal or oral route; each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99201</td>
<td>New patient office or other outpatient visit, typically 10 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99202</td>
<td>New patient office or other outpatient visit, typically 20 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99203</td>
<td>New patient office or other outpatient visit, typically 30 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99204</td>
<td>New patient office or other outpatient visit, typically 45 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99205</td>
<td>New patient office or other outpatient visit, typically 60 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99211</td>
<td>Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient, typically 5 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99212</td>
<td>Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient, typically 10 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99213</td>
<td>Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient, typically 15 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99214</td>
<td>Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient, visit typically 25 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99215</td>
<td>Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient, visit typically 40 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99243</td>
<td>Patient office consultation, typically 40 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99244</td>
<td>Patient office consultation, typically 60 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99245</td>
<td>Patient office consultation, typically 80 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99381</td>
<td>Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management of an individual, including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedure, new patient; infant (age younger than 1 year)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99382</td>
<td>Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management of an individual, including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedure, new patient; early childhood (age 1 through 4 years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99383</td>
<td>Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management of an individual, including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedure, new patient; late childhood (age 5 through 11 years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99384</td>
<td>Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management of an individual, including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedure, new patient; adolescent (age 12 through 17 years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99385</td>
<td>Initial comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation and management of an individual, including an age and gender appropriate history, examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedure, new patient; 18 through 39 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
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<tr>
<td>99391</td>
<td>Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the</td>
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<td></td>
<td>ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedures, established patient, infant</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(age less than 1 year)</td>
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<td>99392</td>
<td>Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an</td>
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<td></td>
<td>individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination,</td>
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<td>counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the</td>
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<td></td>
<td>ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedures, established patient, early</td>
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<td></td>
<td>childhood (age 1 through 4 years)</td>
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<tr>
<td>99393</td>
<td>Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an</td>
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<td></td>
<td>individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedures, established patient, late</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>childhood (age 5 through 11 years)</td>
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<tr>
<td>99394</td>
<td>Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an</td>
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<td></td>
<td>individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the</td>
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<td></td>
<td>ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedures, established patient, adolescent</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(age 12 through 17 years)</td>
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<tr>
<td>99395</td>
<td>Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an</td>
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<td></td>
<td>individual including an age and gender appropriate history, examination,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and the</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ordering of laboratory/diagnosis procedures, established patient, age 18</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>through 39 years</td>
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<tr>
<td>99403</td>
<td>Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>provided to an individual (separate procedure; approximately 45 minutes)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

In order to qualify for the above, providers must register as an integrated clinic with AHCCCS. When billing claims for payment, providers must submit their integrated clinic NPI in box 24J (or appropriate box for electronic submissions) for the claims to pay at the appropriate rate.
CHAPTER 8 – TRANSPLANT CLAIMS

This section offers general guidance to providers regarding the billing of transplant claims for MC. For additional detail, please refer to the following AHCCCS information:

- AHCCCS Fee-For-Service Provider Manual – Chapter 24
- AHCCCS Medical Policy Manual – Chapter 300 – 310DD – Covered Transplants and Related Immunosuppressant Medications

MC covers medically necessary transplants for members. In order to be covered, a transplant must be medically necessary, not experimental, and not for the purposes of research. Transplant services must be reimbursable on both a federal and state level.

Although transplant coverage is limited for individuals age 21 and older (adults), MC covers all medically necessary, non-experimental transplants for individuals under the age of 21 under the EPSDT Program.

Transplant services are excluded for individuals who are only eligible for emergency services under the Federal Emergency Services Program.

Transplant services are covered only when performed in specific settings:

- Solid organ transplantation services must be provided in a CMS certified and UNOS approved transplant center which meets the Medicare conditions for participation and special requirements for transplant centers delineated in 42 CFR Part 482.
- Hematopoietic stem cell transplant services must be provided in a facility that has achieved Foundation for the Accreditation of Cellular Therapy (FACT) accreditation. The facility must also satisfy the Medicare conditions of participation and any additional federal requirements for transplant facilities.

The negotiated specialty contract is held between the provider and AHCCCS and specifies the inpatient, outpatient, and ancillary services that are included and the payment amount to be received for the services provided.

PCPs or Specialists will refer a member to the Transplant Center. The Transplant Center will contact MC to request prior authorization via the following fax number:

**MC Fax: 855-671-5914**
MC’s Transplant Coordinator will review all prior authorization requests for all transplant service billing components for members enrolled with MC.

MC will issue a written decision approving or denying the authorization request within fourteen (14) days from receipt of a complete request for non-emergent services. In the case of emergent requests, the written decision will be provided within three (3) days of the request. Authorizations are input into QNXT by component.

The provider (facility that meets above specified settings) will submit a packet of all individual claims for all transplant related services as a transplant service billing component, along with the Transplant Invoice Coversheet directly to MC at the following address:

Mercy Care  
Attention: Claims Transplant Coordinator  
Cost Containment Unit  
4500 E. Cotton Center Blvd.  
Phoenix, AZ 85040

The payment amount is based on the specialty contract held by AHCCCS and will be made directly to the facility. The facility is then responsible for paying individual providers for their services. Other claims attached to the component will be entered into QNXT but will pay $0.00.

