הַמַּבִּיר אֶת־מִקוֹמוֹ, through knowing one's place, וָהַשָּׁמֵחַ בִּחֶלְקוֹ, through finding joy in one's lot, וָהָעוֹשֶּׂה סִיָג לִדְבָרִיוּ, through making a fence about one's words, וָאֵינוֹ מַחֲזִיק טוֹבָה לְעַצְמוֹ, through not crediting one's own successes, אהוב, through being beloved, אוֹהֶב אֵת־הַמַּקוֹם, through loving God, אוֹהֵב אֶת־הַבְּרִיּוֹת, through loving humanity, אוֹהֵב אֵת־הַצְּדָקוֹת, through loving justice, אוֹהֶב אֵת־הַמֵּישַׁרִים, through loving honesty, אוֹהֶב אֵת־הַתּוֹכַחוֹת, through welcoming criticism, וּמָתְרַחֵק מִן הַכַּבוֹד, through shunning honors, וָלֹא מֵגִים לְבוֹ בְּתַלְמוּדוֹ, through not becoming arrogant because of one's studies, וָאֵינוֹ שַּׁמֵחַ בַּהוֹרַאַה, through not being joyful in decision-making, נושא בעל עם חברו, through sharing in another's burdens, וּמַכְרִיעוֹ לְכַף זְכוּת, through judging others favorably, וֹמַעַמִידוֹ עַל הַאֵמַת, through insisting on truth, וּמַעֲמִידוֹ עַל הַשַּׁלוֹם, through insisting on peace, וּמִתִישֵׁב לְבוֹ בָתַלְמוּדוֹ, through settling one's mind in study, שואל ומשיב, through asking questions and responding to questions, שומע ומוסיף, through listening and adding to the conversation, הַלּוֹמֵד עַל מִנָת לְלַמֵּד, through learning in order to teach, ְוָהַלּוֹמֵד עַל מְנָת לַעֲשׁוֹת, through learning in order to do, הַמַּחָכִּים אֵת־רַבּוֹ, through bringing new understanding to one's teachers, וָהַמִּבֵוּן אֵת־שִׁמוּעַתוּ, through being precise in reporting what one has learned, וָהָאוֹמֵר דַּבַר through reporting sayings in בִּשָׁם אוֹמָרוֹ. the speaker's name.

ADDITIONAL PASSAGES OF STUDY

בְּדוֹלָה תוֹרָה יוֹתֵר מִן הַבְּהָנָּה וּמִן הַמַּלְכוּת, שֶׁהַמַּלְכוּת ָּנְקְנֵית בִּשְׁלֹשִׁים מַעֲלוֹת, וְהַבְּהָנָּה נִקְנֵית בְּעֶשְׂרִים ָאַרְבָּעָה, וְהַתּוֹרָה נִקְנֵית בְּאַרְבָּעִים וּשְׁמוֹנָה דְבָרִים.

ואלו הן:

Torah is greater than the priesthood or royalty, for kingship is acquired through thirty qualities and the priesthood through twenty-four, but Torah is acquired through forty-eight:

through study, בָתַלִמוּד, through a listening ear, בִּשְׁמִיעַת הָאֹנֶן, through careful use of speech, בעריכת שַּׁפַתַיִם, through an understanding heart, בבינת הַלֶב, through insight, בשכלות הלב, through fear, בָּאֵימָה, through awe, בִירָאָה, through humility, בַּעֲנָוָה, through joy, בִשִּׁמְחַה, through attending to scholars, בשמוש חבבים, through considered discussion בִּדְקְדּוּק חֲבֵרִים, with companions, through challenging exchanges בפלפול הַתַּלְמִידִים,

with students, through equanimity, בישוב, through biblical studies, בָּמִקְרָא, through study of the Mishnah, בִּמִשְׁנָה, through minimizing sleep, בַּמְעוּט שֻנָה, through minimizing idle conversation. במעוט שיחה, through minimizing desires, במעוט תענוג, through minimizing frivolity, בַּמְעוּט שַחוּק, through patience, בַּאַרֶךְ אַפַּיִם, through a good heart, בַלב טוב, through trust in scholars,

through acceptance of suffering,

TORAH IS GREATER בְּדוֹלֵה תוֹרַה. The ancient rabbis said that there are three crowns: the crown of priesthood, the crown of kingship, and the crown of Torah (Pirkei Avot 4:17).

THIRTY QUALITIES בַּשְׁלֹשִׁים תַּעֲלוֹת. The thirty qualities recommended for a king are listed in the minor tractate Kallah Rabbati (5:6).

TWENTY-FOUR עֲשִׂרִים וְאַרְבָּעָה. There are twentyfour rituals that only priests can perform.

Pirkei Avot 6:6

פרקי אבות ו:ו

בַאַמוּנַת חֲכַמִים,

בַּקבַלַת הַיִּסוּרִין,