The provider is responsible for billing MC within six (6) months of the end date of each of the transplant service billing components. Timeliness of the claim submission for each billing component of the transplant will be based on the submission date for the complete set of claims related to the component. Claims initially received beyond the six (6) month time frame will be denied. If a claim is originally received within the six (6) month time frame, MC has up to twelve (12) months from the end date of the billing component to resubmit the claim and achieve clean claim status or to adjust a previously processed claim. If a claim does not achieve clean claim status or is not adjudicated correctly within twelve (12) months of the end date of the billing component, MC is not liable for payment.

All medically necessary services provided to the transplant recipient that are related to the transplant should be billed using the appropriate diagnosis codes, CPT codes, HCPCS procedure codes, and revenue codes to meet clean claim status.

MCA Transplant Claims
This section offers general guidance to providers regarding the billing of transplant claims for MCA. For additional detail, please refer to:

**Medicare's Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 3 – Inpatient Hospital Billing, Section 90 – Billing Transplant Services**

PCPs or Specialists will refer a member to the Transplant Center. The Transplant Center will contact MCA to request prior authorization via the following fax number:

**MCA Fax: 855-671-5914**

MCA Transplant Coordinator will review all prior authorization requests for members enrolled with MCA.

MCA will issue a written decision approving or denying the authorization request within fourteen (14) days from receipt of a complete request for non-emergent services. In the case of emergent requests, the written decision will be provided within three (3) days of the request. Authorizations are input into our claims processing system.

MCA should be billed directly and the claims will be paid at either the CMS rates for non-contracted providers or per their contracted rate.

All medically necessary services provided to the transplant recipient that are related to the transplant should be billed using the appropriate diagnosis codes, CPT codes, HCPCS codes, and revenue codes to meet clean claim status.
CHAPTER 9 – NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDER REGISTRATION

Per the AHCCCS website, any person or company may participate as an AHCCCS provider if the person or company is qualified to render a covered service and complies with AHCCCS policies and procedures for provider participation.

All providers of AHCCCS-covered services (either Fee-For-Service or managed care) must meet the following requirements:

- Register with the AHCCCS Administration which requires signing the Provider Agreement that includes Federal requirements under 42 CFR Part 431.107.
- Meet AHCCCS requirements for professional licensure, certification or registration.
- Complete all applicable registration forms.
- Institutions (companies/facilities) are required to pay an enrollment fee, effective January 1, 2012.
- Specific provider types will require an OIG site visit prior to enrollment, and are subject to unannounced post enrollment site visits (Required Fee and-or Site Visit by Provider Type).

In accordance with the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, Section 6085, contractors, including MC, is required to reimburse non-contracted emergency services providers at no more than the AHCCCS Fee-For-Service rate. This applies to in state as well as out of state providers. In accordance with Arizona Revised Statute 36-2903 and 36-2904, in the absence of a written negotiated rate, MC is required to reimburse non-contracted non-emergent in state providers at the AHCCCS fee schedule and methodology, or pursuant to 36-2905.01, at ninety-five percent of the AHCCCS Fee-For-Service rates for urban hospital days. All payments are subject to other limitations that apply, such as provider registration, prior authorization, medical necessity, and covered service.

Non-participating providers have the option of registering their group with AHCCCS, versus an individual physician. If the non-participating provider wants individual checks to go to each provider within a group, they don’t have to register a group payment provider. However, if they choose to have one check made to the group entity, then they will need to register the group NPI in addition to the individual physician NPI.

If the group or individual we pay is a “Doing Business As”, they must be registered with AHCCCS and their W-9 record provided must match the Tax Identification Number (TIN) registration with the IRS, as the owner of the TIN.
Please feel free to visit the [AHCCCS Provider Registration](#) web page which includes the following information:

- Provider Reenrollment
- AHCCCS Provider Registration Enrollment Fee
- AHCCCS Provider Registration Packets
- AHCCCS Enrollment Application Fee

MC cannot process a claim if a provider is not registered through AHCCCS for MC. Providers do not need an AHCCCS ID for MVS. Below are other important guidelines to keep in mind.

- Urgent/emergent services are payable as long as the provider is AHCCCS registered. Please follow the Out of State/One-Time Waiver of Registration Requirements.
- Non-emergent/non-urgent services are only payable if the provider is AHCCCS registered and the provider has attained prior authorization from MC.
- Any and all services provided by a non-par provider are not payable without a valid prior authorization from MC.
- A non-participating provider who is part of a contracted group must be credentialed and contracted in order to see MC members.
- Out of state providers, while subject to interest payment rules, are not subject to prompt payment discounts.
- Medicare certification is required in order to make MCA payments, along with a valid active NPI. Prior authorization rules apply.